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FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD

OF

State Commissioners of Public Charities

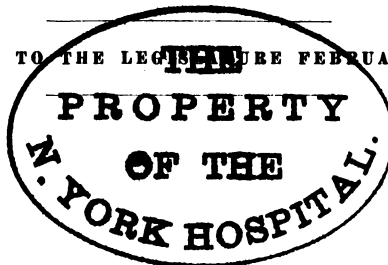
OF THE

STATE OF NEW YORK,

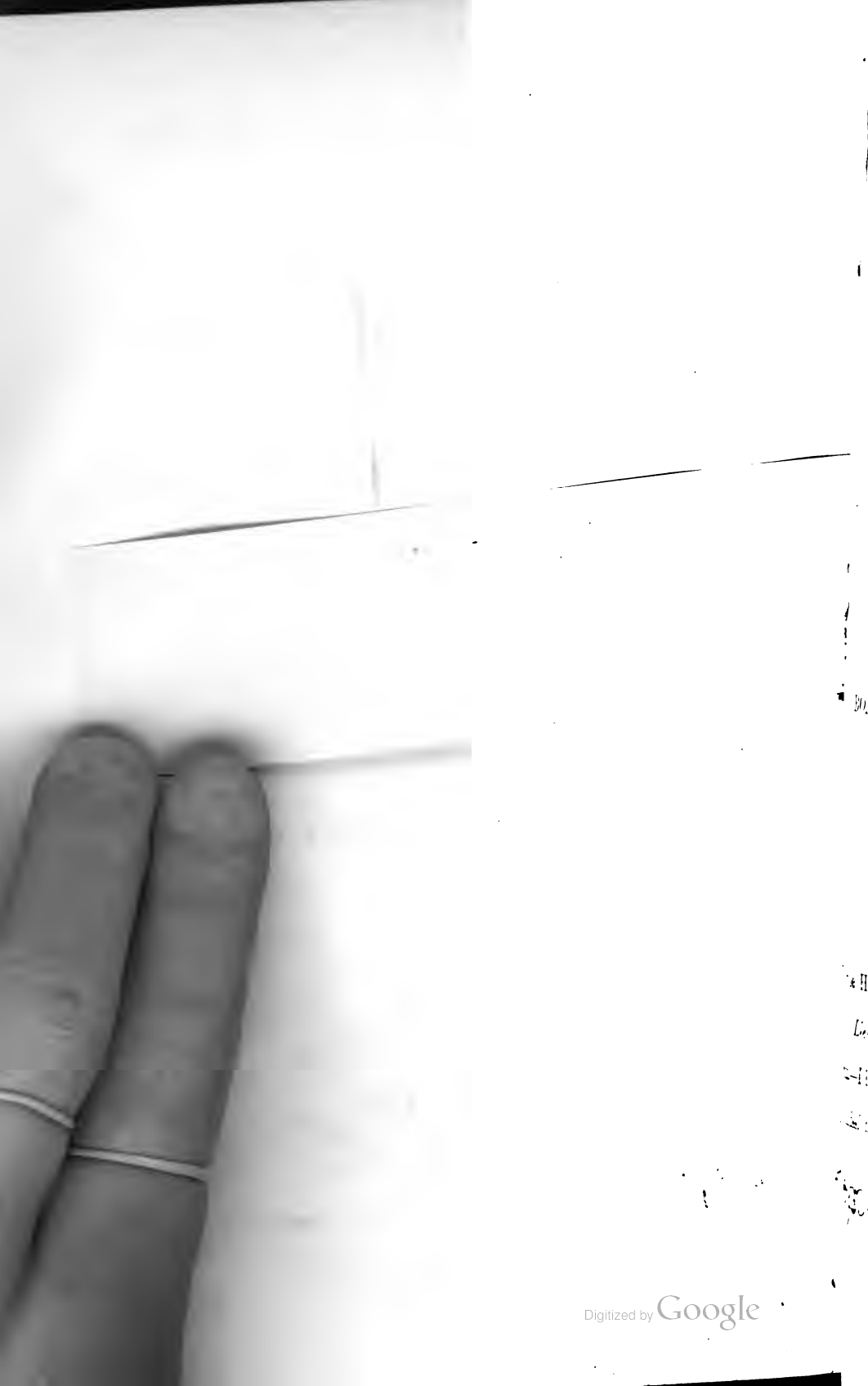
TO WHICH IS APPENDED

THE REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF THE BOARD.

TRANSMITTED TO THE LEGISLATURE FEBRUARY 18, 1871.



ALBANY:
THE ARGUS COMPANY, PRINTERS
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STATE OF NEW YORK.

No. 70.

IN SENATE,

February 13, 1871.

FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF STATE COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC
CHARITIES.

STATE OF NEW YORK:

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC CHARITIES, }
ALBANY, *February* 13, 1871. }

To the Honorable ALLEN C. BEACH,

Lieutenant-Governor and President of the Senate:

SIR.—I herewith transmit the Fourth Annual Report of the State
Commissioners of Public Charities to the Legislature.

Yours, with great respect,

JOHN V. L. PRUYN,

President of the Board.

2073943

OFFICERS OF THE BOARD.

PRESIDENT,
JOHN V. L. PRUYN.

VICE-PRESIDENT,
THEODORE W. DWIGHT.

SECRETARY,
CHAS. S. HOYT.

PRESENT AND PAST MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

(PAST MEMBERS IN ITALIC.)

Date of appointment.	Name.	Judicial district.	Residence.	Term expires.
January 20, 1869	Nathan Bishop	First	New York city	January 20, 1873.
January 15, 1868	Harvey G. Eastman	Second	Poughkeepsie	January 15, 1872.
January 15, 1868	John V. L. Pruyt	Third	Albany	January 15, 1871.
January 15, 1868	Edward W. Foster	Fourth	Potsdam	January 15, 1870.
January 15, 1868	Theodore W. Dwight	Fifth	Clinton	January 15, 1875.
January 15, 1868	Samuel F. Miller	Sixth	Franklin	January 15, 1874.
January 15, 1868	Martin B. Anderson	Seventh	Rochester	January 15, 1876.
January 15, 1868	<i>Fred. H. James</i>	Eighth	Lancaster	January 15, 1869.
January 15, 1869	Sandford Eastman	Eighth	Buffalo	January 15, 1877.

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REPORT.

The Board of State Commissioners of Public Charities respectfully submit the following as their fourth annual

REPORT:

In conformity with the design originally formed by the board of obtaining, by direct visitation and inspection, a thorough acquaintance with the actual condition and management of all the public charities of the State before venturing to offer any suggestions relating to their possible improvement, a resolution was adopted at a meeting held in Albany July 1st, 1870, instructing the secretary to visit the State and local institutions, and afterward, all remaining incorporated institutions. This duty having now been most thoroughly discharged, and the secretary's report, hereto appended, giving the particular details of the same, reference may be made to this for further information.

DIVISIONS OF THE REPORT.

The same order of arrangement as in previous reports has been followed by the board, as supplying the most natural classification of our State charities, viz. :

- I. State Charities.
- II. Local Charities.
- III. Incorporated Charities.

PART I—STATE CHARITIES.

There are ten institutions embraced in six classes, as follows :

1. Institutions for the insane.
2. Institutions for the blind.
3. Institutions for the deaf and dumb.
4. Institutions for idiots.
5. Institutions for inebriates.
6. Institutions for reforming juvenile delinquents.

Table *first* in the appendix to the secretary's report gives a list of the several State institutions, their location, date of opening, name and date of appointments of the present superintendents, and the names of the officers of the board of trustees or managers.

Table *second*, shows the capacity and cost of the buildings of the several State institutions. By this, it will be perceived that they furnish accommodations for 4,045 persons ; that the aggregate cost of construction was \$4,164,880.45, and the approximate cost, per inmate, about \$1,029. This amount is rendered thus large, by the exceptional cost of construction of the State Inebriate Asylum, which, per inmate, rises to \$4,000, while the Western House of Refuge only reached \$416.

Table *third*, shows the total and classified valuation of the State institutions, at the close of their respective statistical years in 1870. By this, it appears that the aggregate value of the land owned by the State, in connection with such institutions, is \$486,578.84, and of the buildings separate therefrom, \$3,964,880.45, amounting, for the whole of the real estate, to \$4,451,459.29.

In the same manner, the amount of personal estate owned by the State in its several institutions amounts to \$4,837,070.42.

Table *fourth*, shows the receipts of the various State institutions for the year 1870, to be \$853,925.59, of which \$378,676

were from special appropriations ; \$167,242.61 from deficiency appropriations, and \$259,944.48 were from the general appropriation. To this must be added their receipts from farm produce, labor of inmates, cities and towns, and all other sources, amounting to \$1,439,746.84.

Table *fifth*, shows the expenditures of the State institutions for the year 1870, the average number of inmates, and the weekly cost of support. By this, it appears that there were paid out for salaries, wages and labor, \$201,558.23 ; provisions and supplies, \$238,426.54 ; clothing, \$49,045.14 ; medicines, etc., \$7,633.11 ; furniture, \$26,912.71 ; and repairs, \$20,541.73, in all \$1,362,339.25, and the average weekly cost of support is as follows :

State Lunatic Asylum	\$4 73
Willard Asylum	3 29
New York Institution for the Blind	5 45
New York State Institution for the Blind.....	5 31
New York Institution for Deaf and Dumb	4 59
New York Asylum for Idiots.....	3 94
New York State Inebriate Asylum.....	12 38
New York House of Refuge	2 54
Western House of Refuge.....	2 99

Tables *sixth* and *seventh* show the number of insane persons supported in the State, municipal and incorporated institutions receiving public aid, that number being 6,439.

Table *eighth* shows the number of blind persons in the various public institutions, amounting in all to 485.

Table *ninth* shows in like manner the number of deaf-mutes, amounting to 689.

Table *tenth*, the number of idiots, viz., 724.

Table *eleventh* shows the number of inebriates in the several public institutions, amounting to 257.

Table *twelfth* shows the number of juvenile delinquents in the several public institutions of the State to be 3,181.

The report of the secretary on the state of the poor-houses shows a very decided improvement in their management since 1868, and it is gratifying in particular to know that more care is bestowed upon sanitary arrangements, and more ample provision made for the sick and aged. Nevertheless, much still remains to be done, and some time must elapse before perfection can be obtained in institutions presided over by successful political candidates, not always well qualified for the responsible duties of a superintendent. The question of the separation of the sexes in particular is one demanding immediate attention wherever it is still neglected. Humanity and decency both conspire to insist upon reform in this direction, and we submit that this is a matter which the grand inquest of the county should investigate and report upon by bill wherever such cause of offense exists.

LUNATIC ASYLUMS.

The insane, as a dependent class, always deserve the tenderest supervision of the State, and we are happy to be able to report that, beside already existing institutions, very ample provisions for their care and treatment are being made in the new institution at Ovid, at the still newer one at Poughkeepsie, and will be in the recently founded one at Buffalo. It would be desirable also to enlarge the opportunities for the instruction of idiots. This constantly increasing class has been shown to be capable of some degree of education, and means should accordingly be provided for advancing the instruction of the more promising among them. In this way many could be made self-supporting who otherwise will always remain a charge upon the public. The success which has attended the school at Syracuse gives much encouragement to the conjecture that the latent mental powers of the idiot may be evoked to a degree hitherto unsuspected.

The question of the disposition of the chronic insane is being practically tested at the Willard Asylum in a way which gives encouragement to its friends. At the same time much remains to be done in the counties themselves to make them realize the advantages of sending their chronic pauper insane to this asylum.

ABLE-BODIED VAGRANTS.

The presence of able-bodied vagrants in our various poor-houses, and their retention without occupation therein, is a matter of serious detriment to those institutions. Means should be taken to establish some district work-houses where such persons could be profitably employed and rendered self-supporting. It is quite possible to make the work-house system one capable of lightening the burdens of the counties in the matter of supporting their indigent population. The principle is a sound one, that every person able to work should be made to do so when he asks for the support of the public in a charitable institution.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Passing to the consideration of topics which do not require enlarged notice, and are best illustrated by their own statistics as furnished in the secretary's tables, it will be seen by table eighteenth that the largest number of paupers supported during the year were of foreign birth, the proportions being 9.149 natives to 9.796 foreigners; and of the former class at least one-half may be computed as children of recently arrived emigrants. In our larger cities these proportions are more marked than in our rural districts, although even in the latter the rule still holds good.

Table *nineteenth* shows the aggregate amount expended throughout the State during the year for the support of paupers, which reaches \$1,187,460.35. Of this sum, \$568,521.45

was expended in county poor-houses, and \$618,938.90 for temporary relief.

Table *twenty-eighth* shows the aggregate amount of special appropriations to orphan asylums and homes for the friendless during the year ending April, 1870. By this it appears that the sum reaches \$429,750; of which the largest amount, \$50,000, was appropriated to the Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children.

Table *twenty-ninth* shows the aggregate amount of special appropriations to hospitals, amounting to \$299,000; of which the New York Foundling Hospital received \$100,000, and the Women's Medical College and Hospital \$20,000.

Table *thirtieth* shows the aggregate amount appropriated to dispensaries, which was \$95,400. This was distributed among forty dispensaries, as follows: in Albany, *two*; in Brooklyn, *six*; in Buffalo, *two*; in Troy, Poughkeepsie and Morrisania, *one* each, and in New York city alone, *twenty-seven*.

Table *thirty-second*, shows the estimated value of property of all kinds held by orphan asylums and homes for the friendless, receiving State aid. By this, it appears that the value of their real estate amounts to \$6,205,054.26; of their personalty, \$374,654.79; of bonds, stocks and securities, \$1,836,061.20, making a grand total of \$8,415,770.25; from this, for actual indebtedness, must be deducted \$1,150,556.40.

Table *thirty-third*, shows the receipts of orphan asylums and homes for the friendless, amounting to \$2,561,176.96, against which, in the next table, number thirty-four, must be set their aggregate annual expenditures, amounting to \$2,309,421.12.

Table *thirty-fifth*, shows the whole number of persons supported in orphan asylums and homes for the friendless, during the year 1870, amounting to 21,479, and of which number 11,183 remained in these institutions at the close of the year.

Table *thirty-seventh*, shows the value of property of hospitals receiving State aid. This, in the aggregate, amounts to \$2,024,762.14, against which stands a trifling indebtedness of \$280,928.67.

Table *thirty-eighth*, shows the receipts of the above named hospitals, amounting to \$747,687.43, and table *thirty-ninth*, their expenditures, amounting to \$716,861.61.

Table *fortieth*, shows the number of patients treated during the year in these various hospitals, amounting to 10,785, of which 1,541 remained at its close.

Table *forty-third*, shows the receipts of dispensaries aided by the State, amounting to \$114,148.91, and table *forty-fourth*, their expenditures, amounting to \$96,826.16.

Table *forty-fourth*, shows the number of persons treated during the year in these institutions, amounting to 284,047, of which 254,928 were treated at the dispensary, and 29,119 at their homes.

CONCLUSIONS.

A review of the condition of our public charities during the past year affords gratifying evidence of the fact that the people of the State of New York are meeting every emergency calling for State aid in a judicious and earnest way. Gradually, as our older State institutions work themselves free from debt, less demand will be made by them for general yearly appropriations, and in this way it can readily be seen that the diminished necessity for State aid in one direction will enable us to found new institutions without sensibly increasing the burdens of taxation. The great value of the real estate owned by these institutions will enable them to dispose of superfluous portions at an advance upon their original cost, which will go far toward discharging existing encumbrances. By referring to the foregoing tables, the value of this portion of the public domain will show it to have been a profitable investment at the

outset. Under this aspect of the problem we believe it to be wise in all cases where a new institution is founded by the State to secure a larger amount of contiguous land than present necessities require, knowing that the very presence of such an institution will enhance the value of real estate about it, and thus in time go far toward reimbursing the State.

We also desire to call attention to the expediency of restricting rather than encouraging lavishness in style of public buildings, as being in nowise necessary for the comfort of inmates and a useless expenditure of the public moneys. The spirit of imitation and rivalry between localities in this particular is a dangerous one to tolerate. Let it be kept always within the bounds of legitimate necessity.

We believe also that it is time the State extended some supervision over all charitable institutions, whether receiving State aid or not, and private lunatic asylums; and we renew the request contained in our last report, that the right of visitation be given to this board for that purpose.

All which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN V. L. PRUYN, *President.*

THEODORE W. DWIGHT, *Vice-President.*

Dated ALBANY, *February* 13, 1871.

A P P E N D I X .

BOARD OF STATE COMMISSIONERS

OF

PUBLIC CHARITIES.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

PRELIMINARY.

To the Board of State Commissioners of Public Charities :

GENTLEMEN.—In submitting to you this my annual report relating to the various charitable, correctional and other institutions of the State, which you have authorized and directed me to visit and inspect, for the year ending December 31st, 1870, permit me first to give you a brief account of the manner in which my time has been employed during the year, and of the work done in connection with the general duties assigned to me by your Board.

BUSINESS OF THE OFFICE.

The office work performed by me the past year has been much greater than that of any previous year since the organization of the Board. Returns from the institutions subject to inspection have been procured more generally than heretofore, and tabulated under my direction. This work, and the conducting of an extended correspondence and personal conference with those having business with the Board, largely occupied my time, and prevented my engaging in the visitations as much as desired. If the secretary is to be employed, hereafter, in the general visitation of institutions, the appointment of an assistant for the discharge of these office duties is believed to be urgently required.

VISITS OF THE SECRETARY.

The resolution of the Board adopted at a meeting held in Albany, July 1st, 1870, instructed me to visit, first, the State and local insti-

tutions, and to devote any further time at my disposal to the visitation of the incorporated institutions. I entered upon this work on the 6th of July, and was so employed, except when conducting the office business, until near the close of the year. During this time I visited the State, and nearly all the local institutions, and also quite a large portion of the incorporated institutions. In making these visits I was frequently accompanied, and assisted in the inspection, by one or more members of the Board ; in their absence the inspections were made by me alone.

MANNER OF CONDUCTING THE INSPECTION.

The inspection during the past year has been conducted upon the general plan heretofore adopted by the Board, extending, in all cases, to an examination of the buildings, grounds and other property of the several institutions, and an inquiry as to their financial condition and management. The facts thus elicited were carefully noted, and are hereinafter stated. The officers of the various institutions have received me with uniform courtesy, and my acknowledgments are due to them for the many facilities placed at my disposal.

DIVISIONS OF THE REPORT.

Adopting the general order of arrangement of previous reports the subsequent portions of this report will be presented in three parts, as follows :

- I. State Charities.
- II. Local Charities.
- III. Incorporated Charities.

The statistical and financial tables, hereinafter referred to, will be found annexed. The reports of the various institutions of the State, and exchanges received during the year from those of other States and foreign countries, are on file. The latter are quite numerous, and, it is believed, will prove valuable to the Board.

PART I. STATE CHARITIES.

There are ten of these institutions, embraced in six classes, as follows :

1. Institutions for the Insane.
2. Institutions for the Blind.
3. Institutions for the Deaf and Dumb.
4. Institutions for Idiots.
5. Institutions for Inebriates.
6. Institutions for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents.

A list of the State institutions, their location, date of opening, name and date of appointment of the superintendent, and the names of the officers of the board of trustees, or managers, is given in Table I.

Table II shows the capacity and cost of the buildings.

The total and classified valuation, as per cost, of the property of these institutions, at the close of the past year, is shown in Table III.

Table IV exhibits their receipts for the year; and Table V their expenditures, the average number of inmates, and the weekly cost of support.

A brief account of my inspection of these several institutions herewith follows. For more detailed statements as to their operations for the past year, attention is respectfully invited to the printed annual reports of their officers.

1. INSTITUTIONS FOR THE INSANE.

These are as follows :

The New York State Lunatic Asylum, at Utica.

The Willard Asylum for the Insane, at Ovid.

The Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane, at Poughkeepsie.

The Legislature of 1869 provided for the location of an Asylum for the insane of western New York, in the eighth judicial district.

A site of two hundred acres has been selected near Buffalo, and presented by that city to the State. The institution was organized by the last Legislature (chapter 378 of the Laws of 1870), under the name of "The Buffalo State Asylum for the Insane," and an appropriation of \$50,000 was made for its purposes. The managers report that the plan of the buildings, designed for the treatment of cases of acute insanity, and to accommodate, when completed, four hundred patients, has, in part, been adopted, and that the work of erection will be soon commenced.

The last Legislature (chapter 474 of the Laws of 1870) provided also for an asylum, at Middleton, to be known as "The State Homœopathic Asylum for the Insane," and appropriated \$150,000 toward the erection of the buildings, conditioned, however, that a like sum shall be first raised by private gifts and applied to this purpose. It has been learned from the trustees that a considerable portion of the required amount has been thus raised, and a site of two hundred acres procured. The plan of the buildings contemplates room for two hundred patients, and it is stated that the work of construction will be early begun.

The provision for the insane of New York city and county (hereinafter alluded to) has been largely extended during the past year. In Kings county, the accommodations are adequate for the present requirements. It is quite probable that the insane poor of these counties will continue to be placed, as heretofore, under local management, thus relieving the State of the care of a large number of this class of dependents.

A comparative statement as to the number of insane in the several State, municipal and incorporated institutions receiving public aid, at the close of their respective statistical years, in 1869 and 1870, is shown in table VI.

The number of insane supported in these institutions, and the changes during the past year, are stated in table VII.

The New York State Lunatic Asylum, at Utica.

The report of this institution shows a larger number of patients admitted, and a greater number under treatment during the past year than in any previous year since its organization. The number in the asylum at the commencement of the year was six hundred and three; the number received during the year, four hundred and eighty-one; the whole number treated, one thousand and eighty-four; and the daily average, a fraction over six hundred and twenty-nine. There were discharged during the year four hundred and forty-one, and six hundred and forty-three remained at the close. Three hundred and thirteen of these were men, and three hundred and thirty women. Of those discharged, one hundred and fifty-three were recovered; seventy-two, improved; one hundred and thirty-four, unimproved; and seven were not insane. The number of deaths was seventy-five.

It is stated that a large proportion of those admitted during the year were chronic cases, and that several were in advanced life. Many of these, for various reasons, had been retained at home during the early and more curable stage of the disease, and were only yielded to the institution when they could no longer be kept with safety by their friends. A large number when received were in general ill health, or suffering with severe or incurable disease. The percentage of recoveries, though not as large as in some former years, was, considering the character and condition of the patients, upon the whole, satisfactory. The institution has been overcrowded during the entire year, and many applicants, from this and other States, have necessarily been refused admission.

The report of the treasurer shows that the total institution receipts the past year amounted to \$226,141.06. Of this sum, including \$30,000 to refund advances for repairs of the buildings, \$55,723.69 were received from the State, \$114,067.43 from sundry counties for the support of inmates, and \$50,403.11 from private patients. The disbursements were \$209,063.37, and the cash balance at the close of the year, \$17,077.69.

Considerable alterations and repairs have been made in the buildings during the year, and improvements upon the farm, garden and grounds. The expenditures for these purposes, amounting to \$21,205.86, have been defrayed from the current receipts of the institution. An additional supply of water has also been furnished, which, it is thought, will be fully adequate for the future wants of the asylum, and wholly within the control of the State. The expenditure for this object has been met by appropriations from the State treasury.

No changes of officers have occurred during the past year. The institution remains under the charge of Dr. John P. Gray, who has served as medical superintendent for over sixteen years. The assistant physicians have also had large experience in the care and treatment of the insane; and many of the other officers and attendants have been connected with the asylum for a long time. All appear to be well qualified for their positions, and earnest and devoted to their respective duties.

The services of Dr. E. R. Hun, as special pathologist, have been continued during the year under permanent appointment, as authorized by the last Legislature. Seventeen autopsies have been made by him, with careful microscopic examinations of the brain, spinal cord and other organs. The managers propose to continue these investigations, and it is thought by them, that they will lead to valuable results in reference to the causes, pathology and treatment of insanity.

The general condition of the institution at present is probably better than at any other time since its organization. The buildings throughout are in fine order, and furnished with every needed comfort and convenience. At the times of my visits, the inmates were generally free from excitement, and appeared to receive excellent care and attention. The asylum is believed to be accomplishing well its purposes, and entitled to the confidence of the public and the liberality and fostering care of the State.

The Willard Asylum for the Insane, at Ovid.

The past year has shown large and gratifying results in the history of this institution, both in the progress of the work upon the buildings and the number and improved condition of the inmates. During this period, the extension to the south wing has been erected, inclosed and plastered, and will probably be completed and opened early in the spring. The interior of the central edifice, also, has been finished, and considerable improvement made in the outbuildings and grounds. The heating, kitchen and washing arrangements, gas and water works, and sewerage, are likewise completed, and the institution throughout is well conditioned for patients.

In addition to the work thus performed upon the main asylum, the "Agricultural College Building," situated on the premises when acquired by the State, has been remodeled during the past year and fitted for patients. This is a plain, substantial brick structure, in good preservation, and seems to be fully adapted for the purpose to which it is applied. It contains four general wards, with spacious and well lighted halls, and is properly ventilated and warmed. The rooms are large and airy, and will accommodate from six to ten persons each. This building, known as the "Branch," was finished and opened in November last, and is occupied by the more quiet and harmless insane women. It furnishes room for two hundred inmates.

The receipts of the institution the past year, including \$6,264.69, cash on hand were \$201,589.81. Of this amount, \$172,309.74 were from the State, and \$23,015.38 from sundry counties for the support of inmates. The expenditures, embracing \$141,822.74 for buildings and improvements, amounted to \$181,687.90, leaving a balance of \$19,901.91 at the close of the year.

It may be well to state the expenditures for the buildings already completed and in use. These, as furnished by the trustees, have been as follows: For the centre building and wings, boiler and engine house, general kitchen, gas house, barns, sewerage, reservoirs, etc., etc., \$393,162.95; for the modification of the college building to

adapt it to the care of the insane, \$24,395.14 ; for furniture for the main asylum and "Branch," farm stock, implements, etc., etc., \$29,440.35 ; total, \$446,998.44.

These buildings furnish accommodations, in the main asylum, for two hundred and fifty patients ; in the "Branch," two hundred ; total, four hundred and fifty.

The expenditures for the extension to the south wing were met from the appropriation of last year (chapter 492, Laws of 1870), and are not included in the above statement. The trustees estimate that the unexpended balance of this appropriation will be adequate for its completion. It is proposed by these officers to erect a similar extension to the north wing the coming summer, which will complete the main asylum, in accordance with the plans adopted. They also recommend the erection of a detached group of substantial, less expensive, brick buildings, for quiet male patients, corresponding with the "branch," and will ask the Legislature for an appropriation for this purpose.

The cost of the buildings now in use for the insane, and the trustees' estimated cost for the completion of those in process of erection and proposed, are as follows : Cost of the main asylum and "branch," in use, including furniture, out-buildings, etc., etc. (as stated above), \$446,998.44 ; for the completion of the south wing, including the amount already expended (estimated), \$81,728.67 ; for the extension to the north wing, erecting a single group of detached buildings, furniture, fences, further water supply, etc., etc. (estimated), \$200,000 ; total, \$728,727.11.

The completion of the buildings in the manner indicated, will give accommodations for the insane as follows : in the main asylum, five hundred patients ; the "branch," two hundred ; the single group of cottages, two hundred ; total, nine hundred.

The institution was opened for patients October 13th, 1869. The number admitted that year was one hundred and forty-two, and to December 1st, 1870, three hundred and nine. During this period, thirteen were discharged, fourteen died, and two hundred and eighty-

two remained at the latter date. The number in the asylum January 1st, 1871, was four hundred and twenty-five.

All the admissions thus far have been chronic cases, and transferred from the county poor-houses upon the order of the county superintendents of the poor of the several counties liable for their maintenance. The larger portion, when received, were filthy and demented, and many of them violent and destructive. At the times of inspection, they were comfortably clad and clean, and generally orderly and quiet. Of those present at the close of the year, it is stated that but eighty-eight occupied single rooms, the remainder being in associate dormitories. No personal injury, as yet, has resulted from this association, and its further extension is thought to be practicable.

The internal organization of the institution is complete for the present capacity of the buildings. Dr. John B. Chapin continues in charge as medical superintendent, with an assistant physician at the main asylum and another at the "branch." Attendants are employed in sufficient numbers for the care of all the patients, and these appear to be well qualified and faithful in the discharge of their respective duties.

The inmates performed a considerable amount of labor during the past year. The men were employed in farming, gardening, etc., and the women in making the clothing and bedding of the establishment. It is thought by the superintendent that when the buildings shall be completed, more general and systematic employment may be given to the patients, resulting largely in their benefit and material reduction in the cost of maintenance.

It may be proper to add, that the trustees of this asylum are of the opinion that its capacity may be very properly extended by the erection of additional groups of detached buildings, similar to the one proposed, at different points upon the farm, so as to include nearly if not all the chronic insane poor of the State, not suitably provided for otherwise. In the judgment of these officers, this would prove economical, by lessening the cost of the buildings per capita and utilizing the labor of the insane, and at the same time

secure to them, under a single responsible direction and control, better treatment and care. This subject is one of such great public importance, not only as affecting the insane, but as to the cost of providing for their maintenance, that it is deemed proper to present it to your board and urge its careful consideration.

The Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane, at Poughkeepsie.

The work upon this hospital during the past year has been carried on with considerable activity. The erection of a third section of the south wing was commenced early in the season, and it is nearly finished. Three sections of this wing are, therefore, mainly completed and partly furnished. They will accommodate one hundred and twenty patients.

The boiler, engine and gas house have also been built during the past year. Two boilers have been set, and the foundations for the four remaining boilers required for the entire hospital are laid. The great chimney, containing flues for the boilers, kitchen range, bake shops, gas retorts and central ventilating shaft, has likewise been built. An underground air-duct has been made, and the main sewer laid from the building to the river. Suitable exercise yards have been inclosed, and a reservoir for the full capacity of the hospital partially constructed. The water supply is said to be adequate for the present requirements.

The State appropriation by the last Legislature (chapter 337 of the Laws of 1870), for construction, furnishing, maintenance, etc., was \$250,000. This appropriation is nearly exhausted. It is said that if funds were provided, the buildings could be soon conditioned for patients.

A statement of the total expenditures of the institution from its organization, furnished by the board of managers, herewith follows: For the erection of three sections of the south wing (nearly finished), \$409,028.57; for dock, making roads, grading, draining, exercise yards, brick walls and fences, plans and engineering, bridges, reservoirs, water and sewage works, boiler and engine house, gas house,

heating and gas apparatus, high chimney, underground air-duct, temporary workshops and buildings, temporary water supply, power, machinery and tools, coal, hospital furnishing, and stone, brick and other materials on hand for another section of the buildings, etc., \$232,815.48; total, \$641,844.05.

It is proposed by the managers to erect the fourth section of the south wing the present year, which will complete this wing in accordance with the plans adopted. Work will also be commenced upon the central building, and the general kitchen built. Until the latter is completed, the basement of the sections erected will be used for domestic purposes.

The institution continues under the charge of Dr. J. M. Cleveland as medical superintendent, and will probably be opened for patients early in the coming summer. It is designed for the treatment of cases of acute insanity, and the buildings are being constructed in a thorough and substantial manner, with the adaptations and appliances to carry out its objects.

2. INSTITUTIONS FOR THE BLIND.

The State has provided for the education of blind persons in two institutions, as follows:

The New York Institution for the Blind, New York city.

The New York State Institution for the Blind, at Batavia.

These institutions meet fully the educational requirements of this class, affording accommodations for all those suited by age and otherwise, for instruction.

There are, however, a large number of adult indigent blind in the State, for whom no adequate provision is made. These are dependent largely upon the benefactions of the charitable, or thrown upon the local authorities for support. It is believed that many of this class, with slight judicious aid in mechanical pursuits, could provide mainly for themselves, thus relieving the public of their care. This subject was alluded to in my last report, and is deemed to be worthy of earnest and careful consideration.

A comparative statement of the number of blind persons in the various public institutions of the State, at the close of their respective statistical years in 1869 and 1870, is given in Table VIII.

The New York Institution for the Blind, New York City.

This institution during the past year, has erected an additional building and made extensive improvements and repairs in its present buildings, at a cost of \$110,000. For the purpose of providing means to meet this expenditure, it has issued bonds in sums of \$1,000 each; and, with the view of perpetuating its legacy and donation fund, amounting to about \$33,000, the same has been invested in these bonds. There had been paid on account of such building and improvements, at the close of the year, \$67,815.89, and it is stated that the balance will be soon defrayed.

It is shown by the report of the treasurer, that the total institution receipts the past year, amounted to \$117,831.98. Of this sum, \$33,688.83 were from the State appropriation, and \$6,320.77 from New Jersey State pupils, the balance being mainly from the sale of its bonds. The disbursements were, \$109,082.16, and the cash balance \$8,749.82. It is said that the State appropriation has been adequate for its purposes, and that no increase in the amount will be required for the coming year.

The number of pupils in the institution at the close of 1869, was one hundred and forty-five. Twelve were received during the year, making a total of one hundred and fifty-seven under instruction. Of these twenty-eight were discharged on account of expiration of term, and one hundred and twenty-nine remained December 31st, 1870.

The three-fold organization of the schools, viz., literary, musical and industrial, is still maintained.

In the literary department there has been no material change in the general course of instruction during the past year. The progress of the pupils and the discipline of the schools are said to have been quite satisfactory.

The musical instruction given is both vocal and instrumental. The introduction of a new organ recently has added largely to the facilities for instruction in this department, which has been prosecuted with gratifying success.

The usual branches of industry have been pursued as heretofore, but, it is said, with less profit than in former years, owing to the suspension of work while the alterations and repairs were being made in the buildings.

The new building, and the improvements and repairs which have been made, add largely to the capacity of the institution, and will enable it to give increased facilities for the education of the pupils. At the same time it will also furnish many additional comforts and conveniences for the inmates, which, for lack of room, were heretofore wanting. The work throughout has been well done, and the buildings are in fine condition.

No changes have occurred in the officers of the institution during the year. It remains under the efficient management of Mr. Wm. B. Wait, superintendent, assisted by a corps of experienced and able teachers. The institution is designed to give to each pupil the benefits of a liberal education, and to fit them for useful stations in life, and is believed to be accomplishing well its purposes.

The New York State Institution for the Blind, at Batavia.

The second school term of this institution closed on the fifteenth of June last. The number of pupils instructed during the year was ninety-nine, the average attendance being about ninety. Of these, sixty-four attended the previous year, and thirty-five were new pupils. Forty-two had been pupils in the New York Institution for the Blind, and fifty-seven had not previously received any special instruction. The average age when admitted was seventeen years, the youngest being nine, and the oldest thirty-seven.

The present term commenced on the fifteenth of September last. One hundred and six pupils had been received at the close of the year. Eighty-two of these were in attendance the last term, and

twenty-four were new pupils. A further increase in the number is anticipated at the commencement of the next term.

It appears from the records of the institution, that the whole number of pupils enrolled since its opening is one hundred and thirty-three, of whom seventy-two are males and sixty-one females. Twenty-seven of these are reported to have been blind from birth. The blindness of the others is attributed to the following named causes: To inflammation, fifty-four; to accidents, twenty-four; to cataract or amaurosis, seven; to general diseases, twenty-one.

The course of instruction is similar to that of other institutions for the blind, viz., literary, musical and industrial. The schools are in excellent condition, and the deportment and attainments of the pupils are deemed to be worthy of high commendation. The superintendent (Dr. A. D. Lord) and the teachers are faithful and earnest in the discharge of their varied duties, and the institution is fast taking rank equal with the best of its class in the country.

Its financial exhibit is quite satisfactory. The total receipts the past year were \$42,460.47. Of this sum, \$30,000 were from the State treasury for current expenses, and \$5,000 for improvement of the grounds. The disbursements amounted to \$36,270.59, and the balance was \$6,189.88.

Owing to the probable increase in the number of pupils, the trustees estimate that there will be required for current expenses the coming year, \$35,000; and for furnishing, etc., \$3,000. The buildings are in good repair, and well adapted for the purposes to which they are applied. The grounds during the past year have been laid out, planted and improved, and the entire institution property at the time of inspection was in fine condition.

3. INSTITUTIONS FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB.

The State has provided for the education, training and support of deaf-mute children in the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, New York city. A limited number are also thus aided by

incorporated benevolent associations; but no adequate provision is made for this class by local authorities.

Table IX exhibits the comparative number of deaf-mutes in the various public institutions, at the close of their respective statistical years, in 1869 and 1870.

The New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, New York City.

There were in this institution, at the commencement of the past year, five hundred and thirty-six pupils. Eighty-five were admitted during the year, seventy-one discharged, and five hundred and fifty remained December 31st. Of these, three hundred and sixty-three were beneficiaries of the State, one hundred and thirty-six of sundry counties, and thirty-five of the State of New Jersey. The others were maintained by their friends.

It will be observed that the number of pupils in the institution has increased, not only the past year, but also for several previous years. This is believed to be due largely to the liberality of the law of 1863, authorizing admissions between six and twelve years of age, and not to any considerable increase in the number of deaf-mute children in the State. It is thought, as the provisions of this law become more generally known, there will be a still further increase.

The treasurer's report shows the total institution receipts the past year to have been \$157,910.48. Of this amount, \$104,331.87 were from the State treasury, \$37,994.65 from cities and counties, and \$11,923.88 from the State of New Jersey, for the support of pupils. The disbursements amounted to \$155,386.78, and the cash balance December 31st was \$2,523.70. It is thought by the managers that no increase in the State appropriation will be required for the coming year.

It should be stated that the report of the institution, to the Legislature, the past year embraces only a period of nine months, to September 30th. The managers have decided to close their annual reports hereafter on that date, thus harmonizing the institution

accounts with those of the State fiscal year. The present report to your Board extends to the close of the year, but in the future it will end with September 30th.

The institution, by the recent sale of a portion of its real estate, is now practically free from debt, and has moderate investments applicable to improvements. During the past year the school-house has been completed according to its design, and additional sleeping apartments have been provided for one hundred and eleven pupils. This relieves the crowded condition of the school-rooms, facilitates a more extended classification, and affords ample space for dormitory purposes. It is in contemplation to early make improvements in the ventilation, and to extend the main sewer to a point below tide water in the Hudson River, so as to improve the general drainage. A front portico to the building, and the dome and towers contemplated as a part of the original plan, but left unexecuted for want of funds, are also soon to be constructed.

In the school of articulation and lip reading, there have been about fifty pupils the past year, including a few congenital deaf-mutes, of remarkable quickness of the eye and intelligence. This department is still under the direction of Professor Bernhard Engelsmann, assisted by two lady teachers, and their labors appear to be attended with a good degree of success. Many of the pupils exhibit great proficiency, both in speaking intelligently and in reading readily on the lips. It is the purpose of the managers to increase the number of pupils in this department, as cases shall offer likely to be benefited by such instruction.

The mechanical department of the institution has, during the past year, been in a very satisfactory condition. The new shops, and new and improved tools and machinery introduced, have increased largely the facilities for labor, and more work has been performed than heretofore. It is in contemplation to early add to the list of trades, including printing, and some of the arts of design.

The system of instruction in the institution remains substantially as in former years, largely improved and extended, however, by the

experience of the past. Since the beginning of the present term, an additional department has been formed, designed to secure to its members higher attainments in learning, properly designated as collegiate. In this department are included the more advanced pupils of the high class, both male and female, and several of the deaf-mute teachers. It is conducted by a number of liberally educated men among the instructors, who, in addition to their morning labors in the class rooms, devote a portion of the afternoon in giving lessons to its members. This department will add largely to the value of the institution as a school of learning, and doubtless result in great and lasting benefit to the deaf and dumb.

No changes have occurred in the officers of the institution since last reported. The principal, Mr. Isaac Lewis Peet, for over twenty years engaged in it as an instructor, has been in charge since 1867; and, in the conduct of the schools, he is assisted by a large corps of able and experienced teachers. The venerable Harvey P. Peet, LL.D., emeritus principal, connected with the institution from its organization, still retains an active interest in its affairs; and, by his advice and counsel, renders important and highly valuable services. The institution throughout is in excellent condition, and, it is believed, meets fully the objects and designs of its founders.

4. INSTITUTIONS FOR IDIOTS.

The State has provided for the education of idiotic children, susceptible of improvement by special training, in the New York Asylum for Idiots, at Syracuse, but no provision is made for the unteachable, or adults.

The provision for idiots in New York city has been recently extended, under direction of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction, so as to include all classes. A school is maintained for the teachable, and the others are provided with suitable asylum accommodations and care. The results thus attained are said to be highly satisfactory.

No other adequate local provision, however, is made for this class of persons. The State institution, for lack of room, is unable to receive all the teachable cases seeking admission, and many of these in indigent circumstances are, therefore, placed in the county poor-houses, where they not unfrequently remain a public charge during life. In my last report I alluded at length to the condition of this class of dependents, and urged the necessity of enlarging the State asylum, and, also, the propriety of providing for the unteachable and adults under State control.

This subject has received the earnest and careful consideration of the officers of the State institution, and been repeatedly presented to the attention of the Legislature. The wise and beneficent policy adopted by the State to secure the education of every blind person and deaf-mute, of suitable age and capacity for instruction, it would seem, should be promptly extended so as to include idiots. In no way, it is believed, can the expenses for charitable purposes be so effectually diminished as by providing for the early proper training of those who, from infirmity or other causes, may be likely in adult life to become a public charge.

The number of idiots in the several public institutions of the State, at the close of their respective statistical years in 1869 and 1870, is shown by Table X.

The New York Asylum for Idiots, at Syracuse.

The whole number of pupils in this institution the past year was one hundred and fifty. The average attendance was one hundred and forty, and there were present, September 30, one hundred and forty-seven. As several pupils accepted had not entered the institution at this date, it is thought that the attendance the present year will be larger than ever before. The applications are said to be steadily increasing, and a large number, for want of room, are necessarily refused admission.

It appears from the treasurer's report, that the institution receipts the past year were \$31,991.45. Of this amount, \$25,000 were from

the State, \$2,450.45 from municipalities, and \$4,541 from individuals for the support of inmates. The disbursements amounted to \$31,907.48, and the cash balance was \$83.97.

Of the pupils in attendance during the year, one hundred and sixteen were beneficiaries of the State; nine paid in part and fifteen the entire cost of their maintenance. The amount expended for the board and instruction of each pupil, on the average, was \$204.

In the opinion of the trustees, no increase in the State appropriation for current expenses will be necessary the coming year. They will ask of the Legislature, however, for the enlargement and remodeling of one of the present buildings and for the erection of an additional building, \$30,000 as a special appropriation. This sum will provide for eighty additional inmates, thereby extending the accommodations of the asylum to two hundred and twenty pupils. The results to be thus attained are believed to fully warrant the expenditure.

The institution still retains the valuable services of Dr. H. B. Wilbur, its first superintendent. The other officers and teachers have also had long experience in their respective departments, and all seem to be well qualified and warmly devoted to their duties. The course of instruction remains substantially as heretofore. The attendance upon the schools the past year has been quite regular, and the progress of the pupils generally satisfactory.

At the times of my visits the buildings were in good condition and the grounds and farm in fine order. The institution is believed to be doing an excellent work, and entitled to the confidence of the public and the generous support of the State.

5. INSTITUTIONS FOR INEBRIATES.

The only State institution for inebriates is the New York State Inebriate Asylum, at Binghamton. A hospital for the treatment of such patients is in operation in New York city, and another in Kings county; but no other special local provision is made for this class.

Table XI shows the number of patients in these several institutions during the past year, and the results of treatment as far as reported.

The New York State Inebriate Asylum, at Binghamton.

The number of patients in this institution January 1, 1870, was fifty-nine. Two hundred and twenty were admitted during the year, two hundred and eight discharged, and seventy-one were present December 31, 1870. The largest number of inmates at any one time was seventy-two; the smallest, forty-eight; and the average, sixty.

Of those admitted during the year, one hundred and eighty-one were paying, and thirty-nine free patients. Thirteen were periodical, and ninety-two constant drinkers, and fifteen were addicted to the use of opium. Ninety-nine were in general good health when admitted; but the residue had suffered from delirium tremens, convulsions or other diseases. One hundred and five were married and one hundred and fifteen single. Twenty-five were foreign and one hundred and ninety-five native born. Fifty-six at the time of admission were residents of the cities of New York and Brooklyn, eighty of other parts of the State, eighty-three of other States of the Union, and one of the British North American provinces.

It appears that nearly every profession, occupation and condition in life were represented in the patients. Among the number were forty-nine clerks, thirty-six merchants, seventeen lawyers, twelve book-keepers, nine farmers, eight manufacturers, five editors and reporters, and four physicians. The oldest inmate was seventy-five, the youngest twenty, and the average thirty-six years.

Of those discharged, ninety-one were improved, with hopes of permanent reformation; twenty-seven were unimproved, and in the other cases the results of treatment are not stated.

The year commenced with cash on hand, belonging to the institution, to the amount of \$78,847.83. It received during the year

\$60,869.26, making a total of \$139,717.09. The expenditures amounted to \$114,522.03, and the balance was \$25,195.06.

The institution was visited by a destructive fire last spring, consuming the rear buildings, including the dining hall, gymnasium, etc. No portion of the main structure was injured. The rear centre has been rebuilt, and is used for domestic and dining purposes. Considerable work has also been done on the north wing of the main edifice during the year, and it is proposed by the trustees to finish it at as early a day as practicable. Its completion will double the present capacity of the institution.

On the 16th of May last, Dr. Albert Day, who had been superintendent of the asylum from its reopening in 1867, resigned the position, and Dr. Daniel G. Dodge, of Clinton county, was appointed in his place. Dr. Dodge has had no previous experience in the treatment of inebriates, but has been actively engaged in the general practice of his profession for several years. He seems to have entered upon his charge with earnestness and zeal, and with an intelligent view of the duties of his position. Thus far he has succeeded to the entire satisfaction of the trustees and friends of the asylum, and the institution is believed to be well managed, and in a prosperous condition.

6. INSTITUTIONS FOR THE REFORMATION OF JUVENILE DELINQUENTS.

The State institutions of this class are, The New York House of Refuge, New York city, and the Western House of Refuge at Rochester.

In addition to these, there are several municipal institutions in the State, for the detention and reformation of truant, abandoned and vicious children, and three incorporated benevolent associations devoted to the same objects, as follows: The New York Juvenile Asylum, in the city of New York, and the societies for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic children, of New York and Buffalo.

The number of children in these several institutions, and the changes during the past year, are shown in Table XII.

The New York House of Refuge, New York city.

The number of children in this institution January 1, 1870, was seven hundred and seventy-three, and there were received during the year five hundred and twenty-two. The total in the house, therefore, was twelve hundred and ninety-five, the daily average being six hundred and seventy-one. There were discharged during the year six hundred and five, and six hundred and ninety remained December 31, 1870. Five hundred and sixty-seven of these were white boys, seventy-seven white girls, thirty-three colored boys and thirteen colored girls.

Of those admitted during the year, four hundred and six were new inmates, seventy-six were returned by the courts, thirty-four by masters or friends, and six by their own accord.

The new inmates were received from the following localities: New York city and county, one hundred and nineteen; Kings county, one hundred and twenty-two; and from sundry other counties, one hundred and sixty-five.

The commitments were for various offenses, the greater portion, however, being for petit larceny, vagrancy and disorderly conduct. Seventeen were native born and the others of foreign parentage. Thirty-seven were orphans and sixty-one half-orphans. The average age when received was about fourteen years.

Of those disposed of during the year, one hundred and twenty-five were indentured to farmers, fifty to housewifery, and twelve to tradesmen and mechanics. Four hundred and one were discharged by the managers, ten by writs of *habeas corpus*, one escaped, and six died. The average time of detention in the house was a fraction over fifteen months.

The total institution receipts the past year amounted to \$109,642.42. Of this sum, \$40,000 were from the State, \$8,000 from New York city, and \$39,218.53 from the labor of the inmates. The disbursements were, for current expenses, \$88,743.20; extraordinary expenditures, \$21,088.08; total, \$109,831.28. The actual

average weekly cost of support was \$2.54; above the earnings of the inmates it was only \$1.40. In the opinion of the managers, no increase in the State appropriation for current expenses will be required for the coming year.

The means for warming the buildings and supplying additional steam power have recently been largely extended and improved. A new boiler house and high chimney have been constructed, and two boilers put in, with steam pipes for radiation running through the rear buildings of both departments, the boys' dormitory halls, and some other portions of the edifice. It is designed to add two more boilers and extend the pipes to all parts of the structure, so that when the whole plan for warming is completed there will be no fire in the buildings, except in the ranges. The arrangement for extinguishing fires has also been largely improved during the year, and is said to be adequate.

The cost of these several improvements, defrayed from the earnings of the inmates, is stated to have been \$17,580.65. It is estimated that \$15,000 will be necessary to complete the improvements. The buildings also require some slight repairs, and the interior wood work, domes, and some other portions, need to be painted.

It appears from the report of the institution that the general features as to classification, labor, discipline and instruction of the inmates, remain as in former years. The arrangement made in 1869, for the employment of a portion of the older boys in the shops, with a view to teaching them trades and furnishing remunerative labor when discharged, has been continued the past year. There were five boys at work in this department at the beginning of the year, and others have been added from time to time, so that sixteen in all have been thus employed. Nine of these have been discharged during the year, six of whom continue to work in the shops at fair compensation, and the others are engaged elsewhere. All are represented as steady and industrious, and giving good satisfaction. The results of this arrangement have proved so largely beneficial, that it is

designed by the managers to continue and extend it the coming year.

The attendance in the schools and upon religious services has been regular and punctual during the entire year. The daily average in the schools was six hundred and seventy-five. The results, as shown by the record of the conduct and standing of the pupils, have been highly gratifying.

The officers of the institution remain the same as last reported. The superintendent, Mr. Israel C. Jones, has been in charge nearly eight years, and exhibits excellent skill and judgment in its management. The subordinate officers and teachers have also had large experience in their respective positions, and all appear to be thoroughly qualified and faithful in the discharge of their duties. The institution is believed to be accomplishing well its work, and its excellent condition and management promises much for its future usefulness.

The Western House of Refuge, at Rochester.

There were three hundred and forty-eight boys in this institution January 1, 1870. Two hundred were admitted during the year, one hundred and ninety-six discharged, and three hundred and fifty-two remained at the close.

Of those received during the year, eighteen were recommitments, four were boys who had been intrusted to farmers and early returned as disorderly, and the residue new commitments. Forty-four were of native, and the others foreign parentage. Seven were colored. Thirteen were orphans and sixty-two half-orphans. The commitments were mainly for malicious mischief. The average age when received was nearly fourteen years.

The discharges were as follows: By order of the board of managers, one hundred and eighty-five; by writs of *habeas corpus*, five; escaped, four; died, two.

It is shown by the report of the treasurer that the total institution receipts the past year amounted to \$65,480.62. Of this sum, \$41,250 were received from the State and \$13,707.19 from the earn-

ings of the inmates. The disbursements were, for current expenses, \$54,768.71, extraordinary expenditures, \$13,197.48, total, \$67,966.19. The average number of inmates was three hundred and fifty-two, and the actual average weekly cost of support \$2.99. This, by the labor of the inmates was reduced to \$2.24 per week.

During the past year the wood-work, iron-work and roofs of the entire buildings have been painted, and the wood-work in the dining halls, bath-rooms and portions of the main building grained and varnished. This labor has been performed mainly by the inmates, thus giving to the boys suitable employment and saving a large expense to the institution.

A new tailor shop has been neatly and conveniently fitted up in the first division wing, used exclusively for manufacturing and repairing the boys' clothing, and new benches and fixtures have been added to the house shoe-shop. About twenty-five boys are employed in the latter, who make and repair all the shoes used in the institution.

The old desks, seats and furniture in the school-rooms have been removed, and replaced with new and approved modern school furniture. The walls of the school-rooms have been nicely painted and decorated, and ornamented with choice and appropriate mottoes. These improvements add much to the beauty of the school-rooms and largely promote the comfort and convenience of the inmates.

Walks, leading from the main building to the wings, shops and along the entire outside front of the inclosure wall, have been constructed, and seats made in the yard for the use of the boys. Three flights of massive iron stairs have also been built at the rear of the main building, replacing the old ones, no longer fit for use. The entire cost of these was \$1,700.

The closets in the inclosure have been removed, the vaults filled up, and new buildings erected outside, with an entrance to each through the wall. Several old and dilapidated structures at the rear have also been removed, and a new building has been erected for a piggery, slaughter-house, tool-house, stables, etc., etc. These build-

ings, throughout, are built in the most durable and substantial manner, and properly adapted for the several purposes to which they are applied. Their cost, complete, was \$7,720.41.

It is the desire of the managers to make further improvements in the buildings and grounds the present year. In addition to the usual State allowance for current expenses, they will ask the Legislature to appropriate as follows: For repairs for the past two years, \$20,000; for school furniture, already purchased; iron stairs, now being constructed in front of the main building; repainting and repairing the inclosure walls; erecting a new front entrance and gate lodge; building a coal-house, and for sewerage, \$21,500. These improvements all seem to be needed, and it is believed that the interests of the institution will be promoted by the outlay.

On the first day of April last, Mr. Levi S. Fulton was appointed superintendent of the institution, in place of Mr. Elisha M. Carpenter, who had held the position since June 1st, 1868. Mr. Fulton has had no previous experience in the management of juvenile delinquents, but was superintendent of the Monroe county work-house for several years. Thus far, it is believed, his administration has fully met the expectations of the managers and the community. The improvements as to classification, discipline, amusements and labor of the inmates, introduced by Mr. Carpenter while in charge, have been carried out and largely extended. The general condition of the institution indicates progress and advancement, and is highly encouraging.

PART II.—LOCAL CHARITIES.

These institutions, maintained and controlled by counties and municipalities, are:

1. County poor-houses.
2. City alms-houses.

In 1868, I visited and inspected all these charities, and their condition then, was presented at length in my report of that year. A few of them were also visited in 1869, but no extended report was made.

The results of my inquiries and examinations, during the past year, herewith follow :

1. COUNTY POOR-HOUSES.

The number of county poor-houses in the State, including the one in process of erection in Suffolk county (upon the completion of which the present system of town houses will be abandoned), is fifty-six. In Hamilton and Schuyler, the poor are maintained in the institutions of adjoining counties, or temporarily aided at their homes. This form of aid, it will be seen, is also largely extended to the dependent classes in all the other counties.

A list of the several county poor-houses, their localition, name and date of appointment of the keeper, and the names, residence, and date of election of the superintendents of the poor are given in Table XIII.

Table XIV shows the number of persons supported and relieved, and changes in the county poor-houses during the year ending November 30th, 1870.

A description of the persons supported in the poor-houses during the year, as far as ascertained, is given in Table XV; and of those remaining at its close, in table XVI.

The causes of dependence of the persons supported, are shown in Table XVII; and their nativity and sex in Table XVIII.

Table XIX shows the amount expended for support and temporary relief during the year.

The value of the poor-house establishments, labor of the inmates, and the expenses of supporting each person, are stated in Table XX.

In examining the poor-houses during the past year, I have found a general improvement in their management and condition as compared with 1868. Since then, substantial and well arranged buildings have been erected in several counties, and extended repairs and alterations made in many of the others. More attention is paid to ventilation and cleanliness, and better care appears to be shown the inmates, particularly the aged, infirm and sick.

Many of the defects in these institutions, pointed out in my former report, it will be observed, however, still exist. Among these, the lack of facilities for classification, is probably productive of the greatest evils. In nearly all the houses, the inmates associate freely with one another, nor can this be well prevented. The number of dependents in most of the counties is too small to warrant the erection of buildings adapted for classification, hence, this association, with its injurious results.

It is believed that these evils can be remedied, only, by the removal of certain classes of the dependents to other institutions. Among these are the insane, epileptics, idiots, adult vagrants and the children.

The following recommendations, thought to be warranted by the condition and necessities of these several classes, and believed to be in harmony with the general sentiment of the county authorities, are respectfully submitted.

1st. The completion of the several State asylums, and the transfer of the insane, both acute and chronic, to State custody.

2d. The erection of additional buildings upon the State farm, at Syracuse, or elsewhere, for the reception and care of idiots, including also, the unteachable and adults.

3d. The establishment of State or district work-houses, for the detention and employment of adult able-bodied vagrants.

4th. The removal of the children to orphan asylums, or providing for them, temporarily, in families.

It may be briefly stated, in support of these recommendations:

First. The insane, in a legal and moral point of view, are not usually considered responsible for their conduct and actions. That the State should provide for all this class, dependent upon the public for support, or see that suitable provision is made for them by the local authorities would, therefore, seem to be clearly imperative. In brief, it is thought that the status of every insane person should be defined by law to be in an asylum, adapted to their wants and necessi-

ties, unless their condition be such as to allow, with safety to themselves and the public, their detention by friends.

The commitment of the insane, heretofore, to the county poor-houses, has been unjust to this class of persons, embarrassing to the local authorities, and detrimental to the best interests of the State. These receptacles, in most instances, without the means for their classification, or even separation from the other inmates, afford but few facilities for the proper custody of the chronic insane, and none whatever for the treatment of the acute. The policy thus pursued, has resulted in filling them with chronic and incurable cases, thereby adding largely to the burdens of the counties.

The act organizing the Willard Asylum, at Ovid, in 1865, contemplates the ultimate removal of all the chronic insane from the county poor-houses, and their transfer to State control. It also provides for the more general treatment of recent cases in the State asylum at Utica. The provisions of this act are, generally, cheerfully acquiesced in by the local authorities, and, thus far, with satisfactory results. In a few of the larger and more populous counties, however, a desire is shown to retain the chronic insane, as heretofore, under local management. If this be permitted, the buildings should be adapted to their condition, and the standard of attention and care kept adequate, under efficient State supervision.

It will be seen by the tables, hereinbefore referred to, that the present and proposed State asylums, when completed, will have capacity for nearly all the insane whose care and maintenance will, probably, devolve upon the public; and should the large and populous counties be allowed to retain their chronic cases, as indicated, they will be fully adequate for the present requirements. In the continuance of the work upon the buildings, it is thought that the large ratio of chronic insane, as compared with the acute, should be taken into consideration, with the view of adapting them more generally to the condition and necessities of the former, as dictated by a true economy. The provisions thus being made for the insane, it is thought might, very properly, be extended, so as to also include epileptics.

Second. The statements herein made as to the care of the insane, are believed to apply equally to idiots. The condition of many of these in the county poor-houses, pointed out in my last, and alluded to in the preceding pages of this report, is truly deplorable. They are generally helpless persons, many of them aged and infirm, and would seem to be entitled to the same consideration and care as the chronic insane. Provision might be made for them upon the State farm, at Syracuse, or in some other locality, at a moderate expense, resulting in their better care, and, it is thought, without material increase in the cost of maintenance. The attainment of these results would seem to justify the expenditure.

Third. It is the general testimony of officers connected with the county poor-houses, that the greatest obstacle to their improvement, is the admission of able-bodied vagrants. The number of this class, especially during the winter months, is quite large; and, besides exerting a deleterious influence on the other inmates, they also largely increase the local burdens.

The rules for admission to the poor-houses are loose, and often subject the officers and keepers to imposition. It would seem that every applicant for public aid, unless with well marked infirmity or disease, should be submitted to medical examination, and, if found to be able-bodied, committed to a work-house. The establishment of such institutions, properly distributed throughout the State, in which should be conducted a well regulated system of labor, is believed to be urgently demanded. Until this can be accomplished, the separation of vagrants from the other inmates might be temporarily effected by means of the several county lunatic asylums, many of which are now unoccupied.

Fourth. It will be observed by the tables in this and preceding reports, that the number of children in the county poor-houses has largely diminished within the past three years. In my intercourse with the superintendents of the poor and other county officers, I have urged upon them the advantages to be gained by placing this class of dependents in orphan asylums, or providing for them, temporarily,

in families, and, in most cases, with gratifying results. During the past year, large numbers have been transferred to these institutions, or placed out by adoption. The efforts of benevolent persons and various associations, throughout the State, are also doing much for this class, and it is thought, that within a short time, all dependent children will be thus supported.

The removal from the county poor-houses of the several classes of persons above referred to, would wholly change the character and condition of these institutions. They could then be readily made comfortable homes for the aged, infirm and sick poor. In this event, they would soon attract the notice of the charitable, and, it is thought, might well be placed under the control and management of benevolent individuals.

In justice to the superintendents of the poor, it should be stated that these officers, as well as the keepers, are, in the main, capable and efficient, and earnestly devoted to the welfare of those committed to their charge. Their labors, however, are interfered with and embarrassed by matters over which they have no control. The term of office is short, and subject to the frequent changes of parties, and the good intentions and designs of these officers, it is believed, are often thwarted by partizan influences. In no way, is it seen, can this be remedied, except by the transfer of the government of the poor-houses, and the administration of temporary aid, to the hands of non-partizan boards.

It is believed that suitable persons could be selected, in every county of the State, who would cheerfully perform, without compensation, all the services now rendered by the superintendents and overseers of the poor. This would place the poor-houses and the administration of temporary aid beyond the influences of party action; prevent the frequent changes of competent and faithful keepers; secure more generally the active co-operation of the charitable and benevolent for the relief of the poor, and result in their better care and greater economy in the expenditure.

It may be proper to add, that these views are concurred in largely by leading benevolent individuals and county officials throughout the State, and are believed to be wholly practicable. The orphan asylums, hospitals, dispensaries, etc., are controlled entirely by benevolent persons, and there seems to be no valid reason why the county poor-houses and the care of the poor generally may not be thus managed. This subject is deemed to be of the highest public importance, and is earnestly urged upon the consideration of the board. It is receiving my careful attention, and I trust to be able, hereafter, to present additional reasons for its adoption.

Albany County Poor-house.

The capacity of this institution has been enlarged, recently, by the erection of an additional, commodious and well arranged brick building. This is occupied by aged women and children, the basement being appropriated for general kitchen and dining purposes. The room thus furnished adds much to the comfort of the inmates, and facilitates a more extended and better classification.

It appears from the report, that the whole number of persons supported in the institution during the past year, was one thousand five hundred and eight. No statement as to the number temporarily relieved, or the expenditure, has been furnished.

Upon the occasion of my visit, there were three hundred and thirty-five inmates. Of these, seventy-two were lunatics, seven idiots, five epileptics, and sixty-nine children, nearly all the latter being under four years. The hospital contained twenty-eight sick, and there were a large number of aged persons, too infirm to leave their rooms. Only a few of the vagrant class were observed.

But little improvement has been made in the lunatic asylum. During the past year, thirty-five chronic insane women were transferred to the State institution at Ovid. This materially relieves the women's department; but the evils in the men's department, when last reported, viz., lack of room and imperfect ventilation, still largely exist.

A large proportion of the insane present were chronic cases. They are under the charge of paid attendants, and appear to be treated with kindness and consideration. The women were orderly and their rooms clean and well ventilated. The men's ward, however, was crowded, and the air hot and impure.

The keeper has been in charge, at present, only a few months, but has had several years previous experience in the house. The buildings, at the time of inspection, were clean in all their parts, and the grounds in good condition. The institution, it is believed, meets appropriately the wants of the poor of the county, except as to the insane. If these are to be retained, as heretofore, under local management, a more commodious and better arranged building is urgently needed.

Allegheny County Poor-house.

This institution was visited August 16th, at which time there were eighty-one inmates. Of these, twenty-four were lunatics, ten idiots, four blind, and five children under sixteen years. There were, also, six adult vagrants employed about the house, or upon the farm. The residue were aged and infirm men and women.

It is reported that one hundred and twenty three persons were supported in the institution the past year. The number temporarily relieved was sixty-six. The expenditures were, for support, \$6,106.27; for temporary aid, \$3,718.21; total, \$9,824.48.

The defects in the buildings, pointed out in my former report, viz., small, ill-arranged rooms and imperfect ventilation, still exist. There is a lack of accommodations for bathing, nor is classification practicable. The sexes are kept separated at night, but during the day, there is an indiscriminate association of all classes.

The apartments for the insane are small, and without the conveniences requisite for their proper care. All present were chronic cases. Eight require more or less restraint, and these were filthy in their persons and habits. It has been learned that seven of the insane were recently sent to the State asylum, at Ovid, and

that others will, probably, be transferred there, as soon as room is offered.

The idiots, except one, were adults, and most of them in advanced life. They were nearly all filthy, and several violent and destructive. None of these had ever received special training.

The house is under the charge of an experienced keeper; and, at the time of inspection, was clean in all its parts, including the yards and grounds. It appears to be as well kept as practicable, with the means at disposal, but a more suitable building is required.

Broome County Poor-house.

A new poor-house was erected in this county during the past year, on the site of the old one.

The plan of the building comprises a central edifice for the keeper's residence, a right wing for males and a left wing for females. The centre and right wing are completed and occupied, and, it is stated, the left wing will be soon erected. The males now occupy a portion of the old house.

The building is built of brick, and is three stories high. It is a plain and substantial structure, properly warmed and ventilated, and, when finished, will be fully adequate for the wants of the poor of the county.

The whole number of persons supported in the house the past year was three hundred, and the number temporarily aided during the same time, one thousand three hundred and forty-three. The total expenditure amounted to \$22,797.17; classified as follows: In connection with the house, \$8,785.64; for outside aid, \$14,011.53.

I visited the institution on the 27th of December, a few days after opening of the new building. There were then sixty-nine inmates. Ten of those were lunatics, fifteen idiots, and seven children; the latter being all infants. A few middle-aged, and apparently able-bodied, were observed, but most of those present appeared to be proper persons for public aid.

Fourteen chronic insane have been transferred to the State institution, at Ovid, since its establishment. Those remaining are quiet, harmless cases, but it is stated that these will be yielded to State custody, as soon as provision is made for their support. No special accommodations are provided for them in the new building.

The idiots are domiciled in a separate house. They are all aged, and many of them infirm. These appear to receive suitable attention and care.

The evils existing in this institution at the time of my former inspection, arising chiefly from indiscriminate association, have nearly all disappeared with the opening of the new building. The inmates are now properly classified. The aged, infirm and sick are provided with separate apartments, and much good judgment is shown in the furnishing and arrangements.

It should be observed, that the children, in December, 1869, were transferred to "The Susquehanna Valley Home," at Binghamton. Since then, all the dependents of this class in the county, of suitable age, have been placed in that institution; the supervisors making appropriations for their maintenance.

The keeper has occupied the place the past eight years, and appears to be thoroughly qualified for the position. At the time of inspection, the house was clean and in good order, and is believed to be well kept.

Cattaraugus County Poor-house.

The building in process of erection in this county, at the date of my last inspection, was completed and occupied in January, 1869.

It is a plain, well built stone edifice, three stories in height, and thirty by forty feet on the ground. The first story is appropriated for kitchen and dining purposes, the second for the keeper and his family, and the third for the insane. It is warmed by a furnace, well ventilated, and abundantly supplied with water on each story, brought by pipes from springs. The old house has been moved near this building, and is in part occupied.

There were, it is reported, four hundred persons supported and relieved in the county during the past year. Of these, one hundred and five were maintained in the house, and two hundred and ninety-five aided at their homes. The expenditures were, for support, \$7,768.83; for temporary relief, \$7,360.93; total, \$15,129.76.

I visited the institution on the 11th of August, when there were seventy-three inmates, including eight children and twenty-seven insane. The others were, generally, middle-aged persons, most of them the victims of intemperance and debauchery; and it was said, that but few of them had ever occupied respectable stations in society.

The insane were nearly all chronic cases, and several of them among the oldest residents of the house. Those in the new building were quiet, orderly, and clean in their persons, but there were several in the old house who were noisy, filthy and destructive. The latter were mostly confined in cells.

The county authorities, it was stated, desire to retain their chronic insane, as heretofore, under local control, and, thus far, have declined to send any of this class to the State asylum. The new building will properly accommodate twenty-four quiet, orderly cases, but is wholly unsuited for the detention of excited and violent insane. If these are to be retained, the out-buildings should be adapted to their use, and suitable attendants employed.

A keeper of over ten years' experience has the management of the institution. The new edifice, at the time of inspection, was clean throughout, and the supplies appeared to be proper and adequate. The completion of the repairs to the old buildings, as contemplated, will render the institution a comfortable and well conditioned home for the poor of the county.

Cayuga County Poor-house.

At my visit to this institution, on the 20th of July, every part of it, including the yards and grounds, was in most excellent order, and very clean. The building has been recently repaired, and improve-

ments made in the part appropriated to the insane, and better arrangements introduced for heating and ventilation.

It is stated that four hundred and forty-three persons were maintained in the house the past year. The number temporarily aided was two thousand and eighty-one. The expenditure for the former amounted to \$14,911.80; for the latter, \$16,319.90; total, \$31,231.70.

There were present, at the time of inspection, twenty-five insane, five idiots, and seventy other inmates. The latter were nearly all aged, sick or infirm. No able-bodied adults were observed. The dependent children of the county are provided for in the orphan asylum at Auburn, under agreement with the board of supervisors.

This county was among the first to avail itself of the accommodation of the State asylum for the chronic insane. Twenty-four of this class have been transferred to that institution since its opening. Those retained are mostly quiet, orderly cases, and the apartments and means employed for their care appear to be adequate.

A keeper of large experience is in charge of the institution, and its affairs seem to be managed intelligently and in order. The house is commodious and well arranged, and abundantly furnished with conveniences and comforts.

Chautauqua County Poor-house.

The erection of the present house was commenced in 1869, and completed and opened in April last. The building is a modern style three story and basement brick edifice, one hundred and four feet front by sixty-eight feet deep, with a rear centre wing, two stories high, and twenty-two feet wide by fifty-seven feet long. It is well planned and arranged, properly warmed and ventilated, and has water on each story, brought by pipes from springs. It will accommodate and suitably classify two hundred and fifty inmates, besides furnishing rooms for offices and apartments for the keeper and his family.

The lunatic asylum, situated near the main building, was erected in 1867. This is a three story brick structure, one hundred by

thirty feet in area, and has accommodations for sixty-eight persons. It is in fine repair, with excellent arrangements for warming and ventilation, and abundantly supplied with water and the conveniences for bathing. The entire buildings, exclusive of furnishing, it is stated, were erected at a cost of about \$70,000.

It appears from the report of the superintendents, that three hundred and twelve persons were supported in the house the past year, at an expenditure of \$7,192.11. The disbursements for temporary relief were \$13,548.20, but the number thus aided is not stated. The total expenditures on account of the poor of the county, therefore, were \$20,740.31.

The institution was visited on the 13th of August. It then contained one hundred and eighty-four inmates. Fifty-eight of these were lunatics, the others being, mainly, aged persons, many of whom were sick or infirm. No able-bodied adult vagrants were observed.

All the insane were of the chronic class. They are under the supervision of a warden, with his wife as matron, and are visited daily by the attending physician. None were in confinement, or close restraint. All were well clad, and generally orderly and clean in their persons. Their food appeared to be good, and provided in abundance. Appropriate amusements are furnished, and those able to labor are suitably employed.

The authorities of this county have not, as yet, sent any of the chronic insane to the State institution, and it was learned that they desire for the present, at least, to retain this class under local control. The building and means employed for their care appear to be sufficient and proper for this purpose, and it is believed, they are kindly and intelligently managed.

The institution in all its appointments and adaptations, is probably the best of this class of public charities in the State, and, justly, the pride of the citizens of the county. The main building, as well as the asylum, is ornamented with pictures, paintings and maps, and house plants are cultivated in nearly all the rooms. The furnishing is

largely the work of the inmates, and is substantial, appropriate and comfortable. The grounds are underdrained, well laid out, and being planted.

An experienced and thoroughly qualified keeper is in charge. At the time of my visit, the buildings and grounds were in excellent condition, and, throughout, models of neatness, order and apparent good administration.

Chemung County Poor-house.

I visited this institution on the 9th of July, and found it in an excellent state of cleanliness and order. The building is commodious, in good repair, and suitably furnished. It is surrounded by well-kept yards and grounds, and presents a neat and attractive appearance.

There were forty-eight inmates. Included in these were five insane, six young children, and twelve aged and infirm men and women. A few middle aged were observed, but these were generally sick, or the victims of intemperate habits.

It is reported that one hundred and sixty-seven persons were maintained in the house the past year. The expenditure for these was \$4,944.44; for temporary aid, \$5,578.66; total, \$10,523.10.

This county early commenced the transfer of the chronic insane to the State asylum. Sixteen have been sent to that institution since its opening. Those retained are quiet, mild cases, requiring no restraint, and are suitably provided for with the other inmates.

The keeper has occupied the place the past six years, and exhibits proper qualifications for the position.

Chenango County Poor-house.

This house was visited on the 23d of July, and the cleanliness and good order, in all its parts, referred to in my last report, including also the grounds and yards, were then apparent.

Of the inmates present, sixteen were lunatics, eight idiots, three blind, and seven children under sixteen years. There were, also,

quite a large number of aged and infirm, of both sexes, but none of the adult vagrant class.

The whole number of persons in the institution the past year, was one hundred and forty-five, and the number temporarily aided, three hundred and forty-eight. The expenditures were, in connection with the house, \$5,919.86; otherwise, \$3,489.43; total, \$9,409.29.

As yet, this county has sent but one chronic insane person to the State asylum. It was said that the authorities desire to retain this class of dependents, for the present, at least, under local management. They occupy a comfortable building, and are in the charge of suitable attendants. Most of them are mild, harmless cases, and their wants, including attention to diet, cleanliness, etc., appear to be properly met.

The institution is supervised by a keeper of over seven years' experience. The house is commodious, in good repair, and well designed for its purposes. It is suitably furnished, supplied with every needed comfort, and, it is believed, meets appropriately the needs of the poor of the county.

Clinton County Poor-house.

The condition of this house remains about the same as last reported. If possible, the defects then enumerated are more apparent, and the whole structure more dilapidated; nor is there any improvement in the character of its occupants.

The number of persons supported in the institution the past year, was one hundred and fifty-six; and one thousand four hundred and fifteen were aided otherwise. The expenditures were as follows: For maintenance in the house, \$6,036.36; for temporary relief, \$18,434.57; total, \$24,470.93.

At the date of my visit, September 6th, there were seventy-one inmates. Of these, fifteen were lunatics and seventeen idiots. Aside from a few aged, the residue were of the lowest class of ignorant, debased and vulgar persons. It was stated that the sexes

were kept separate at night, but during the day the association is unrestricted.

The insane were found to be in the most wretched condition. Five were confined in small dark, ill-ventilated cells. These were generally filthy and destructive. I urged their transfer to the State asylum at Ovid, and learn that they have, since then, been removed.

The house is under the charge of a keeper of limited experience, but appears to be as well kept as practicable with the means at his disposal. At the best, however, it is a miserable abode for the poor, discreditable to the county, and a blot upon our system of public charities.

Columbia County Poor-house.

The number of persons supported in this institution the past year, as shown by the superintendent's report, was five hundred and fifty-two. Outside relief was also extended to two hundred and forty-one. The expenditures were, for maintenance in the house, \$12,159.42; for other aid, \$1,025.65; total, \$13,185.07.

No occasion has offered to visit the institution during the year. The building is a substantial brick edifice, and, when last inspected, was in fine repair, and suitably furnished. It is reported to be still in good preservation, and well conditioned for its purposes.

This county was the first to begin the removal of its chronic insane to the Willard Asylum, upon its opening. Since then, it has placed several of the more excitable and violent of this class in that institution. Those retained are said to be quiet and harmless cases. The number of such, at the close of the year, was sixteen. It is reported that a portion of these will be transferred to State custody as soon as room is offered.

Cortland County Poor-house.

This house, though long in use, and considerably dilapidated, is under the charge of an experienced and competent keeper, and at the time of inspection, July 21st, was neat and clean in all its parts.

There were present sixty-one inmates. Of these, ten were insane,

three idiots, and two epileptics. A few persons of middle life, and apparently vagrant, were seen, but the proportion of aged and infirm was quite large.

It is shown by the superintendent's report, that one hundred and three persons were provided for in the house during the past year. The number temporarily relieved was two hundred and twenty-eight. The total expenditures amounted to \$8,903.12, as follows: For support, \$4,482.08; other aid, \$4,421.04.

The defects in the lunatic asylum, enumerated in my last report of the institution, have, since then, been partially remedied. Better arrangements have been introduced for heating and ventilation, and the offensive closets removed. The yards have also been enlarged, improved and planted.

All the insane present were chronic cases. Two were confined in cells, and one, a man, was nearly nude. The others were quiet and orderly, and it was said, require but little attention. I urged the removal of the violent cases to the State institution, and was assured that they would be sent there as soon as accommodations could be secured.

The idiots and epileptics, all aged, were represented as troublesome. The latter are violent at times, and, therefore, generally held in close restraint.

It is deemed proper to note the special care shown to the aged and infirm. These are provided with separate and comfortably furnished apartments and receive marked attention. It should be added, also, that the children were recently transferred to the orphan asylum, at Binghamton, where they are now maintained by the county authorities.

Delaware County Poor-house.

I visited this institution on the 6th of July, in company with Commissioner Miller. There were then fifty-eight inmates, classified as follows: Lunatics, fourteen; idiots, twelve; epileptic, one; blind, two; deaf and dumb, one; aged, infirm and sick, twenty-eight.

It is reported by the superintendents, that one hundred and twenty-nine persons were supported in the house during the past year. The number otherwise aided was two hundred and ninety-nine. The expenditures were, for maintenance, \$4,301.66; for temporary aid, \$5,498.69; total, \$9,800.35.

The condition of the institution remains nearly the same as last reported. The principal building is in good preservation, plainly but comfortably furnished, and was found in a fair state of cleanliness. The lunatic asylum, however, is defective, both in arrangement and construction, and offers but few conveniences for the proper custody of the insane.

All of those present were chronic cases. Four were represented as violent and destructive, and one was confined in a cell. They associate freely with the other inmates, including the idiots, and receive no special care. Nearly all were disorderly, and filthy in their persons and habits.

The authorities were urged to early remove a portion of the insane, at least, to the Willard Asylum. It has been learned that six of them, since then, have been sent to that institution, that the others will probably be soon placed there, and the system of local support discontinued.

It should be added, that during the past year, the dependent children were transferred to the Orphan Asylum, at Binghamton, and that arrangements have been made by the authorities for the removal of others there, as occasion may seem to require.

The house is under the charge of a keeper of limited experience, but seems to be well kept.

Dutchess County Poor-house.

At my visit to this institution, on the 28th of November, there were ninety-three inmates. Fifteen of these were lunatics, two epileptics, and nine children, all the latter being infants. The others were mostly aged, infirm, or sick.

It appears from the superintendent's report that two hundred and

thirty-nine persons were maintained in the house the past year. The number relieved at their homes was seventy. The expenditures were, in connection with the house, \$17,133.94; other aid, \$1,094.60; total, \$18,228.54.

The building is a commodious edifice, in good repair, and meets very properly the objects for which it is applied. Improvements have been recently made in the heating, ventilation and for bathing; and a more extended classification of the inmates effected. The sexes are kept separate at all times, and the sick provided with hospital conveniences and comforts.

The authorities of the county early accepted the State provision for the chronic insane. Twenty-four of this class have been sent to the Willard Asylum, at Ovid, since its opening. Those still held are generally quiet, orderly cases. They occupy comfortable, well conditioned apartments, and appear to receive suitable attention and care. It was stated, however, that these would probably be transferred to State custody, as soon as provision is made for them, and the system of local support be abandoned.

The institution is under the general supervision of the county superintendent of the poor, residing upon the premises. The present officer has occupied the place the past six years. A keeper is in the immediate charge. The house, at the time of inspection, was in an excellent condition of neatness and order, and the inmates well supplied.

Erie County Poor-house.

I visited this institution December 8th, at which time there were five hundred and five inmates. One hundred and forty-five of these were lunatics; nineteen idiots; twenty-five epileptics; thirty-two children; and sixty-eight sick. The others were principally the aged and infirm classes.

It is reported that one thousand six hundred and thirty-six persons were maintained in the institution the past year, and that temporary aid was extended to seven thousand eight hundred and seventy

others. The expenditure for the former was \$47,031.31 ; for the latter, \$80,230.54 ; total, \$127,261.85.

The buildings are commodious, furnishing separate apartments for the various classes, and hospital accommodations for the sick. These were described at length in my report of 1868, and are now in good condition. The capacity of the lunatic asylum, since then, has been increased by the erection of a moderate sized detached building, and better arrangements have been introduced throughout for heating, ventilation and bathing.

A large proportion of the insane present were chronic cases. They were generally well clad and clean, and their rooms neat and in good order. But few were in restraint, and none confined in cells.

Only one chronic insane person has been sent from this county to the Willard Asylum, since its opening, and it was learned that the authorities desire to provide for this class as heretofore, under local control. They are supervised by intelligent and experienced officers, and it is believed receive excellent care, including proper diet and medical attendance. If retained, however, the buildings will require further enlargement. It was stated that this is in contemplation. It should be added, that the care given to the insane, is also extended to the idiots and epileptics.

The keeper has been in charge the past three years. The other officers are a resident physician and a superintendent and matron of the insane department. All these have had large experience, the superintendent having held the position for nearly twenty years. At the time of my visit, the whole institution was a model of cleanliness, good order, and apparent excellent administration.

Essex County Poor-house.

This house was found in nearly the same condition as last reported. It is small, badly arranged, imperfectly ventilated, and without the conveniences for bathing, or facilities for classification. The sexes are separated at night, but during the day the association is unrestrained.

The number of inmates the past year was one hundred and fifty-

four. The expenditure was \$5,451.15. Four hundred and thirty-two were also temporarily aided, at a cost of \$7,850.01, the total disbursements thus amounting to \$13,301.16.

At my visit, on the 5th of September, there were thirty-eight present, of whom eleven were lunatics, five idiots, and twelve children under sixteen years. A few adult vagrant persons were noticed, but the residue were mostly aged, sick, or infirm.

All of the insane were cases of long standing. One was confined in a cell, and it was stated that three of the others, at times, require to be thus restrained. These were filthy in their habits and persons. The balance were clean, quiet and orderly, and five of them represented as good laborers.

The house has been in charge of the present keeper the past seven years. At the time of inspection, it was clean in all its parts, and appeared to be well kept. The rooms devoted to the aged and sick were comfortably furnished, and the care and attention shown to these are deemed worthy of special note. The building, however, is inadequate for its purposes, but it was learned that it would probably be soon enlarged and improved.

It should be added, that this county, thus far, has sent but one chronic insane person to the Willard Asylum. The house affords no suitable accommodations for this class, and their presence greatly embarrasses its management. I urged the early removal of the more violent cases to the State institution, but have not learned, as yet, that any have been thus transferred.

Franklin County Poor-house.

The erection of a new building was commenced in this county, near the site of the old one, in May last. Upon the occasion of my visit, September 7th, the walls were up, the other work well advanced, and its early completion anticipated.

The edifice consists of a central building for the keeper and his family, and a right and a left wing, one for males and one for females. The entire structure presents a front of one hundred and forty-five

feet. The centre has a depth of sixty-five, and the wings each forty-five feet. It is built of brick, three stories in height, and designed to furnish room for two hundred inmates.

The building will be heated by steam, and contain good kitchen dining and hospital accommodations. It is being well arranged for ventilation, and will be supplied with water on each story, brought by pipes from springs. The grounds are thoroughly underdrained, and the sewerage is adequate. The location is healthy, pleasant and commanding.

At the time of inspection there were sixty-one inmates. Of these, six were lunatics, five idiots, and seven children. The others were principally aged and infirm.

The whole number of persons supported and relieved the past year was four hundred and seventy-five. Ninety-four of these were maintained in the house, and three hundred and eighty-one aided outside. The expenditures were, for support, \$2,909.47; for temporary relief, \$5,872.21; total, \$8,781.68.

Among the first to accept the State accommodations for the chronic insane, the county has sent six of this class to the Willard Asylum, since its opening. The remaining cases are quiet and orderly, requiring but little special care. It was said, however, that these would probably be transferred to State custody, as room is offered.

The institution is under the charge of a keeper of large experience, and is evidently well managed. The new building, when finished, in accordance with the plans adopted, will be fully adequate for its purposes, and creditable alike to its projectors and the county.

Fulton County Poor-house.

The inmates of this institution are maintained by the county superintendent of the poor, under contract with the board of supervisors. This practice has prevailed in the county for several years, and, it is said, with satisfactory results. The present incumbent has held the position nearly five years. He receives, at present, one dollar and eighty-eight cents per week, above the products of the county farm,

for each person supported. The usual charges of superintendents of the poor for other services are also allowed.

One hundred and thirty-four persons were supported in the house the past year, and ninety-seven relieved outside. The expenditure for the former, was \$10,431.00; for the latter, \$3,960.00; total, \$14,391.00.

When visited, August 31st, the house contained forty-seven inmates. Two of these were lunatics, three idiots, four blind, and six children. All the others, because of age, infirmity, or disease, appeared to be proper persons for public aid.

The building is old, but in good repair, and appropriately furnished. It was remarkably neat and clean, in all its parts, and the yards and grounds were in excellent order. The food was examined and found to be suitable and abundant. The inmates were comfortably clad, and, it is believed, receive generous treatment and care.

It should be added, that the authorities of this county transferred thirteen chronic insane to the Willard Asylum, at Ovid, soon after its opening, thus early abandoning the system of local support of this class. The two cases still held, are quiet and orderly, and seem to require no special attention.

Genesee County Poor-house.

This institution supported during the past year, one hundred and eighty-one persons, for whom \$4,489.51 were expended. Seven hundred and ninety-seven were also temporarily aided, at a cost of \$2,682.33. The total disbursements for the poor of the county, therefore, amounted to \$7,171.84.

It was visited on the 10th of August. There were, at this time, seventy-six inmates. Included in these were twenty-five lunatics, ten idiots, two epileptics, and thirteen children. Aside from a few adult vagrants, the residue were, mainly, aged, sick or crippled.

The buildings have been recently repaired and painted, and are in good condition. They are not adapted for an extended classification,

but admit of a separation of the sexes, and furnish, also, separate apartments for the sick and aged.

The lunatic asylum remains in the same general good condition as last reported. The yards and grounds are commodious. These are well planted, and kept neat and clean.

All of the insane but one were chronic cases, and several of them among the oldest residents of the house. Ten were being supported by their friends, and the residue at the public expense. They were generally without excitement, well clad and clean in their persons, and appeared to receive proper care. Four of the chronic class were recently transferred to the State institution.

The keeper has been in charge only a short time. The house, when inspected, was clean and in order, and the supplies appeared to be sufficient and proper.

Greene County Poor-house.

I visited this institution on the 29th of November, when there were one hundred and thirty-four inmates. Eighteen of these were lunatics, thirteen idiots, and four epileptics. There were, also, twenty-six children; the balance being principally aged and infirm.

The superintendents report the maintenance of two hundred and ninety-eight persons in the house during the past year, and the temporary aid of six hundred and fifty-seven others. The expenditure for the former amounted to \$8,195.81; for the latter, \$1,250.03; total, \$9,445.84.

The insane present were wholly chronic cases. Only two, as yet, have been transferred to the State asylum. It was said that the authorities prefer to provide for this class, mainly, under county management. When inspected, they were suitably clad, clean and orderly, and, it is believed, receive kind attention and care. If they are long retained, however, the building will require repairs; and should the number much increase, will need to be enlarged.

No special provision is made for the idiots. These were mostly adults, and several of them destructive and filthy. The children, as

far as practicable, are kept from the other inmates, and separate apartments are furnished for the aged, infirm and sick.

The institution is under the management of an experienced keeper. The building is old, but in a fair state of repair. At the time of my visit, it was well ordered and thoroughly neat and clean.

Hamilton County.

This county, as hereinbefore stated, assists its poor mainly by the means of temporary relief. No report as to the number thus aided, or the amount expended the past year, has been furnished.

Herkimer County Poor-house.

My visit to this institution was made August 29th, upon which occasion there were eighty-seven inmates. Of these, nine were insane, ten idiots, four blind, and eleven children. A few middle-aged, able-bodied, were observed, but the others were mostly in advanced life.

It is stated that two hundred and thirty-eight persons were maintained in the house during the past year. In this period three thousand and thirty-eight were also aided otherwise. The total expenditures amounted to \$30,579, chargeable as follows: For support, \$9,443.17; temporary relief, \$21,135.83.

This county early placed fifteen chronic insane in the State Asylum at Ovid. Since my visit, it is reported that six others have been transferred there, thus leaving only three of this class under local control. It is stated that these require no special care.

The general condition of the buildings remain nearly the same as last reported. They are old and considerably out of repair, but, at the time of inspection, were clean throughout, as well as the yards and grounds. The apartments formerly used for the insane have been remodeled and improved, and are now occupied by other inmates. This facilitates a better classification, and thus lessens many of the evils heretofore existing.

The institution is under the immediate supervision of the county

superintendent of the poor. The present officer has been in charge the past four years, and the management appears to be judicious and proper.

Jefferson County Poor-house.

The whole number of inmates in this institution the past year was three hundred and ninety-six. The number temporarily assisted was one thousand five hundred and twenty-four. The expenditures were: For support, \$13,702.60; other aid, \$37,526.64; total, \$51,229.24.

I visited the institution on the 8th of September. There were then one hundred and seventy-nine present, of whom twelve were idiots, and seventy-eight insane. The balance was composed largely of the aged, infirm and sick classes.

The building occupied by the insane is well designed and in fair condition. It is properly warmed and ventilated, has good accommodations for bathing, and is appropriately furnished. The grounds are spacious, finely laid out and planted, and kept clean.

All the insane were chronic cases. They were generally free from excitement, well clad and clean in their persons, and their apartments in good order. Thus far, none of this class have been transferred to State custody, and it was learned that it is desired to provide for them, as heretofore, under county management. They are intelligently supervised, and, it is believed, receive excellent care. It was said that the building would probably be soon enlarged so as to meet the increasing demands.

The other inmates are provided for in the main edifice. This is being extensively repaired and improved, and, when finished, will be sufficient and proper for its purposes.

The institution is under the immediate control of the county superintendent of the poor. The present officer has been in charge nearly ten years. At the time of inspection, it was in excellent order, and, throughout, a model of neatness and good administration.

Lewis County Poor-house.

This building is a substantial, well arranged three story brick edifice, nearly new, and in excellent repair. It is beautifully located, and surrounded by commodious and well kept yards. The keeper has had large experience, and upon the occasion of my visit, August 3d, it was in the highest state of cleanliness, and evident good management.

It appears from the report of the superintendents that the institution had in all ninety inmates the past year, and that two hundred and ninety-five were relieved outside. The house expenses were \$4,983.88; temporary expenses, \$4,242.01; total, \$9,225.89.

Of the forty-six inmates at the time of inspection, nineteen were lunatics, eight idiots, and six children. The others were principally aged men and women, and most of them intelligent and apparently respectable. Their apartments were suitably furnished, and the supplies appeared to be adequate and proper.

The insane were all chronic cases. They were well clad and clean, and generally quiet and orderly. No transfers of this class, as yet, have been made to the State institution, and it was said that the authorities desire to continue, for the present, the system of county support.

It should be added, that the lunatic asylum has been recently repaired, and newly furnished. The building meets very appropriately its purposes, and the insane seem to receive kind consideration and care.

Livingston County Poor-house.

This institution provided for three hundred and twenty-nine dependents the past year. One hundred and five persons were also temporarily relieved in the same time. The expenditure for the former was \$14,458.75; for the latter, \$3,326.06; total, \$17,784.81.

It was visited on the 18th of August, at which time, there were twenty-seven insane, two idiots, and seventy-nine other inmates. Sixteen of the latter were children. A few able-bodied

adults were noticed, but the balance was composed largely of sick, aged and infirm persons.

Since last reported, the building then in process of erection for the insane has been completed and occupied. This is a plain brick structure, two stories high, and thirty by fifty-six feet on the ground. It is warmed by a furnace, very well ventilated, and has good bathing arrangements. It is detached from the main edifice, properly inclosed, and will accommodate twenty-eight patients.

Those present were wholly chronic cases. They were generally orderly, comfortably clad and clean, and their apartments in good condition. Five were being maintained by their friends, and the residue at the public expense.

But one of this class, as yet, has been transferred to State custody, and it was said that the authorities prefer to continue the present plan of local support. They are under proper supervision, and appear to receive suitable attention and care.

The institution is the immediate charge of the county superintendent of the poor; the present incumbent having held the position nearly three years. At the time of inspection, the buildings, throughout, were in good repair, and, with the yards and grounds, exceedingly neat and clean.

Madison County Poor-house.

I visited this institution on the 22d of July. At that date there were one hundred and two inmates. Twenty-six of these were lunatics, and seventeen children. Among the others were a large number of aged persons, and several in middle life. A few of the latter were without apparent infirmity, or disease.

The whole number of persons supported in the house the past year was three hundred and eighty-three. The expenditure was \$9,418.07. No report as to the number temporarily aided, or the amount disbursed has been furnished.

The principal building is old and badly arranged. It is in fair condition, however, but at the best, poorly suited for its purpose. It

was learned that the early erection of a new building is contemplated.

All the insane were chronic cases, and many of them of long standing. Six of these, at times, require to be restrained, but none were found in close confinement. They were all well clad and clean, and their rooms in good order.

The buildings occupied by the insane have been recently repaired, and improved in the heating and ventilation. Better facilities have also been introduced for bathing, and suitable yards inclosed and planted. Five of the more violent cases were recently placed in the State Asylum, at Ovid, and it was said that the authorities design to soon transfer others.

No change in the keeper has occurred since last reported. At the time of inspection, the buildings were clean, and the inmates appeared to receive all the attention and care, practicable, with the conveniences at hand.

It should be added, that the board of supervisors, at its last annual meeting, decided to remove the children from the house, and provide for them in some other locality in the county. A moderate appropriation was made, and the State charity fund set apart for this purpose.

Monroe County Poor-house.

This institution was visited on the 12th of December, in company with Commissioner Anderson. It then contained three hundred and twenty-seven inmates. Twenty-three of these were quiet chronic insane, five idiots, and seventeen children. The balance was composed principally of sick and infirm persons, many of whom were in advanced life.

The institution is in the charge of an experienced keeper, and it is thought, well managed. The inmates were comfortably clothed, clean and well behaved. The sick are provided with good hospital accommodations. The buildings, however, are old and dilapidated, and wholly unsuited for classification. It was stated that new buildings would probably be soon erected.

It is reported that nine hundred and fifty-six persons were maintained in the house the past year. In the same period, three thousand eight hundred and forty-two were assisted otherwise. The expenditures were, for support, \$16,833.65; other aid, \$59,081.57; total, \$75,915.22.

The lunatic asylum, situated near the other buildings, is under the control and management of trustees, selected by the board of supervisors. It receives, by authority of the Legislature, both acute and chronic insane. The expenditures are met, in part, from the receipts of paying patients, and the balance by appropriations from the county treasury.

The building is a two story and basement brick edifice, erected in 1857. A moderate addition was made to it the past year, and steam heating apparatus introduced. It is still too small for the number of inmates, and defective in ventilation, bathing and dining arrangements. These defects can be remedied only by further enlarging and remodeling the entire structure.

At the time of inspection, there were ninety-two inmates. The rooms were crowded, and the more violent and excited occupied cells in the basement. These were filthy and destructive, but the others, generally, clean and orderly. Five were recent and the remainder chronic cases. Only two of the latter class, thus far, have been transferred to State custody.

The institution is under the charge of a resident physician, and the inmates appear to receive such attention and care as practicable with the means at disposal. The building, however, is wholly unsuited for its purposes, and if the insane are to be retained, as heretofore, under local management, it should be promptly enlarged and improved. Its condition, at present, is discreditable to the county, and, contrasted with its many other well-ordered and excellent charities, a standing reproach.

Montgomery County Poor-house.

This house was disposed of by the board of supervisors, as authorized by the Legislature, in 1866, and since then has been under private management. The inmates are maintained at stipulated rates, under agreement with the local authorities. The present owner and keeper is paid three dollars and fifty cents per week for the care of the insane and idiots, and two dollars and fifty cents for the others.

The total supported in the house the past year, was one hundred and forty-eight, and the number otherwise aided, three hundred. The entire expenditure was \$9,222. Of this amount \$8,900 were for maintenance, and \$325 for temporary relief.

At the date of visitation, August 30th, there were seventy-eight inmates. Twenty-four of these were lunatics, and three idiots. Of the others, nine were children, and the residue principally aged or sick.

The insane were all chronic cases, and most of them quiet and orderly. Nine of this class have been placed in the Willard Asylum at Ovid since its opening. It was learned that the others, probably, will be early transferred to the State, and the system of local support abandoned.

The buildings are old, but in fair condition, and appropriately furnished. The inmates were generally well clad and clean, and the supplies appeared to be adequate and proper. It would seem that they receive suitable attention and care.

Niagara County Poor-house.

Since last reported, this house has been extensively repaired and improved, and the entire structure is now in fine condition.

The institution supported five hundred and twenty-eight persons the past year. The number assisted outside was five thousand nine hundred and seventy-eight. The total expenditure amounted to \$34,858.81, as follows: permanent maintenance, \$13,568.22; other aid, \$21,290.59.

At my visit, on the 8th of August, there were one hundred and five inmates. Twenty-three of these were lunatics, seven idiots, and nineteen children. There seemed to be a total absence of the vagrant, slothful class, the residue being composed wholly of sick, aged and infirm.

The authorities of the county have transferred thirty-one chronic insane to the State institution at Ovid, since its opening. Those at present held are mild quiet cases, and have good apartments. They were suitably clad and clean, and, it is believed, received kind and considerate attention.

The present keeper has had the supervision of the house nearly three years. It is commodious, pleasantly situated, and well adapted for its purposes. The grounds are finely laid out and ornamented, giving to the place an air of neatness and comfort.

When inspected, the institution was in perfect order, and, throughout a model of cleanliness and evident good management.

Oneida County Poor-house.

The whole number of persons maintained in this institution the past year, was nine hundred and eighty-one. During the same period three thousand three hundred and forty were also temporarily relieved. The expenditures were, in connection with the house, \$28,330.61; other aid, \$26,329.92; total, \$54,660.53.

I visited the institution on the 4th of August. The number of inmates then was two hundred and forty-three. One hundred and seventeen of these were lunatics, eight idiots, and twelve children. The others were, exclusively, sick, infirm and aged.

The building, a commodious three story brick edifice, remains in the same excellent condition as last reported. It is properly warmed and ventilated, has good facilities for bathing, and admits of strict classification. The location is pleasant and commanding, and the grounds are well laid out, underdrained, and planted.

The lunatic asylum has been extensively repaired, during the past year, and an additional two-story and basement brick building erected.

This is eighty-five by thirty-five feet on the ground. It is well planned, substantially built, and furnished with modern improvements. The entire edifice will accommodate one hundred and thirty-five inmates.

No insane are retained, except chronic cases. At the time of inspection they were remarkably orderly, comfortably clothed and clean, and their apartments in fine condition. Thus far, none of this class have been transferred to State custody, and it was learned that the county authorities desire to provide for them, permanently, under local control. The building is well designed for its purposes, suitably furnished, and, it is believed, the attendance and other means employed for their care are sufficient and proper.

The institution is under the control of an experienced officer, and, at the time of inspection, was in the highest state of cleanliness and good administration.

Onondaga County Poor-house.

I visited this institution on the 14th of December. Including seventy-one lunatics, there were then one hundred and ninety-eight inmates. A few children were observed, the others being largely aged, sick and infirm.

It is stated that five hundred and sixty-three persons were maintained in the institution the past year. The number temporarily assisted was three thousand six hundred and ninety-six. The expenditures were: For full support, \$17,585.41; partial aid, \$72,954.99; total, \$90,540.40.

The main edifice has been recently extended and repaired, and better arrangements have been introduced for heating, ventilation and bathing. A portion of the building has been set apart for the sick, and properly adjusted to their wants. The entire structure is in good condition, suitably furnished, and well adapted for its purposes.

It should be stated also that an additional building has been erected for the insane since last reported. The old asylum has

been extensively repaired, newly furnished, and good yards enclosed. The increased room thus given relieves the heretofore crowded condition of this class, and affords better facilities for their classification.

The insane present were wholly chronic cases. All were orderly, well clad and clean, and their rooms in fine condition. They are under the charge of paid attendants, and appear to receive good care. As yet, none of this class have been transferred to the State Asylum, and it was said that the authorities prefer to continue the present system of local support. The building and means employed for their care are deemed to be suitable and adequate.

The institution has the services of an experienced keeper, and is thought to be under good management. At the time of my visit, the buildings and grounds, in all their parts, were in excellent order, and the inmates provided with every needed comfort and attention.

Ontario County Poor-house.

This house has been in use for several years, but is well preserved. Improvements have been recently made in the ventilation, and better arrangements introduced for bathing. Hospital accommodations have also been provided for the sick, and separate apartments furnished for the infirm and aged. The grounds are spacious, well laid out, and handsomely decorated.

The whole number of persons supported the past year, was two hundred and forty. One thousand one hundred and three were also temporarily aided. The expenditures were, for house maintenance, \$10,700.37; outside relief, \$6,834.97; total, \$17,535.34.

At the date of inspection, July 16th, there were one hundred and five inmates. Three of these were insane, twelve idiots, and nineteen children. The balance was composed mainly of persons sick or in advanced life. Many of the latter, it was stated, had been inmates for a long time.

The authorities of this county early commenced the transfer of the chronic insane to the Willard Asylum. Thirty-three of this class

have been placed in that institution since its opening. The system of local support, therefore, is practically abandoned, those retained being all mild, harmless cases, requiring no special attention.

It should be added that the apartments previously occupied by the insane, are now appropriated to other inmates. This not only relieves the hitherto pressing demands for room, but gives the means for a better classification.

Upon the occasion of my visit, the institution was in the charge of an experienced and well qualified keeper. The buildings were clean throughout, the inmates properly clad and orderly, and furnished with the comforts and conveniences suited to their various conditions.

Orange County Poor-house.

A most gratifying improvement has been made in this institution since last reported. The buildings have been extensively altered and repaired, the defects in the heating and ventilation remedied, and excellent arrangements perfected for water supply. The adjoining grounds have also been well laid out and ornamented, and the whole place rendered pleasant and attractive.

There were three hundred and forty persons in all supported in the institution the past year, and fifty-seven aided otherwise. The total expenditures amounted to \$19,781.60. Of this sum, \$17,907.14 were for maintenance, and \$1,874.46 for temporary relief.

At the date of my visit, November 18th, there were two hundred and one inmates. Sixteen of these were lunatics and twenty-three children. The residue were mostly the aged and infirm classes.

The county authorities began the transfer of the chronic insane to the Willard Asylum, soon after its opening, and since then thirteen of the more violent and excited of this class have been placed in that institution. Those retained are quiet orderly cases, and, it was said, require no special care. The building appropriated for their use has been repaired and newly furnished, and is in good condition.

The keeper has been in charge only the past year, but has had an extended experience in the management of other public institutions.

The buildings, including the insane asylum and grounds, when inspected, were remarkably neat and clean, and the supplies appeared to be abundant and proper.

It should be added, that these improvements in the institution have been made, principally, during the administration of the present keeper.

Orleans County Poor-house.

This institution was visited on the 8th of August. The number of inmates then was seventy-six. Twelve of these were children, the residue being mainly persons in advanced life. Eleven were lunatics, and eight idiots.

It appears that the whole number of inmates, the past year, was two hundred and fifty-six. The expenditure for these was \$5,961.94. The number temporarily aided was five hundred and eight, and the disbursements, \$3,460.71. The total expenditures therefore amounted to \$9,422.65.

All the insane were in the chronic stage of the disease. They were orderly and clean, and several at work upon the farm, and about the house. Six of the more disturbed of this class were recently transferred to the Willard Asylum; and it was stated that the balance would probably be soon removed there, and the system of local maintenance wholly abandoned.

The institution is under the immediate control of the county superintendent of the poor, residing on the premises. The present officer has been in charge the past ten years. It is pleasantly located, and surrounded by well improved and good conditioned grounds. All the buildings, however, except the one devoted to the children, are old, and rendered comfortable only by frequent repairs. At the time of inspection they were neat and clean in all their parts, and the institution under evident good management.

It is thought proper to add, that the authorities design to erect new buildings, at an early day.

Oswego County Poor-house.

A new poor-house was erected in this county the past year and opened in December last. The building, situated near the site of the old one, is a plain two-story and high basement brick structure, well planned and built, and contains modern improvements for heating, ventilation and bathing. It will accommodate and properly classify one hundred persons.

The number of inmates the past year was one hundred and fifty-four, and temporary relief was extended to seven hundred and thirty-six. The expenditures were: For support in the house, \$9,384.64; for other aid, \$12,108.88; total, \$21,493.52.

At my visit to the institution, on the 9th of September, there were thirty-one present, exclusive of the insane. These were nearly all aged, and several of them sick and infirm. They were occupying the old house, the new building being then unfinished.

The lunatic asylum is a comfortable brick edifice, surrounded by spacious and well kept yards, and was in the same fine condition as when last reported. The number of insane was twenty-seven, all of whom were chronic cases. They are under the supervision of paid attendants, were well clothed and clean in their persons, and generally free from excitement.

Only one of this class of insane, as yet, has been transferred to the State institution. It was said that the authorities prefer to provide for them, for the present, under local control, and the building and means employed for their care are deemed to be adequate.

The institution has the services of an experienced keeper, and appears to be under excellent management. The new building is finely adapted to its purposes, and ranks among the best of this class of public charities in the State. It supplies a much needed and long felt want for the poor, and is creditable to its designers and the county.

Otsego County Poor-house.

I made an inspection of this institution on the 7th of July. The buildings have been recently repaired, and are in a fair condition.

They have been long in use, however, and will need to be soon replaced.

The number of inmates was one hundred and twenty-four. Of these, twenty-three were lunatics, nineteen idiots, and twenty-one children. The balance was composed principally of persons in advanced life, thirty-eight being over fifty years old.

It is stated that the house maintained two hundred and thirty-nine persons in all, during the past year, and that seventy-seven were temporarily assisted otherwise. The expenditures were: For support, \$10,612.70; for other aid, \$1,833.10; total, \$12,445.80.

No material change has been made in the lunatic asylum since last reported. The building is small, badly arranged, and highly defective in ventilation. An improvement, however, was observed in the condition of the insane, all of whom were chronic cases. They were properly clad and clean, mostly free from excitement, and their rooms generally in good order. It is believed that they are treated with kindness, and receive all the care practicable with the means at hand.

Thus far, only one of this class of insane has been sent to the State asylum. The intention of the authorities, as to the transfer of others, has not been learned. If they are to be retained under county management, a more suitable building should be provided, and attendants employed. It is thought, also, that better provision should be made for the idiots, many of whom are aged, and need special care.

The keeper has been in charge the past three years. At my visit, the buildings and adjoining grounds were clean, throughout, and the institution, apparently under good management.

Putnam County Poor-house.

This house supported eighty-six persons the past year, at a cost of \$2,129.96. Eight hundred and fourteen were also temporarily aided, involving an expenditure of \$2,275.34; the entire disbursements thus amounting to \$4,397.04.

The institution was visited on the 26th of November. Including six lunatics, there were then thirty-four inmates. A few children were observed among these, but the proportion of adults was quite large.

All the insane were mild cases of long standing. One of this class was recently transferred to the State asylum, and, it was reported, that the authorities contemplated the speedy removal of the others. The house affords no special accommodations for their care.

The keeper, selected by the board of supervisors, has been in charge several years. The building is old and much dilapidated; but, at the time of inspection, it was neat and clean, and the inmates well supplied.

Queens County Poor-house.

I have been unable to visit this institution the past year. The superintendents report the maintenance of four hundred and five persons, in all, during the year, and the temporary aid of three hundred and seventy-five others. The expenditure for the former was \$9,086.77; for the latter, \$971.44; total, \$10,058.21.

Rensselaer County Poor-house.

This institution was visited October 21st, upon which occasion it contained one hundred and twenty-three inmates. Fourteen of these were lunatics and twelve idiots. Of the others, twenty-five were infant children, the residue being largely aged and infirm.

It maintained in the whole four hundred and ninety inmates during the past year, at an expenditure of \$18,753.19. The number temporarily relieved, exclusive of the city of Troy, was one thousand six hundred and twenty-six, and the cost, \$19,028.13. The total disbursements, therefore, amounted to \$37,783.32.

The buildings are old and much worn. They are in fair repair, however, but not properly designed for their purposes. It was stated that new buildings would, probably, soon be erected.

It will be observed, that the number of insane has materially

diminished since last reported. Several of this class have been placed in the Marshall Infirmary, at Troy, and five were recently transferred to the State asylum, at Ovid. Those retained are exclusively chronic cases. They were all very quiet and well behaved, comfortably clothed and clean, and their apartments in good order.

The present keeper assumed the control of the institution the past year, but has had three years' previous experience in its management. The buildings when inspected were clean throughout, and the adjoining yards and grounds in fine condition.

It should be added, that the sick and children of suitable age, dependent upon the public for support, are appropriately provided for in the various charitable institutions of Troy, the expenses being defrayed by appropriations from the county treasury.

Richmond County Poor-house.

I visited this institution on the 21st of November. The building is old, but in good repair, and meets very properly the present requirements. It is pleasantly located, and surrounded by well planted and good conditioned grounds.

It furnished support for two hundred and nineteen persons during the past year, and at the same time aided one hundred and seventy-three others. There were expended, for the house, etc., \$8,773.33; for temporary relief, \$5,265.74; total, \$14,039.07.

The number of inmates on the day of inspection, was eighty-six. Of these, twenty-three were children and eleven lunatics. The balance was composed principally of aged persons, most of whom were sick or infirm.

All the insane were cases of long standing. One of these, a man, was in an out-building, where, it was stated, he had been confined nearly seventeen years. This case was fully alluded to in my former report, since which time, no improvement has occurred. He was entirely nude, filthy and destructive, and, apparently, hopelessly crippled by the long confinement. The attention of the county authorities was called to his wretched condition, and his immediate

removal, to the Willard Asylum, urged. It has been learned that, since then, he has been transferred to that institution. The balance of the insane were quiet, orderly cases, associating with the other inmates, and seemed to require no special attention.

The house is under the control of a lady who has been in charge nearly three years. At the time of my visit, it was clean and well ordered throughout, and the inmates abundantly supplied.

Rockland County Poor-house.

There were maintained in this institution, the past year, two hundred and nine persons, and one hundred and seventy-three were otherwise aided. The expenditure for house support was \$4,563.24; for temporary relief, \$1,685; total, \$6,248.24.

I visited the institution November 19th, when it contained fifty-one inmates. Ten of these were lunatics, four idiots, and three epileptics. Aside from a few children, the others were wholly aged and infirm.

The buildings consist of two frame dwellings adjoining. These are old and need slight repairs, yet are quite comfortable. They are plainly but well furnished, the beds and bedding being remarkably good. The location is pleasant, and the grounds are well laid out and decorated.

All the insane were quiet chronic cases. They have very good departments, distinct from the other inmates, and appear to be supplied with every needed comfort. As yet, none of this class have been transferred to the State.

The present keeper has been in charge nearly ten years. Upon the occasion of my visit, the buildings throughout were models of neatness and good order, and the inmates well clad and clean. The food was examined and found to be substantial, healthful and abundant. The institution is believed to be under excellent management, and the standard of attention and care proper and adequate.

Saratoga County Poor-house.

The erection of a new house was begun in this county in 1869. Its plan contemplates a front building, one hundred and ten feet in length, and two wings extending to the rear, each ninety feet long by thirty feet wide. One wing is built and occupied, but no work has been done on the other portions. The building is to be of brick, two stories high; and, when completed, according to the plans adopted, will be adequate for the requirements of the county.

A part of the inmates still occupy the old house. This is much worn and out of repair, and cannot be long used. It was stated, that work upon the new building, would probably be soon resumed.

It appears from the superintendent's report, that three hundred and fifty-nine persons were supported in the institution during the past year, and seventeen, temporarily assisted otherwise. The expenditure in connection with the house, amounted to \$15,020.42; for temporary aid, \$457.77; total, \$15,478.19.

The institution was visited September 1st. It then contained one hundred and seventeen inmates. Thirty-eight of these were lunatics, twenty-nine idiots, and five blind. There were also ten children under sixteen years. The others were mostly aged persons, and many of them infirm, sick or crippled.

Apartments for the insane are provided in the new building. Those present were all the chronic class, and many of them cases of long standing. They were comfortably clothed, clean and orderly, and none were in close restraint. Several were at work upon the farm and about the house, and appeared to be good laborers. It was said that they are generally allowed larger liberty than had been usual heretofore, and with good results.

But one of this class of insane, thus far, has been transferred to the State institution, and the authorities express a desire to continue to provide for them, under local management. The accommodations at present are quite limited and not well suited for the purpose, but

may be extended and improved, however, in the further progress of the work upon the new building.

The idiots were domiciled in the old house. These were mostly adults, and many of them destructive and troublesome. They receive no special attention, and for lack of facilities for classification, associate generally with the other inmates.

At the date of my visit, the buildings and grounds were clean throughout, and the inmates well supplied. The keeper has been in charge the past four years. The dilapidated condition of the old house, and the number of inmates, seem to require the early completion of the new building.

Schenectady County Poor-house.

It is reported that one hundred and fifty-nine persons were maintained in this house during the past year, and that temporary aid was extended to one thousand two hundred and twenty-eight others. The total expenditures amounted to \$12,345.24, classified as follows: For support, \$10,179.80; temporary aid, \$2,167.44.

The institution was visited on the 31st of August. There were then fifty-three inmates. Fourteen of these were lunatics, five idiots, six blind, and two children under sixteen years. The balance was composed largely of aged persons, many of whom were sick or infirm, and had been inmates for a long time.

Since the opening of the Willard Asylum, the authorities have transferred three chronic insane to that institution. The cases retained are all quiet and harmless, needing but little or no restraint. The building set apart for their use is a convenient and well designed brick edifice, nearly new, and in good repair. Attached to it are commodious yards, well planted and kept in fine order. Both the insane and idiots were comfortably clothed and clean in their persons, and their rooms suitably furnished and remarkably neat. It is believed that they receive excellent attention and care.

The principal building is old, but in good preservation. It is appropriately furnished and the inmates appear to be supplied with every

needed comfort. The institution is under the charge of an experienced and accomplished keeper, and its affairs are evidently managed with great prudence and fidelity.

Schoharie County Poor-house.

I made an inspection of this institution on the 5th of July. Of the fifty-four inmates then, eight were lunatics, nineteen idiots, and seven epileptics. There were but six children, the others being exclusively aged and infirm.

The returns show that one hundred and twenty-five persons were supported in the house the past year, and one hundred and five temporarily assisted. The expenditure for the former amounted to \$5,173.59; for the latter, \$2,794; total, \$7,967.59.

The building is old, but in fair repair. It affords no means for general classification, nor are the grounds inclosed, so as to separate the various classes when out of doors. A few of the aged women are furnished apartments by themselves; otherwise the association is indiscriminate.

It was learned that the county had sent two chronic insane to the State institution, since its opening. The remaining ones were quite harmless cases, and in no restraint, nor do they receive any special care.

The idiots were all adults, and none had ever received special instruction. Most of these had long been residents of the house. They were generally filthy in their persons and habits, and said to be occasionally destructive and violent.

The house is in charge of an experienced, earnest, and apparently faithful keeper. It is very plainly and scantily furnished, but was neat and clean in all its parts. The supplies were proper and abundant; and the excellent care shown to the aged, and children, is deemed to be worthy of special note. The building, however, is poorly suited for its purposes, and should be early replaced.

Schuyler County.

As heretofore stated, this county maintains its poor in the institutions of adjoining counties or provides for them temporarily in families. No report as to the number thus assisted the past year, or the expenditure, has been received.

Seneca County Poor-house.

The number of persons supported in this house the past year, was two hundred and seven. The total expenditure amounted to \$8,979.04. No statement as to temporary aid has been furnished.

I visited the institution on the 27th of August, and found sixty-five inmates. Six of these were lunatics and two idiots. Of the others, twelve were children, the residue being principally aged, infirm, or diseased.

This county was among the first to place its chronic insane under State custody. Fourteen of this class have been transferred to the Willard Asylum since its opening. Those retained are all mild cases, and it was said, need no special care. The asylum building has been recently altered and repaired, and is occupied by aged men.

The institution is under the supervision of an experienced keeper. The buildings are commodious, substantial, and in good repair. They admit of a partial classification of the inmates, and have suitable hospital accommodations for the sick. The furnishing is appropriate and comfortable, and the grounds are extended, beautifully laid out and planted.

At the time of my visit, the buildings throughout were exceedingly neat, and the inmates well clothed and clean. The institution appears to meet fully the purposes to which it is applied, and is believed to be well kept.

St. Lawrence County Poor-house.

The erection of a new house was begun in this county in 1868, and completed and occupied in 1869. The building is a plain substantial brick edifice, containing modern improvements for heating, ventila-

tion and bathing, and will accommodate two hundred and fifty inmates. It is finely and beautifully located, and admirably designed for its purposes.

The number of persons maintained in the institution the past year was two hundred and eighty-nine. One thousand six hundred and ten, in the same time, were also aided otherwise. The disbursements were, for supplies and other expenses of the house, \$12,293.16; for outside aid, \$28,781.43; total, \$41,074.59.

I made an inspection of the institution on the 7th of September. There were then, one hundred and sixteen inmates. A few of them were children and middle-aged; but the greater portion were in advanced life. Among the number were two lunatics, three idiots, and one deaf-mute. There were also several sick, crippled, and infirm.

Upon the opening of the State asylum, at Ovid, in 1869, this county sent all its chronic insane to that institution. Since then other transfers have been thus made, amounting in the whole to twenty-two. The new building is without special conveniences for this class, and the detentions are only temporary.

The present keeper assumed the charge the past year. The house is well furnished and has good hospital accommodations for the sick. The inmates are strictly classified, and, it is believed, receive every needed attention and care.

At the time of my visit, the building was in good order, and thoroughly neat and clean. The grounds are extended, well laid out, and being planted. The institution is one of the largest of this class of public charities, and, it is thought, justly ranks with the best in the State.

Steuben County Poor-house.

It appears that this institution maintained two hundred and two persons, in all, the past year, at a cost of \$7,961.54. One thousand five hundred and ninety-three were also temporarily aided, for whom the sum of \$13,947.90 was expended. The total disbursements during the year, therefore, amounted to \$21,909.44.

I visited the institution on the 17th August. Including seventeen lunatics, nine idiots and twenty-three children, it then contained eighty-five inmates. A few adult vagrants were observed, but aside from the classes above enumerated, nearly all were sick, infirm and aged.

Since the opening of the Willard Asylum, the county has sent eighteen chronic insane to that institution. Those retained are mostly cases of long standing, and generally quiet and orderly. It was said that the authorities design to transfer these to State custody as soon as room is offered. The present accommodations are quite limited, and poorly suited for their care.

The general condition of this institution is much better than when last reported. It is under the supervision of an experienced, active and vigilant keeper. I found the buildings clean throughout, and the grounds in fine order. The inmates were well supplied, and, it is believed, receive kind and considerate attention. The buildings are old, however, and will need ere long to be replaced.

Suffolk County Poor-house.

This county, heretofore, has maintained its poor in houses situated in the several towns. During the past year, a site of one hundred and seventy acres was purchased near Yaphank, and the erection of a county building thereon commenced. It is said to be under contract to be completed in July next, after which, the present system of town houses will be discontinued. No statement as to the number of persons aided the past year, or the expenditure, has been furnished.

Sullivan County Poor-house.

I visited this institution on the 17th of November. Including twenty-eight lunatics, two idiots and one epileptic, it then contained sixty-nine inmates.

The whole number supported in the house the past year was one hundred and sixty-seven, and the number otherwise aided, three

hundred and five. The expenditures were, for permanent maintenance, \$10,278.21 ; for temporary relief, \$8,269.15 ; total, \$18,547.36.

The buildings remain nearly in the same condition as when last reported. The main edifice is in good repair and well preserved. Slight improvements have been made in the lunatic asylum, and yards inclosed and planted. It is still defective, however, and but poorly suited for its purposes.

No insane are retained, except chronic cases. Thus far the authorities have declined the State accommodations for this class, and, it was learned, desire to continue to provide for them, as heretofore, under local control. Several of those present were demented and filthy, and six confined in cells. The others were mostly quiet and orderly, and comfortably clothed and clean. They seem to receive such attention as practicable with the means at disposal ; but the building and standard of care are not thought to be adequate.

The institution is under the supervision of an experienced keeper. At the time of inspection, the house was clean and the supplies appeared to be sufficient and proper.

It should be observed, that upon the opening of the Susquehanna Valley Home, at Binghamton, in 1869, the children were transferred to that institution, where they have since been maintained.

Tioga County Poor-house.

This institution was visited July 8th, when it had forty-five inmates. Of these, ten were lunatics and one an idiot. There were also three blind, four aged men and seven aged women. The others were, principally, persons in middle life, and generally infirm, crippled, or diseased. No children are retained, these being provided for in the Susquehanna Valley Home, at Binghamton.

It is shown by the superintendent's report, that the whole number of persons in the institution the past year was two hundred and fifty-one, and the number assisted outside, nine hundred and four. The entire expenditures amounted to \$15,925.13, classified as follows :

For supplies and other expenses of the house, \$6,654.28; for temporary aid, \$9,270.85.

All of the insane were found to be chronic cases. Two were violent and excited, and confined in cells. The others were orderly, generally well clothed, and given the range of the building and grounds. The asylum has been recently repaired, and suitable yards inclosed. It is appropriately furnished, and was neat and clean.

This county, as yet, has declined the State provision for the chronic insane; and, it was said, prefers to retain this class, for the present, at least, under local control. It is thought they are treated with kindness and consideration, but the building is not well designed for its purposes.

The institution is under the supervision of an experienced keeper. The house is plain, substantial, suitably furnished, and in good repair. It is pleasantly situated, surrounded by finely conditioned grounds, and apparently well kept.

Tompkins County Poor-house.

The alterations and repairs being made in this house, when last reported, are fully completed. The building is properly arranged, suitably furnished, and in fine condition. It is pleasantly located, surrounded by well kept yards, and has an air of neatness and comfort. It will accommodate eighty-five inmates.

The whole number of persons supported and relieved in the county the past year was five hundred and eight. Of these, one hundred and twenty-seven were maintained in the institution, and three hundred and eighty-one, aided otherwise. The expenditures were, for supplies and care in the house, \$3,462.51; for temporary relief, \$6,853.63; total, \$10,316.14.

I visited the institution July 19th. It then contained thirty-six inmates. Five of these were lunatics, and three idiots. There were also four children, the remainder being generally aged, or suffering from disease.

The insane were chronic cases. Ten of this class have been placed

in the State asylum, at Ovid, since its opening. It was said that the authorities design hereafter to thus transfer all such as may seem to require special care.

An experienced and thoroughly competent keeper is in charge of the house. Upon the occasion of my visit it was in the highest state of cleanliness and good order, and is believed to be under excellent management.

Ulster County Poor-house.

It appears from the returns, that this institution furnished support the past year, for three hundred and ninety-nine persons. In the same time, three thousand six hundred and forty-nine were also temporarily relieved. The house expenditures were \$15,139.66; other expenses, \$19,798.15; total, \$34,937.81.

The institution was visited November 18th. It then had one hundred and thirty-seven inmates. Seventeen of these were lunatics, ten idiots, six blind, and four epileptics. Of the others, thirty-one were children, the remainder being principally aged, infirm, or diseased.

The main structure has recently undergone repairs, and is in fair condition. It is old, but for the time being, meets very properly its purposes. The lunatic asylum has likewise been altered and improved, and the grounds inclosed. The building, however, is still highly defective, and, owing to its style of construction, cannot be well remedied.

Since the opening of the Willard Asylum, at Ovid, the county has transferred twenty-six insane to that institution. Those yet retained are wholly chronic cases. They were represented as mainly quiet and orderly, and needing but little special care. It was said that these would probably be soon placed in State custody, and the local management discontinued.

The institution is under the immediate control of the county superintendent of the poor. At the date of my visit, the buildings, throughout, were well ordered, and including also the grounds, neat and

clean. The supplies seemed to be sufficient and proper, and the attention and care adequate.

Warren County Poor-house.

This house was visited on the 2d of September. Including three insane, six idiots, and eight children, there were then thirty-nine inmates. Aside from those enumerated, the others were mainly the aged and infirm classes.

It is reported that ninety-seven persons were maintained in the institution the past year, at a cost of \$4,144.63. Seventeen were also aided outside, for whom \$346.86 were expended. The total disbursements on account of the poor of the county, therefore, amounted to \$4,491.49.

The Willard Asylum, at Ovid, has received five insane from this county, since its opening. Those present at the time of inspection were mild, chronic cases, requiring no special care. It was said that none but this class will, hereafter, be retained.

This institution was found in much better condition than when last reported. The old building, then in use for the insane, has been altered and improved, and is now occupied by the more aged inmates. Considerable repairs have also been made in the main structure, and the grounds fitted and improved.

Its present keeper has been in charge nearly two years, and appears to be thoroughly qualified for the position. The house was exceedingly neat and clean, and the entire establishment in fine order. The inmates were well supplied and seemed to receive every needed attention.

Washington County Poor-house.

There were two hundred and fifty-nine persons in all, maintained in this institution the past year. The number temporarily relieved was four hundred and sixty-one. The expenditures were, for permanent support, \$9,951.81; other aid, \$2,056.84; total, \$12,008.65.

My visit to the institution was made September 2d. It then had one hundred and twenty-one inmates. Of this number thirty-four

were lunatics, three idiots and ten epileptics. There were also thirty-nine children and a few in middle life. The others were chiefly the aged and infirm classes.

The insane were wholly chronic cases, many of them of long standing and grossly demented. Three were confined in cells, and it was said that eight others, at times, require to be thus restrained. These were mostly filthy, violent and destructive; the balance being generally orderly, well clothed and clean. Several work more or less, and were represented as good laborers. As yet, only six of this class have been sent to the State institution.

No material change has been made in the buildings since last reported. The main edifice is in fair repair, and meets very properly its objects, but the insane department is too small for the number of inmates. It was said, however, that a portion of these would probably be soon transferred to State custody.

The institution has the services of an experienced keeper, and appears to be under good management. At the time of inspection the buildings and grounds were clean and tidy, and the supplies appeared to be ample and proper.

Wayne County Poor-house.

This institution when visited, August 5th, had seventy-nine inmates. Twenty-six of these were lunatics, and seven children. The others were largely infirm and aged.

It is reported that four hundred and ninety-six persons, in all, were maintained in the institution during the past year. In the same time six hundred and seventy-two were otherwise aided. The total expenditures amounted to \$27,244.96. Of this sum \$9,023.36 were in connection with the house, and \$18,221.60 for temporary relief.

No insane are held except chronic cases. These occupy separate buildings, one for the men, and one for the women. The apartments were in good repair, and the inmates orderly and well clothed. Four of this class have been placed in the State asylum since its opening, but it was said that the authorities, for the present, prefer to retain

the balance under local control. The buildings appear to be sufficient and proper, and the supervision and care, intelligent and adequate.

The present keeper has had nearly eight years' experience in the institution. The main building is old but in good preservation, and was exceedingly neat and clean. The inmates were well supplied, and it is thought receive kind and considerate attention.

Westchester County Poor-house.

It is shown by the returns, that one thousand five hundred and eighty persons were supported in this institution the past year, at a cost of \$25,895.43. The number otherwise assisted was fifty, and the expenditure, \$1,417.33. The total disbursements, it thus appears, were \$27,312.76.

My visit to the institution was made on the 26th of November. It was then giving shelter to three hundred and sixty-five inmates. Of these thirty were lunatics, and sixty-four children. A large proportion of the others were aged, and many of them hospital cases.

The buildings are commodious, in good repair, well furnished, and admit of strict classification. The location is pleasant, and the grounds are finely laid out, improved and ornamented. The entire establishment, at the time of inspection, was in excellent order, and, throughout remarkably neat and clean.

It was early decided by the authorities of this county to accept the State provision for the chronic insane. Twenty-one of this class have been transferred to the Willard Asylum, since its opening. Only the more quiet and orderly cases are now held, and it is said that no others, hereafter, will be kept. The accommodations for these, at present, appear to be adequate, and the attention and care sufficient and proper.

The institution is superintended by an active, earnest and experienced keeper. In the extent and arrangement of the buildings and the number of inmates, it is among the largest, and in its discipline, standard of care and general management, probably ranks with the best of this class of public charities in the State.

Wyoming County Poor-house.

I visited this institution on the 12th of August. The number of inmates then, was fifty-five, classified as follows : lunatics seventeen, idiots nine, blind two, children four, and aged, infirm and sick, twenty-three.

It furnished full support for seventy-four persons, in the whole, during the past year, and two hundred and twenty-seven were also partially assisted. The expenditures were, for maintenance, \$5,715.01; temporary aid, \$4,346.20 ; total, \$10,061.21.

The insane were wholly chronic cases. Five of them were being supported at the expense of their friends, and the residue by the public. All were free from excitement, and their apartments in fine order. They are under intelligent supervision, and appear to be supplied with every needed comfort. None of this class, as yet, have been sent to the State asylum, and it was learned that the authorities desire to continue the present system of local management. Against this, for the present at least, it is thought that no valid objection can be urged.

A keeper of large and extended experience is in charge. The buildings, described at length in my report of 1868, are in good preservation, and finely adapted to their purposes. At the time of inspection, the whole institution was in excellent order, and, throughout, a model of neatness and evident good administration.

Yates County Poor-house.

This institution was visited on the 15th of July. It then contained fifty-eight inmates. One of these was an insane woman, awaiting removal to the State asylum at Utica ; four were idiots, and seven children under five years. A few middle-aged and apparently vagrant persons were also observed, the balance being mainly aged, infirm and sick.

It appears from the superintendent's returns that the whole number of persons supported and relieved in the county the past year was

one hundred and ninety-two. Of these, one hundred and thirty-nine were maintained in the house, and fifty-three aided otherwise. The disbursements were, for supplies, etc., \$5,308.70 ; for temporary aid, \$2,312.84 ; total, \$7,621.54:

Upon the opening of the Willard Asylum, at Ovid, the chronic insane, then in the house, were sent to that institution. Since then, others of this class have been transferred there, amounting to ten in all, and the system of local support abandoned. The old building formerly occupied by the insane has been repaired and improved, and is now used for other purposes.

Arrangements were recently made by which the dependent children of the county, of proper age and capacity, are supported in the Ontario Orphan Asylum, at Canandaigua. The cost of their maintenance there is slightly greater than heretofore in the poor-house ; but this is more than compensated by the excellence of the care, and the probabilities of their becoming ultimately useful and self-sustaining. The plan has met the hearty approval of the citizens of the county generally, and, it is said, will be continued. The expenses are defrayed mainly from the annual pro-rata State charitable appropriation.

The institution is in the charge of an experienced and highly competent keeper. At the time of inspection, the entire establishment was exceedingly neat and clean, and is believed to be under good management. The inmates were comfortably clothed, orderly and well behaved, and the supplies appeared to be abundant and proper. The house is old and dilapidated, however, and wholly unsuited for its purposes ; but the early erection of a new building is contemplated.

2. CITY ALMS-HOUSES.

There are six of these charities, as follows :

The Kings County (Brooklyn city) Alms-house.

The Newburgh City and Town Alms-house.

The New York City Alms-house.

The Oswego City Alms-house.

The Poughkeepsie City Alms-house.

The Utica City Alms-house and Hospital.

As a class, these institutions, in their appointments and management, are much superior to the county poor-houses. The buildings are mostly new, contain modern improvements and conveniences, and are generally adapted for classification. The supervision is intelligent, vigilant and well directed, the officers being usually non-partizan, and, in some instances, serving without compensation.

The number of persons supported and relieved in the city alms-houses, and the changes during the year ending November 30th, 1870, are shown in table XXI.

Table XXII shows the condition of those supported during the year, as far as ascertained; and table XXIII, of those remaining at the close.

The causes of dependence of those supported are stated in table XXIV; and the nativity and sex, in table XXV.

Table XXVI exhibits the amount expended for support and relief during the year.

The value of the several alms-houses establishments, labor of the inmates, and the expense of supporting each person, are given in table XXVII.

Kings County (Brooklyn city) Alms-house.

This institution consists of four departments, as follows: Alms-house proper, hospital, nursery and lunatic asylum, each of which are under the control of resident officers. Its location is near the village of Flatbush, about four miles from the central portion of the city of Brooklyn.

It appears from the returns of the superintendents, that the whole number of persons maintained in the several departments of the institution the past year, was nine thousand one hundred and thirty-two. Six thousand one hundred and fourteen were discharged, fifty-

one absconded, four hundred and eleven died, and two thousand five hundred and fifty-six remained November 30th. Of these, one thousand three hundred and seven were males, and one thousand two hundred and forty-nine females. The number temporarily assisted, in the same time, was thirty-eight thousand one hundred and seventy. The expenditures were, for support, \$395,679.39; other aid, \$163,436.77; total, \$559,116.16.

Alms-house proper.—During the past year an additional building has been erected for the use of this department. This is a three-story modern built brick edifice, and furnishes room for six hundred inmates. It is occupied by males, the old building being appropriated for females. Several of the small buildings, it was said, are to be removed, and others remodeled and fitted for special purposes.

At the time of inspection, November 23d, this department had nine hundred and eighty-six inmates. A large proportion of these were aged, and many of them infirm and decrepit. None of the able-bodied vagrant, slothful class were observed. The institution is in the charge of an experienced warden, and was thoroughly neat and clean, and the inmates well supplied.

Hospital.—It is reported that, owing to the prevalence of relapsing fever and small-pox throughout the city, the hospital has been crowded most of the time during the past year. Upon the occasion of my visit, it contained four hundred and thirty-one patients. Of these, sixty-three were in the small-pox apartments, and the others in the general wards.

The building is commodious, pleasantly situated, and in good repair. It is well furnished, and has the conveniences and comforts requisite for the sick. The institution is under the charge of a resident physician of extended experience, aided by a corps of assistants and a consulting medical staff. At the time of inspection the rooms and wards were in excellent order, and the attention and care sufficient and proper.

Nursery.—This department is designed for children between the

ages of five and sixteen years. The number present, when inspected, was four hundred and fifty-seven. Two hundred and ninety-three of these were boys, and one hundred and sixty-four girls.

The building has been recently altered and repaired, is in good condition, and well adapted for its purposes. It is comfortably furnished, and, including the yards and grounds, was very neat and clean.

The institution is under the control of an experienced keeper, and has the services of a matron, assistant matron and a corps of teachers. The inmates were well clothed, orderly and tidy in their persons, and it is believed receive proper training and care.

Lunatic Asylum.—It is shown by the report of the superintendent, that the number of inmates in this department, the past year, was greater than in any previous year since its establishment. The number admitted during the year was three hundred and fourteen; the number discharged, two hundred and seventy; and the whole number treated, eight hundred and seventy-two. Of those discharged, one hundred and thirty were recovered; sixty-two, improved; and twenty unimproved. The number of deaths was fifty-six.

The building, described at length in my report of 1868, is a modern style brick structure, well designed, and in good repair. The wings, then in process of erection, have since been finished, and the other improvements referred to, fully completed. The entire edifice will accommodate and properly classify six hundred patients, and is well conditioned for its purposes.

Upon the day of inspection, there were six hundred and seventy-eight inmates. About one-third of these were recent cases of insanity, the others being in the chronic stage of the disease. As it is the practice of the authorities to make no discharges of public patients, except upon recovery or improvement, many of the latter were cases of long standing. A portion of the more quiet and orderly of these occupy the old asylum building, at the rear, thus relieving the pressure in the wards of the main edifice.

The institution remains under the immediate control of Dr. Edward R. Chapin, who has been its superintendent nearly fourteen years. It has two assistant physicians, a steward and a matron, and a large corps of well trained nurses and attendants. The supervision is kind and intelligent, and the attention and care adequate and proper.

At the time of my visit, the buildings and grounds, throughout, were in fine order, and exceedingly neat and clean. The inmates were comfortably clothed, generally free from excitement, and the supplies suitable and abundant. The institution is among the largest of this class of local charities, and, it is believed, ranks with the best in the country.

Newburgh City and Town Alms-house.

The whole number of persons supported and relieved by this institution the past year, was four hundred and five. Of these, one hundred and five were maintained in the house, and three hundred assisted outside. The expenditures were, for support, \$7,882.95; temporary aid, \$634.10; total, \$8,517.05.

I visited the institution on the 16th of November. It then contained fifty-two inmates. Ten of these were lunatics, two idiots, and six children. The others were generally aged, and by reason of infirmity or disease, appeared to be proper subjects for public bounty and care.

The building is a commodious, substantial and well arranged brick edifice. During the past year the out-buildings have been extensively altered and repaired, and improvements made in the yards and grounds. The entire establishment is in fine order, and well adapted for the purposes to which it is applied.

No insane are retained except the chronic class. These were suitably clothed and clean, and generally quiet and well behaved. They occupy apartments separate from the other inmates, and appear to receive suitable attention and care. It was said, however, that these would probably be soon transferred to the State, thus discontinuing the present system of local support.

The institution is under the supervision of an experienced and competent keeper. It is designed for the poor of the city and town only, and seems to admirably meet its objects. At the time of inspection, the buildings and grounds were very neat and clean, and the inmates supplied with every thing requisite for their comfort.

New York City Alms-house.

The several departments constituting the alms-house of New York city and county are: The alms-house proper; asylums; hospitals; training schools for boys; a bureau of out-door relief, and a labor and intelligence bureau. These are under the charge of the Commissioners of Public Charities and Corrections, who have also the control of the city prisons, work-houses and penitentiaries.

It appears from the returns of the commissioners, that the whole number of persons under their care in these several departments, during the year ending November 30th, 1870, was twenty-nine thousand seven hundred and sixty-one. These were disposed of as follows: Discharged, twenty thousand two hundred and thirty-nine; bound out, one hundred and seventy-five; absconded, five hundred and eight; died, two thousand six hundred and ninety-eight; leaving six thousand one hundred and forty-one at the close of the year, of whom two thousand nine hundred and five were males, and three thousand two hundred and thirty-six females. The number of families temporarily assisted in the same time was five thousand eight hundred and thirty-four. The expenditures were, for support, \$688,903; for other aid, \$126,360.52; total, \$815,263.52.

During the past year, I devoted as much time, as at my command, in visiting the various departments of this institution, accompanied on several occasions by Commissioner Bishop. It is not thought necessary to appropriate any considerable space, herein, to an account of the inspection, as the operations and condition of the institution for the year, are given in the able and exhaustive report of the commissioners, to which attention is respectfully invited.

The Alms-house Proper.—This is situated on Blackwell's Island. The buildings are plain and substantial, and allow an extended classification. They have been in use several years, but are in good repair, and well designed for their purposes.

None are admitted to this department except the aged, infirm and decrepit. The able-bodied, seeking aid, are committed to the work-house and put to labor, or granted temporary aid, as circumstances may seem to demand. The daily average number of inmates is about twelve hundred.

The buildings are pleasantly situated, surrounded by finely laid out and well kept grounds, and furnished with every needed comfort and convenience.

Asylums.—These are as follows: The blind asylum, nurseries, infant asylum, soldiers' retreat, inebriate asylum, idiot asylum, and the lunatic asylum.

The *Blind Asylum*, on Blackwell's Island, is a part of the alms-house proper. It maintains on the average about one hundred inmates. These have separate wards, and a more generous diet and better clothing than the other dependents. They are under the charge of special attendants, and seem to receive excellent attention and care.

The *Nurseries* are on Randall's Island, and give shelter to orphan, abandoned and destitute children of both sexes. These are educated in schools, instructed in the industries, and, at suitable age, apprenticed to trades or placed in families. The average number of inmates the past year was over five hundred.

The *Infant Asylum*, also on Randall's Island, was established in 1868, prior to which, infants were sent to the alms-house and placed in charge of female inmates. The ratio of deaths there was nearly ninety per cent. It has been largely diminished since the change, being reported now about the same as the rate of infant mortality in the city. This result is believed to be due to the employment of paid nurses and attendants, under the earnest and well directed

supervision of Dr. E. S. Dunster, the resident physician; and, it is his opinion, that when the plans of the commissioners shall be fully developed the mortality will be still further reduced.

The large number of *union soldiers* of the late war of the rebellion, disabled by wounds or disease, applying for aid, prompted the commissioners to make special provision for this class. In 1868, wards were fitted up for these in connection with the general alms-house; but the admissions being so numerous, they were soon after transferred to the east wing of the inebriate asylum. It is reported that the whole number admitted thus far is five hundred and seventy-six. Of these, three hundred and seventeen have been discharged; eight have died, and two hundred and fifty-one are still retained. They are provided with every thing needed for their comfort, and it is believed receive kind and considerate care.

The *Inebriate Asylum* was opened in 1868. The building is a commodious brick edifice, located on the southerly end of Ward's Island. It is well designed, in good repair, and suitably furnished. The grounds are extended, finely laid out and well planted with trees, shrubs and flowers.

Two classes of patients are received, viz., paying and free inmates. The whole number admitted the past year was one thousand two hundred and seventy. Of these, one hundred and sixty-five paid for their support, and the others were maintained at the public expense. The latter are required to work, the females in the domestic duties of the house, and the men in outside labor, under the direction of overseers.

The results of treatment in the paying patients were reasonably satisfactory, but it is said that but few of the free inmates were permanently reformed. These were mostly transfers from the work-house, where they had been committed for drunkenness.

Until within a few years the *idiots* were assigned quarters in the general alms-house.

In 1866, the commissioners, encouraged by the success of the State institution, opened a school for the children likely to be benefited

by special training, and soon after established a distinct department for this class, including also the unteachable and adults. The asylum, located on Randall's Island, is a well conditioned building, appropriately furnished, and the grounds are tastefully laid out and beautified.

The whole number of inmates the past year was one hundred and sixty-five, nearly two-thirds of whom were taught in school. The course of instruction is similar to that in the State institution, and the results are said to have been largely satisfactory. The crowded condition of the asylum leads the commissioners to believe that an additional building will soon be required.

The *Lunatic Asylum* is located on Blackwell's Island. The main edifice was erected in 1848, and furnishes room for only six hundred inmates. The number of insane in the care of the commissioners, on the first of January, 1869, was one thousand and thirty-five; on the first of January, 1870, one thousand one hundred and eighty-two; and, at the commencement of the present year, one thousand three hundred and five.

To meet, temporarily, the urgent demands upon the institution for this class, detached, single-story pavilions, have, from time to time, been erected, and several out-buildings appropriated. Owing to the rapid increase, the accommodations, however, have not fully kept pace with the requirements.

Impressed with the necessity of making further provision for the insane, the commissioners, in 1869, commenced the erection of a building on Ward's Island. This is being built of brick, with modern improvements and conveniences, and is designed for five hundred inmates. It will probably be completed and occupied in July next; yet, notwithstanding this large increase of room, it is thought, by the commissioners, that additional buildings will be soon needed.

The number of patients admitted to the asylum the past year was seven hundred and eight, and the whole number under treatment one thousand eight hundred and ninety. The discharges were as follows :

recovered, two hundred and twelve; improved, ninety-nine; much improved, thirty; unimproved, one hundred and twelve; died, one hundred and thirty-two; total, five hundred and eighty-five. Of those remaining, December 31st, four hundred and forty-six were males, and eight hundred and thirty-nine females.

The institution is under the immediate charge of Dr. R. L. Parsons, its medical superintendent the past six years, who is entitled to much credit for the energy and spirit displayed in meeting the pressing and constantly increasing demands.

Hospitals.—These are general and special. There are five of the former and six of the latter.

The *General Hospitals* are the reception and bellevue hospital in the city, the charity and inebriate hospital on Blackwell's Island, and the juvenile hospital on Randall's Island. The entire capacity of these hospitals is for two thousand four hundred and eighty beds. The number of patients treated in the general hospitals the past year was eighteen thousand nine hundred and nineteen. The number discharged was fifteen thousand one hundred and seventy-two, and the deaths one thousand nine hundred and four, leaving present, at the close of the year, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three.

The *Special Hospitals* are the small-pox, typhus fever, scarlet fever, epileptic, paralytic, and the relapsing fever hospital. The latter is on Hart's, and the others are on Blackwell's Island. The number of patients treated in these hospitals, the past year, was four thousand four hundred and five, of whom three thousand nine hundred and nineteen were discharged, and three hundred and nine died. The number under care, at the close of the year, was one hundred and seventy-seven.

It thus appears that the aggregate number in all the hospitals, during the year, was twenty-three thousand three hundred and twenty-four. Of these, nineteen thousand and ninety-one were discharged, and two thousand two hundred and thirteen died. The total remaining, December 31st, was two thousand and twenty.

In addition to those admitted to the hospitals, four thousand five hundred and eighty-five patients were treated during the year, at their homes, by the physicians of the department, and sixteen thousand eight hundred and fifty at the bureau for relief of out-door sick; thus making in all, forty-six thousand six hundred and forty-nine, who received medical or surgical aid.

Connected with the hospitals is an *Ambulance* department, established in 1869. This is for the conveyance of persons taken sick or wounded in the public streets, to their homes, or the appropriate hospital as circumstances may seem to require. The number thus removed, the past year, was one thousand four hundred and one.

The *Training Schools* for boys are the industrial school on Hart's Island, and the nautical school-ship *Mercury*. These have been in operation nearly four years.

In the *Industrial School* were nine hundred and seventy-two boys, of whom nine hundred and thirty were admitted during the year. Two hundred and seventy-seven of these were discharged; five hundred and forty-six transferred to the school-ship, and eleven to other departments; thirteen eloped; one died, and one hundred and twenty-four remained at the close of the year.

The school is maintained five days in the week. A portion of each day is also devoted to light manual labor. The attendance during the year is said to have been punctual and regular, resulting in much general good.

The whole number of boys taught in the *school-ship* the past year was seven hundred and sixty-nine. The average daily attendance was two hundred and twenty-two, one-half being in school at a time, while the balance were on watch, or engaged in other duties.

During the year several short cruises were made in Long Island sound, and at sea, with a view of instructing the boys in seamanship and navigation. On the 20th of December, the ship, fully officered, and having on board twelve men and two hundred and fifty-nine

boys, proceeded to sea, bound for the Canary Islands, where it is designed to winter.

The success attending this school, thus far, has been, on the whole, satisfactory, many of the boys having obtained positions as sailors in the United States navy and on ships in the merchant service.

The *Bureau of Out-door Relief*, is an important department of the numerous and wide-spread city charities under the control of the commissioners.

To insure efficiency in its management, the city was recently divided into twelve districts, and a visiting agent assigned to each, whose duty is to personally examine into the condition of every applicant, and to report in writing to the proper officer, the cause of destitution, and the kind and urgency of the relief required. This, while guarding against profuse and indiscriminate alms, secures to the needy judicious and timely aid, and prevents excessive expenditures.

It is reported that the number thus seeking assistance is steadily diminishing, and is believed to have largely resulted from this plan of thorough and systematic examination.

The *Labor and Intelligence Bureau* was established, under authority of the Legislature, in 1868. Its objects are to procure places, without charge, for persons seeking employment, and to protect them against imposition and fraud. The number of applicants for laborers the past year was forty-three thousand and forty-six, and the number soliciting work forty thousand two hundred and five. Situations were obtained for males, four thousand nine hundred and eighty-six; for females, twenty-nine thousand eight hundred and eighteen; total, thirty-four thousand eight hundred and four.

To complete the system of public charities under their control, the commissioners propose to early add an asylum for lying-in women, and to establish places of shelter for the houseless poor. Many of these, including strangers in the city, seek the police stations, where they are thrust in among the intoxicated, disorderly, criminal and vagrant. If they apply to the proper department for aid, they are

sent to the hospitals or other institutions for the night; but the accommodations for this class are said to be entirely inadequate.

It will be seen by the foregoing statements, that the various departments for the care of the poor of New York city and county are more extended than that of any other county in the State, and, probably, the best under municipal management in the country. They are controlled by earnest and capable officers, and the supervision is vigilant, thorough and systematic. The commissioners enjoy largely the confidence of the citizens of the city, and the extended and varied interests committed to their care are believed to be intelligently and faithfully administered.

Oswego City Alms-house.

The whole number of persons supported in this institution the past year was sixty-nine. Eight were discharged, three died, and fifty-eight remained November 30th, of whom twenty-eight were males and thirty females. The total expenditures amounted to \$5,058.81.

I visited the institution on the 9th of September. It then had in its care fifty-three inmates. Seven of these were children, the others being infirm, sick or aged. None of the vagrant, slothful class were observed.

The building is a well designed, three-story brick edifice, nearly new, and in good repair. It has excellent arrangements for heating and ventilation, and is abundantly supplied with water. It will accommodate and properly classify sixty inmates. The location is retired and quiet, and the grounds and surroundings are pleasant and attractive.

At the time of inspection the whole establishment was a model of cleanliness and good order. It is in charge of a keeper who has occupied the place from its opening, and evidently under systematic and careful superintendence.

Poughkeepsie City Alms-house.

I visited this institution on the 28th of November, accompanied by Commissioners Bishop and Harry G. Eastman. There were then

sixty-eight inmates. Included in these were nineteen lunatics, four idiots, and six children. The others were exclusively the aged and infirm classes.

The whole number in the institution the past year was nine hundred and thirty-four. Of these, nearly eight hundred, it is reported, were vagrants, principally wandering mendicants, who were assigned to separate apartments, required to labor, and generally retained only a short time. The number of persons temporarily aided during the year was seven hundred and twenty-one. The total expenditures amounted to \$12,909.55, classified as follows: In connection with the house, \$10,424.69; for out-door relief, \$2,484.86.

The building is a substantial three-story and basement brick edifice, and contains modern improvements and conveniences. It is nearly new, in good repair, and finely designed for its purposes. The location is pleasant and healthy, and the grounds are properly enclosed, beautifully laid out and planted.

No insane are held except chronic cases. These mostly occupy an adjoining building, and were generally well clothed, clean and orderly. The apartments for this class are quite inferior and limited, however, and if they are to be retained under local control, additional accommodations will soon be required.

The keeper has been in charge over six years. At the time of inspection the building throughout was in fine order, and including the grounds exceedingly neat and clean. The institution is furnished with every comfort necessary for the inmates, and is highly creditable to the city.

Utica City Alms-house and Hospital.

This institution had the care of one hundred and ninety persons in all the past year. Of these, one hundred and twenty were sick, and the balance indigent and destitute. The total disbursements amounted to \$5,000.

I visited the institution on the 4th of August, and found nine inmates. Seven of these were hospital cases, and the others children.

The number present was said to be considerably below the general average.

The building is a three-story brick edifice, in good repair, and meets very appropriately the objects to which it is applied. It has six acres of excellent land connected with it, and is surrounded by large and well conditioned yards. It will accommodate about seventy persons.

At the time of inspection the building and grounds were neat and clean, and the whole property in good order. The institution is under the immediate charge of a keeper, and is visited daily by a physician. The furnishing is plain but comfortable, and the inmates appear to receive proper attention and care.

PART III.—INCORPORATED CHARITIES.

These charities, maintained by the union of State and municipal aid, with private benefactions, are as follows :

1. Orphan Asylums and Homes for the Friendless.
2. Hospitals.
3. Dispensaries.
4. Charity Week-day Schools.

It appears that the legislative appropriations to these institutions the past year (chapters 704 and 383 of the Laws of 1870) amounted, in the aggregate, to \$1,124,150. Of this sum, \$767,150 were from the State treasury, and \$357,000 from the treasury of the city of New York. The apportionment was as follows :

For orphan asylums and homes for the friendless : from the State treasury (chapter 704), to be divided in proportion to the number of orphans and destitute persons maintained in them during the year, \$150,000 ; special appropriations, \$287,750 ; total, \$437,750. From the treasury of the city of New York (chapter 383), in specific sums, \$142,000 ; aggregate, \$579,750. The special appropriations are shown in table XXVIII.

For hospitals: from the State treasury (chapter 704), \$214,500 ; from the treasury of the city of New York (chapter 383), in specific amounts, \$159,500 ; total, \$374,000. Of the former sum, \$75,000 are to be divided among them in proportion to the number of beneficiary patients treated during the year, and \$139,500 are special appropriations. The distribution of the specific amounts is shown in table XXIX.

For dispensaries: from the treasury of the State (chapter 704), in specific sums, \$39,900; from the treasury of New York city (chapter 383), \$55,500; total, \$95,400. These appropriations are shown in table XXX.

For charity week-day schools: from the State treasury (chapter 704), to be divided according to the number of scholars instructed in them during the year, \$75,000.

As the appropriations from the State treasury, except to the charity week-day schools, are payable out of the taxes of 1870, the several amounts above enumerated are not included in the financial statements of the various institutions the past year (hereinafter referred to), but will go into their general accounts for 1871.

In 1869, I visited and inspected nearly all of these charities, and their objects, aims and condition, were set forth at length in my last report. My examinations, during the past year, have largely confirmed the opinion then expressed as to their excellence and value, and they are earnestly commended as generally worthy of confidence and support.

If the State, however, is to continue its bounty to these charities, it is believed that the distribution might be made upon a basis more just and equitable than heretofore adopted, by taking into consideration not only the number of persons maintained but also the financial ability of the several institutions. This, while in no wise embarrassing those with large permanent incomes applicable to current expenses, would materially relieve others with only moderate means, and thus enhance their usefulness. It would also obviate the neces-

sity for special appropriations, usually made without proper discrimination, and often to those in no need of public aid.

In institutions for the care of orphan and destitute children, the number secured situations, it is also believed, might very properly be considered in the division of the State bounty. If a small sum was allowed to the institution for each child temporarily placed out, it would enable the managers to offer inducements to families to receive them, and doubtless, many more than at present would be thus disposed of, thereby lessening the expense of the public.

The associations of a well-ordered family are infinitely superior to that of any public institution, however finely conducted; and the earlier the child is brought under its influence, the better for its future welfare. The bounty of the State, heretofore, has been given largely for the congregation of this class, and it is believed, in many instances, resulted in retaining them when good situations might have been secured. It is thought that this, if continued, should be so adjusted as to encourage their early transfer to family custody.

1. ORPHAN ASYLUMS AND HOMES FOR THE FRIENDLESS.

The number of this class of charities aided by the State the past year was one hundred and three. A list of these institutions, their location, date of organization, and the names of the resident officers, and officers of the board of managers, are shown in table XXXI.

The value of their property, of all kinds, and indebtedness, are stated in table XXXII.

Table XXXIII exhibits their receipts, and table XXXIV their expenditures the past year.

The number of persons supported in these institutions, and the changes during the year, are given in table XXXV.

2. HOSPITALS.

The number of hospitals assisted by the State the past year was twenty-nine.

Table XXXVI gives a list of these institutions, their location, time of organization, and the names of the resident and other officers.

In table XXXVII are stated the valuation of their various kinds of property and present indebtedness.

Their receipts the past year are exhibited in table XXXVIII, and their expenditures in table XXXIX.

Table XL shows the number of patients treated, and the changes during the year.

3. DISPENSARIES.

The number of dispensaries receiving State aid the past year, was thirty-six, a list of which, with the names of the officers, etc., is given in table XLI.

The valuation of their property and indebtedness, are shown in table XLII.

Table XLIII exhibits their receipts, and table XLIV their expenditures.

The number of beneficiary patients treated during the year is stated in table XLV.

4. CHARITY WEEK-DAY SCHOOLS.

These institutions are located mainly in the cities and large villages. Prior to 1868, they were maintained by private benefactions, with occasional slight municipal aid. In that year, the Legislature appropriated \$50,000 toward their support. This was increased to \$75,000 in 1869, and a like sum as hereinbefore stated, was granted in 1870.

Within the past three years, I have visited and examined nearly all of these institutions. They are generally under the control of competent and apparently faithful teachers, and, in the main, appear to be well conducted. Many of them, however, are surrounded by public schools, affording ample room for all the children of the vicinity. Moreover, it is believed that pupils are frequently admitted to them, whose parents, declining the public accommodations, are abundantly able to provide for their education.

In view of these facts, the propriety of the State aiding this class of institutions, may well be questioned. If its bounty is to be thus given, it should be restricted to those designed only for the children of parents unable or too negligent to suitably clothe them for the public schools; yet, it is thought that even these, by proper efforts, might be brought into the latter, with less expense and better results than now attained under separate organizations.

It may be well to add, that these schools already provide, annually, for over sixty thousand pupils, and, under the stimulus of State aid, the number is rapidly increasing. The withdrawal of so many children from the public schools, tends to weaken and impair these institutions, and is to be deeply deplored.

Table XLVI gives a list of the charity week-day schools aided by the State the past year, with their location, number of scholars instructed, and the amount received by each.

CONCLUSION.

It will be seen, by an examination of the preceding pages of this report, that the number of institutions, at present, subject to the visitation of your board (exclusive of charity week-day schools) is two hundred and forty. Of these, ten are maintained by the State, sixty-two by municipalities, and one hundred and sixty-eight by the union of public with private munificence. In their operations, they provide for the insane, idiots, blind, deaf and dumb, inebriates, orphan, destitute and abandoned children, and the aged, sick and infirm poor. The annexed tables, hereinbefore referred to, show the number of these various classes in their care during the past year, and exhibit, in gross and detail, their receipts and expenditures.

In addition to these institutions there are a large number of charities in the State excluded by statute from sharing in, or declining to receive public aid, and therefore do not come under State supervision. It would seem that these also should be subject to visitation, and required to report their management and concerns, in conformity with the general rules and regulations now established

by law for other institutions. Until this is adopted, our knowledge of charitable efforts, as a whole, and the full extent of public and private benevolence, will be limited, and the value of any report pertaining thereto necessarily impaired.

The interest in public charities, alluded to in my last report, continues to increase; and the agencies designed to diffuse information as to their affairs and management are rapidly multiplying. Since then, boards similar to yours have been organized in several additional States, and are now in active operation. The investigations and examinations thus made, it is believed, will prove valuable, and result in the better care of the dependent classes, and wiser economy in the expenditures.

But the interest in this direction is not confined wholly to those charged with official duties. The attention of the general public is also largely directed to these institutions, and more time than heretofore is everywhere being devoted to their examination. This is an encouraging feature in the workings of your board, and gives promise of much good in the future.

Having thus accomplished the work assigned to me, the past year, in conclusion, gentlemen, I beg to tender my grateful acknowledgments to each of you, for the kindness and courtesy extended to me on all occasions, and for your uniform and earnest support in the prosecution of my labors.

CHARLES S. HOYT,

Secretary.

Dated ALBANY, *January 12th*, 1871.

APPENDIX
TO THE
SECRETARY'S REPORT,
CONTAINING
STATISTICAL AND FINANCIAL TABLES.

TABLE I.

List of the several State institutions, their location, date of opening, name and date of appointment of the present superintendent, and the names of the officers of the board of trustees or managers.

INSTITUTIONS.	Location.	Date of opening.	Present superintendent.	Date of appointment.	Officers of the board of trustees or managers.
New York State Lunatic Asylum	Utica	1843	Dr. John P. Gray ...	July 1, 1864	President, Christopher Morgan.
Willard Asylum for the Insane	Ovid	1869	Dr. John B. Chapin.	April 1, 1869	Treasurer, Edmund A. Wetmore.
Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane ...	Poughkeepsie .....	....	Dr. J. M. Cleaveland	Mar. 20, 1867	Secretary, S. R. Wells.
New York Institution for the Blind	New York city	1833	William B. Wait.	Oct. 1, 1863	Treasurer, James B. Thomas.
New York State Institution for the Blind	Batavia	1868	Dr. A. D. Lord	July 30, 1868	President, Abijah W. Palmer.
New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.	New York city	1818	Isaac Lewis Peet ...	Sept. 1, 1867	Treasurer, James H. Weeks.
New York Asylum for Idiots	Syracuse	1831	Dr. H. B. Wilber ...	Sept., 1831	President, Augustus Schell.
New York State Inebriate Asylum	Binghamton	1864	Dr. D. G. Dodge	May 16, 1870	Secretary, T. Bailey Myers.
New York House of Refuge	Randall's Island, New York city.	1835	Israel C. Jones	April, 1863	Treasurer, Joseph Grafton.
Western House of Refuge	Rochester	1840	Levi S. Fulton	April 1, 1870	President, John B. Skinner.
					Treasurer, Randolph Ballard.
					Secretary, G. B. Worthington.
					Treasurer, Shepherd Knapp.
					Secretary, Thatcher M. Adams.
					Treasurer, Joseph W. Patterson.
					Chairman, Henry N. Pohlman.
					Secretary and treasurer, Allen Monroe.
					President, Willard Parker.
					Treasurer, Francis T. Newell.
					President, Oliver S. Strong.
					Secretary, Andrew Warner.
					Treasurer, John A. Stewart.
					President, Thomas Cornes.
					Secretary and treasurer, Wm. C. Rowley.

TABLE II.
Showing the capacity and cost of the buildings of the several State institutions.

INSTITUTIONS.	Capacity.	Cost of buildings.	Cost per inmate.
New York State Lunatic Asylum.....	600	\$287,065 58	\$1,022
Willard Asylum for the Insane.....	450	† 448,998 44	993
Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane.....	120	† 641,844 05	.....
New York Institution for the Blind.....	325	188,972 88	840
New York State Institution for the Blind.....	150	250,000 00	1,666
New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.....	550	364,000 00	661
New York Asylum for the Deaf.....	180	86,000 00	573
New York State Inebriate Asylum.....	§ 200	¶ 800,000 00	4,000
New York House of Refuge.....	1,000	500,000 00	500
Western House of Refuge.....	600	250,000 00	416
Total.....	4,045	\$4,164,880 45	\$10,411

* This includes \$144,987.90 expended in remodeling original buildings and the introduction of steam heating and forced ventilation.

† Exclusive of the expenditure on the extension to the south wing, estimated to cost, upon completion, \$81,728.67; and including cost of modification of college building.

‡ Total expenditures for buildings and improvements to December 31, 1870.

§ Includes the north wing, nearly completed.

¶ In round numbers.

TABLE III.

Showing the total and classified valuation, as per cost, of the "State" institutions, at the close of their respective statistical years in 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Fiscal year closes.	REAL ESTATE.			
		Land.		Buildings.	Total real estate.
		No. of acres.	Value.		
New York State Lunatic Asylum.....	November 30	300	* \$24, 878 84	\$337, 065 58	\$361, 944 42
Willard Asylum for the Insane.....	November 30	475	\$4, 700 00	† 446, 998 44	451, 698 44
Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane.....	November 30	300	† 83, 000 00	† 641, 844 08	724, 844 08
New York Institution for the Blind.....	December 31	53	150, 000 00	\$ 133, 973 88	\$283, 973 88
New York State Institution for the Blind.....	December 31	50	110, 000 00	325, 000 00	435, 000 00
New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.....	December 31	25	18, 300 00	364, 000 00	382, 300 00
New York Asylum for Idiots.....	December 31	51	† 18, 300 00	85, 000 00	103, 300 00
New York State Inebriate Asylum.....	December 31	**320	35, 000 00	†† 600, 000 00	635, 000 00
New York House of Refuge.....	December 31	37	35, 000 00	500, 000 00	535, 000 00
Western House of Refuge.....	December 31	43	†† 4, 300 00	250, 000 00	254, 300 00
Total .....	.....	1, 596	\$486, 878 84	\$3, 984, 880 45	\$4, 471, 459 29

* Of this amount, \$6,000 were donated by citizens of Utica.

† Exclusive of the extension to the south wing, and the Agricultural College building, on the premises when acquired by the State, and estimated by the trustees worth \$100,000 before the improvements were made. Construction account not closed.

‡ Donated to the State by the citizens of Dutchess county.

§ Includes the lots on Ninth avenue on which the buildings are located.

|| Presented to the State by the village of Batavia.

¶ Of this amount, \$7,500 were contributed by the city of Syracuse.

** Two hundred acres the gift of the city of Binghamton.

†† The buildings have been twice partially destroyed by fire, at a loss of about \$200,000.

‡‡ Of this sum, \$1,200 were contributed by citizens of Rochester.

TABLE III — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	PERSONAL ESTATE.							Total valuation.
	Furniture.	Farm stock and implements.	Farm produce.	General supplies.	Miscellaneous articles.	Funds and investments.	Total personal estate.	
New York State Lunatic Asylum	* \$59,635 49	\$11,011 75	\$6,000 00	\$13,599 50	\$2,000 00	.....	\$93,146 74	\$755,091 16
Willard Asylum for the Insane	24,140 85	5,299 50	.....	2,897 38	300 00	.....	32,637 73	514,386 17
Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	726,844 05
New York State Institution for the Blind	15,477 00	1,700 00	.....	1,414 20	640 46	.....	17,531 66	356,504 04
New York State Institution for the Deaf and Dumb	29,000 00	603 00	.....	200 00	.....	.....	30,900 00	240,900 00
New York Asylum for Idiots	9,048 00	3,850 00	\$1,809 00	1,488 00	.....	\$63,000 00	93,600 00	543,600 00
New York State Inebriate Asylum	20,000 00	5,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	16,195 00	120,995 00
New York House of Refuge	40,000 00	5,600 00	.....	8,000 00	.....	.....	25,000 00	663,000 00
Western House of Refuge	20,000 00	1,800 00	1,200 00	1,500 00	.....	3,500 00	52,100 00	587,100 00
Total	\$247,301 34	\$30,761 25	\$9,000 00	\$29,099 08	\$2,940 46	\$66,500 00	\$385,611 13	\$4,837,070 42

* This includes all personal property in use in the institution, including workshops, etc.

TABLE IV.
Showing the receipts of the State institutions for the year 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand at the commencement of the year.	FROM THE STATE.					Total from the State.
		For salaries.	From special appropriations.	From deficiency appropriations.	From unexpended appropriations of former years.	From the general appropriation.	
New York State Lunatic Asylum.....	\$3,381 83	\$10,000 00	* \$7,170 00	+ \$30,000 00	+ \$7,879 91	\$ 673 78	\$55,723 69
Willard Asylum for the Insane.....	6,264 69	6,187 50	101,506 00	48,631 15	15,985 09	.....	172,309 74
Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane.....	.....	8,000 00	250,000 00	88,631 46	.....	.....	346,631 46
New York Institution for the Blind.....	1,068 80	.....	.....	.....	.....	33,688 83	33,688 83
New York State Institution for the Blind.....	7,163 17	.....	5,000 00	.....	.....	30,000 00	35,000 00
New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	104,331 87	104,331 87
New York Asylum for Idiots.....	78,847 83	.....	.....	.....	.....	25,000 00	25,000 00
New York State Inebriate Asylum.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western House of Refuge.....	10,833 43	.....	15,000 00	.....	.....	40,000 00	40,000 00
Total.....	\$106,633 75	\$34,187 50	\$378,676 00	\$167,943 61	\$32,875 00	\$28,250 00	\$653,935 59

* For the extension of the main sewer to the Mohawk river.

+ To refund advances for repairs of the buildings.

‡ For water supply.

§ For the support of Mark Jack, an Indian, and female insane convicts.

TABLE IV — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	From sales of farm and garden produce.	From labor of inmates.	From cities, counties and towns.	From individuals for the support of inmates.	From interest and dividends on investments.	From loans.	From all other sources.	Total. receipts.
New York State Lunatic Asylum	\$114,097 43	\$50,408 11	.....	.....	* \$3,565 00	\$333,141 06
Willard Asylum for the Insane.....	23,015 38	.....	.....	.....	.....	201,539 81
Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane	346,631 46
New York Institution for the Blind.....	2,580 00	.....	\$1,960 45	.....	† 46,508 90	117,831 98
New York State Institution for the Blind.....	42,460 47
New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb	37,994 65	2,791 48	.....	.....	.....	167,910 48
New York Asylum for Idiots.....	2,450 45	4,541 00	.....	.....	.....	31,991 45
New York State Inebriate Asylum.....	\$1,663 96	.....	1 22 238 84	34,230 37	1,897 86	.....	879 24	138,717 09
New York House of Refuge	83,218 53	8,000 00	.....	365 16	.....	22,068 73	103,643 43
Western House of Refuge	13,707 19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	60,840 63
Total	\$1,663 96	\$53,234 02	\$310,346 25	\$91,935 96	\$4,193 97	\$32,000 00	\$35,804 35	\$1,433,746 84

* From the sales of hides, tallow, etc., by the steward.

† On account of mortgage.

‡ Includes \$33,934.30 from the sale of United States bonds.

§ Of this amount, \$11,923.88 were received from the State of New Jersey for the support of pupils.
Balance of excise moneys due and payable in 1899.

TABLE V.
Showing the expenditures of the State institutions for the year 1870, the average number of inmates, and the weekly cost of support.

INSTITUTIONS.	Salaries of officers, wages and labor.	Provisions and supplies.	Clothing.	Fuel and lights.	Medicines and medical supplies.	Furniture, beds and bedding.	Transportation and traveling expenses.	Ordinary repairs.
New York State Lunatic Asylum	\$48,508 33	*\$98,570 68	\$12,311 29	\$14,686 86	\$2,735 61	\$9,993 23	.....	.....
Willard Asylum for the Insane	12,077 15	12,735 16	2,697 57	4,363 28	.....	391 47	.....	.....
Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane	7,500 90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Institution for the Blind	16,073 28	12,737 04	2,033 90	389 30	35 27	4,433 13	\$371 86	\$308 17
New York State Institution for the Deaf and Dumb	2,373 76	10,350 63	.....	3,453 26	36 50	.....	.....	250 00
New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb	34,312 81	44,337 89	15,033 97	10,723 77	2,497 53	5,127 83	1,043 09	14,173 94
New York Asylum for Idiots	12,284 71	11,639 07	1,534 65	2,071 22	76 73	2,204 87	99 96	1,514 04
New York State Inebriate Asylum	12,435 12	18,800 85	.....	2,753 23	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York House of Refuge	27,712 85	33,886 57	7,115 30	4,533 71	159 29	2,645 36	749 07	1,794 08
Western House of Refuge	17,370 73	19,870 16	6,354 06	4,537 29	354 23	2,149 36	.....	2,311 55
Total	\$301,556 23	\$398,436 54	\$49,599 76	\$49,045 14	\$7,033 11	\$36,013 71	\$2,163 06	\$30,541 73

* Includes \$3,690.93 for household stores.

TABLE V — (Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Expenses of trustees or managers.	All other ordinary expenses.	Total ordinary expenditures.	Buildings and improvements.	Extraordinary repairs.	All other extraordinary expenses.	Total extraordinary expenditures.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand at the close of the year.
New York State Lunatic Asylum .....	.....	\$38,480 91	\$168,236 10	\$21,305 96	.....	\$19,621 41	\$40,927 37	\$209,063 37	\$17,077 60
Willard Asylum for the Insane .....	.....	665 76	30,865 17	141,822 74	.....	.....	141,822 74	181,687 91	19,901 90
Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane ..	.....	.....	7,500 00	338,121 46	.....	.....	+ 539,121 46	316,631 46	.....
New York Institution for the Blind .....	.....	4,075 09	41,574 44	67,507 72	.....	.....	67,507 72	109,039 16	8,749 33
New York State Institution for the Blind	\$41 22	.....	23,467 68	5,063 59	.....	7,750 32	13,803 91	36,270 50	6,189 86
New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb ..	.....	9,306 35	137,134 82	.....	.....	+ 18,251 96	18,251 96	155,386 78	2,533 70
New York Asylum for Idiots	46 35	305 17	30,462 75	.....	.....	\$ 1,414 73	1,414 73	31,907 48	53 97
New York State Inebriate Asylum .....	.....	5,670 85	38,640 02	75,881 98	.....	.....	75,881 98	114,539 03	25,186 06
New York House of Refuge .....	.....	4,129 53	88,743 20	17,590 85	.....	.....	21,093 03	109,831 96	.....
Western House of Refuge	50 70	1,680 71	54,768 71	10,207 47	\$2,990 01	.....	13,197 46	67,966 19	.....
Total	\$136 27	\$34,404 37	\$680,422 92	\$673,380 47	\$2,990 01	\$50,545 85	\$731,916 33	\$1,393,339 25	\$27,723 03

* For books, stationery, printing, miscellaneous and steward's petty expenses.

† Includes advances for building and other materials on hand.

‡ Debit from last account.

§ Includes advances for fuel, etc., chargeable to the coming year.

TABLE V — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	RECAPITULATION.			Current expenses.	Average No. of inmates.	Average weekly cost of support.
	Ordinary expenditures.	Extraordinary expenditures.	Total expenditures.			
New York State Lunatic Asylum	\$168,286 10	\$40,827 27	\$209,063 37	* \$154,924 81	639	\$4 73
Willard Asylum for the Insane	39,865 17	141,822 74	181,687 91	* 36,967 60	216	3 29
Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane	7,500 00	339,121 46	346,621 46	.....	.....	.....
New York Institution for the Blind	41,574 44	67,507 72	109,082 16	* 38,541 54	136	5 45
New York State Institution for the Blind	23,467 68	12,802 91	36,270 59	* 23,467 68	85	5 31
New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb	137,124 82	18,251 96	155,386 78	* 122,080 85	85	4 59
New York Asylum for Idiots	30,492 75	1,414 73	31,907 48	* 28,658 10	512	5 31
New York State Inebriate Asylum	38,640 05	75,881 98	114,522 03	* 38,640 05	140	3 94
New York House of Refuge	88,743 20	21,088 08	109,831 28	* 88,743 20	60	12 38
Western House of Refuge	54,768 71	13,197 48	67,966 19	+ 54,768 71	672	+ 2 54
Total	\$630,422 92	\$731,916 33	\$1,362,339 25	\$586,792 54	352	\$ 2 99

* Clothing is not included.

† Includes clothing.

‡ Average cost of support per week less the labor of the inmates, \$1.43.

\$ Reduced by the labor of the inmates to \$2.44 per week.

TABLE VI.

Comparative statement of the number of insane persons in custody, in the State, municipal and incorporated institutions, receiving public aid, at the close of their respective statistical years, 1869 and 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Statistical year closes.	NUMBER OF INSANE.		Remarks.
		1869.	1870.	
New York State Lunatic Asylum, Utica.....	November 30	603	643	Increased by transfers from the county poor-houses. The number present Nov. 30, 1870, was six hundred and eighty. Diminished mainly by removals to the Willard Asylum at Ovid.
Willard Asylum for the Insane, Ovid.....	November 30	132	232	
New York City Lunatic Asylum, New York City.....	November 30	1,180	1,309	
Kings County (Brooklyn City) Lunatic Asylum, Flatbush.....	July	538	602	
Monroe County Lunatic Asylum, Rochester.....	September 30	87	88	
Marshall Infirmary, Troy.....	September 30	115	109	
Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo.....	September 30	30	39	
County Poor-houses.....	November 30	1,463	1,326	
City Almshouses other than New York and Kings counties.....	November 30	16	30	
Total.....	.....	4,194	4,426

TABLE VII.

Showing the number of insane persons supported in the State, municipal and incorporated institutions receiving public aid, and the changes during the year 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number in the institution at the commencement of the year.	Received during the year.	Total supported.	DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR.						REMAINING AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.		
				Recovered.	Improved.	Unimproved.	Not insane.	Died.	Condition not stated.	Total discharged.	Men.	Women.
New York State Lunatic Asylum, Utica	603	481	1,084	153	72	134	7	75	....	441	313	330
Willard Asylum for the Insane, Ovid	142	167	309	8	2	3	..	14	....	27	109	173
New York City Lunatic Asylum, New York City	130	723	1,903	213	132	103	* 15	131	....	564	469	840
Kings County (Brooklyn City) Lunatic Asylum, Flatbush.....	568	314	872	130	62	20	..	56	....	270	238	364
Monroe County Lunatic Asylum, Rochester	87	54	141	16	19	4	..	14	....	53	37	51
Marshall Infirmary, Troy	115	46	161	15	12	11	..	14	....	52	34	75
Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo	30	72	102	45	13	3	..	2	....	63	34	35
County Poor-houses	1,463	366	1,829	....	....	....	....	....	+ 503	503	497	829
City Alms-houses other than New York and Kings counties.....	16	22	38	....	....	....	....	....	+ 8	8	9	21
Total.....	4,194	2,245	6,439	530	312	278	22	308	511	2,011	1,710	2,718
												4,428

* Discharged as improper subjects.

† Includes deaths.

TABLE VIII.

Comparative statement of the number of blind persons in the various public institutions of the State, at the close of their respective statistical years, 1869 and 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Statistical year closes.	NUMBER OF BLIND.		Remarks.
		1869.	1870.	
New York Institution for the Blind, New York city	December 30	145	129	The decrease due in part to transfers to the State Institution at Batavia. Generally adults.
New York State Institution for the Blind, Batavia	September 30	* 74	+ 99	
New York City Alms-house, New York City	November 30	170	93	
Kings County (Brooklyn City) Alms-house, Flatbush	November 30	20	10	
Other City Alms-houses	November 30	5	5	
County Poor-houses	November 30	99	149	
Total		513	485	

* The number present December 31, 1869, was ninety.

+ The number present December 31, 1870, was one hundred and six.

TABLE IX.

Comparative statement of the number of deaf-mutes in the various public institutions of the State, at the close of their respective statistical years, 1869 and 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Statistical year closes.	NO. OF DEAF-MUTES.		Remarks.
		1869.	1870.	
New York State Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, New York city	December 31	586	560	Children under the control of a benevolent association. Generally adults.
Le Containx St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo	September 30	45	58	
City Almshouses	November 30	14	13	
County Poor-houses	November 30	85	48	
Total	630	689	

TABLE X.

Comparative statement of the number of idiots in the various public institutions of the State, at the close of their respective statistical years, 1869 and 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Statistical year closes.	NUMBER OF IDIOTS.		Remarks.
		1869.	1870.	
New York Asylum for Idiots, Syracuse	September 30	135	147	Includes both children and adults. Generally aged.
New York City Almshouse, New York City	November 30	48	145	
Kings County (Brooklyn City) Almshouse, Flatbush	November 30	32	16	
Other City Almshouses	November 30	8	9	
County Poor-houses	November 30	351	407	
Total	574	734	

TABLE XI.

Showing the number of inebriates treated in the various public institutions of the State during the year 1870, and the results, as far as given.

INSTITUTIONS.	Year closes.	Number in the institution at the commencement of the year.	Received during the year.	Total under treatment.	Discharged.	Died.	Remaining at the close of the year.
New York State Inebriate Asylum, Binghamton	December 31	59	* 220	279	† 208	.....	71
New York City Inebriate Asylum, New York City	December 31	85	† 1,270	1,355	† 1,109	85	158
Kings County Inebriates' Home	December 31	30	‡ 141	¶ 171	143	.....	28
Total .....	.....	174	1,631	1,805	1,460	85	257

* One hundred and eighty-one were paying, and thirty-nine free patients.

† It is reported that ninety-one were improved, with prospects of permanent recovery, and twenty-seven unimproved. The condition of the others is not stated.

‡ Of these, one thousand one hundred and five were free inmates, committed to the workhouse for various periods, and thence transferred to the asylum. The remainder, one hundred and sixty-five, were pay patients, of whom one hundred and thirty-five were males and thirty females.

¶ In the case of the paying patients, the results of treatment are said to have been reasonably satisfactory; but that few of the free patients were permanently reformed.

¶ Ninety were habitual, fifty-four periodical, and twenty-seven occasional drinkers. One hundred and five were males, and sixty-six females. The average monthly attendance was thirty-five, and the average time of detention eighty-eight days. The current expenses amounted to \$8,691.29.

TABLE XII.

Showing the number of juvenile delinquents in the several public institutions of the State, and the changes during the year 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Statistical year closes.	Number in the institution at the commencement of the year.	Received during the year.	Total supported.	Discharged during the year.	Died.	REMAINING AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.		
							Boys.	Girls.	Total.
New York House of Refuge, New York city.....	December 31	773	532	1,265	605	....	600	90	690
Western House of Refuge, Rochester.....	December 31	348	200	548	196	....	352	....	352
New York Juvenile Asylum, New York city.....	September 30	592	745	1,337	713	8	500	121	621
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, Buffalo.....	September 30	43	80	123	35	....	88	....	88
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York city.....	September 30	950	1,079	2,029	782	7	911	329	1,240
House for Idle and Truant Children, Rochester.....	September 30	87	122	209	58	1	74	13	87
Truant Home, Brooklyn.....	September 30	67	122	189	106	....	100	8	108
Total.....	.....	2,880	2,807	5,687	2,495	11	2,625	556	3,181

TABLE XIII.

List of poor-houses, by counties, with their location, name and date of appointment of the keeper, and the names, residence and date of election of the county superintendents of the poor.

(The superintendents are elected for a term of three years.)

COUNTIES.	Location.	KEEPER.		SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR.		
		Name.	Date of appointment.	Name.	Residence.	Date of election.
Albany	Albany	Owen Golden	Nov. 1, 1870	(No superintendent.)	Hume	November, 1867.
Allegany	Angelica	John D. Kellogg	Jan. 1, 1867	Charles Ingham	Scio	November, 1867.
Broome	Binghamton	Milo B. Payne	Dec. 1, 1862	Samuel A. Early	Sanford	November, 1867.
				Adam A. Kedzie	Binghamton	November, 1868.
				Evander Spaulding	Lamb's Corners	November, 1869.
Cattaraugus	Machias	William Follett	Dec. 1, 1857	James G. Hall	Conewango	November, 1867.
				John H. Groves	Little Valley	November, 1868.
				Heman G. Battou	Machias	November, 1868.
Cayuga	Sennett	Edson L. Phelps	Feb. 1, 1861	Stephen C. Green	Port Byron	November, 1867.
				Charles Hayden	Venice	November, 1868.
				John B. Strong	Auburn	November, 1869.
Chautauqua	Dewittville	Willard Wood	April 1, 1863	Morris M. Olmsted	Mayville	November, 1867.
				William A. Maybome	Dunkirk	November, 1868.
				Francis French	Cherry Creek	November, 1869.
Chemung	Breesport	Elliott Griggs	Nov. 3, 1864	Charles A. Spencer	Breesport	November, 1868.
Chenango	Preston	William W. Brown	Nov. 1, 1863	Joseph Rodbourn	Oxford	November, 1867.
				Samuel E. Lewis	King's Settlement	November, 1868.
				George Buell	Guilford	November, 1869.
CClinton	Beekmantown	Lewis Senical	Jan. 1, 1870	Heman J. Locke	Plattsburgh	November, 1869.
Columbia	Ghent	Asa Hoag	.....	Peter Senical	Livingston	November, 1867.
				Samuel Shuts	Copake	November, 1869.
				Henry M. Hanor	Chatham Four Corners	November, 1869.
Cortland	Homer	A. W. Gates	April 1, 1868	Alphonzo Stone	Homer	November, 1867.
Delaware	Delhi	David Currie	Feb. 1, 1870	Edward Van Dyke	Delhi	November, 1868.
				Thomas Williams	Hamden	November, 1868.
				John McNaughton	Meredith	November, 1869.
Dutchess	Washington Hollow	Edward W. Vanderbilt (supt.)	Jan. 1, 1868	Edward W. Vanderbilt	Stanford	November, 1867.
Erie	Buffalo	Nathaniel Smith	Nov. 1, 1867	Charles Kurtz	Lancaster	November, 1867.
Essex	Essex	Norman P. Rowell	Jan. 1, 1863	David Jones	Willisborough	November, 1867.
Franklin	Malone	Martin L. Tuller	Jan. 1, 1864	H. Powell Wilson	Bangor	November, 1867.
Fulton	Gloversville	Richard Fancher	Nov. 1, 1865	Richard Fancher*	Gloversville	November, 1868.
Genesee	Bethany	Samuel S. Wood	Feb. 1, 1869	Alexander G. Perry	Linden	November, 1867.
				Lyman Brown	Alexandria	November, 1868.
				Benayah Griswold	Darien	November, 1869.

Greene	Cairo	John A. Mower	April 1, 1867	Joshua Tanner	Durham	November, 1867.
Hamilton	(No poor-house) .....	.....	.....	Benjamin H. Waldron	Cairo	November, 1868.
Herkimer	Middletown .....	.....	.....	Horace A. Townner	Catskill	November, 1869.
Jeferson	Watertown .....	.....	.....	David Sturges	Lake Pleasant	November, 1867.
Lewis	Lowville .....	.....	.....	Eliza H. Willard	Hope Centre	November, 1868.
Livingston	Geneseo	Edward Fenner	Jan. 1, 1867	Peter Harris	Hope Centre	November, 1869.
Madison	Eaton	H. Strong	Jan. 1, 1861	Edward Fenner*	Middleville	November, 1869.
Monroe	Rochester	Harry M. Johnson	Jan. 1, 1863	H. Strong*	Watertown	November, 1869.
Montgomery	Fultonville .....	.....	.....	Charles A. Rice	Lowville	November, 1867.
Niagara	Lockport .....	.....	.....	David Alger	Leyden	November, 1868.
Oneida	Rome	George H. Barney (superinten't)	Jan. 1, 1867	Christopher H. Chase	Barnes Corners	November, 1869.
Onondaga	Canandaigua	Lester Joslin	March 1, 1868	George H. Barney	Mount Morris	November, 1867.
Ontario .....	.....	.....	.....	Allen Curtis	Madison	November, 1867.
Orange .....	.....	.....	.....	George Carver	Stockbridge	November, 1868.
Oswego .....	.....	.....	.....	Silas H. Cory	Fenner	November, 1869.
Otego .....	.....	.....	.....	Adison N. Whiting	Rochester	November, 1867.
Putnam .....	.....	.....	.....	Charles Kline	Amsterdam	November, 1869.
Queens .....	.....	.....	.....	William H. Cornes	Royalton	November, 1867.
Rensselaer .....	.....	.....	.....	Oregona Stairs	Lockport	November, 1867.
Richmond .....	.....	.....	.....	Albert Flanders	Cambria	November, 1868.
Rockland .....	.....	.....	.....	Owen E. Owens	Trenton	November, 1867.
Saratoga .....	.....	.....	.....	James Longstreet	Syracuse	November, 1867.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Ambrose L. Vanduseen	Phelps	November, 1867.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Luman P. Miller	Victor	November, 1868.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Simoon R. Wheeler	East Bloomfield	November, 1869.
.....	.....	.....	.....	James H. Goodale	Montgomery	November, 1869.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Samuel Whitcomb, Jr	Albion	November, 1869.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Henry F. Parsons	Falermo	November, 1867.
.....	.....	.....	.....	John Farnham	North Hannibal	November, 1868.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Horace Scripture	Sandy Creek	November, 1869.
.....	.....	.....	.....	William Jones	Cooperstown	November, 1867.
.....	.....	.....	.....	(No superintendent.)	Oyster Bay	November, 1867.
.....	.....	.....	.....	James M. Monfort	Hempstead	November, 1868.
.....	.....	.....	.....	William Curtiss	Maspeth	November, 1869.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Thomas Pettit	Schaghticoke	November, 1867.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Amos Morse	Schodack	November, 1868.
.....	.....	.....	.....	John Green	Troy	November, 1870.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Edwin Brownell *	New Springville	November, 1865.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Samuel H. Frost	Marshall	November, 1867.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Arthur Prall	North Shore	November, 1868.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Nathan M. Heal	Stapleton	November, 1868.
.....	.....	.....	.....	William H. Sisco	Edgewater	November, 1869.
.....	.....	.....	.....	John Whitty	Nanuet	November, 1867.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Jacob Horn	Stony Point	November, 1868.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Oscar Wood	Clarkstown	November, 1869.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Spencer Wood	Malta	November, 1867.
.....	.....	.....	.....	James Tripp	Charlton	November, 1868.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Alexander Davidson	Saratoga	November, 1869.
.....	.....	.....	.....	Thomas Sweet .....	.....	.....

* Appointed by the board of supervisors.

TABLE XIII — (Concluded).

COUNTIES.	KEEPER.		SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE POOR.		
	Name.	Date of appointment.	Name.	Residence.	Date of election.
Schenectady	Francis Vedder	Jan. 1, 1866	William J. McIntosh	Schenectady	November, 1868.
Schoharie	Abraham Spickerman	June 24, 1868	Martin L. Borst	Middleburgh	November, 1869.
Schuyler	Joshua Hinckley	Jan. 27, 1865	Zalmon Ellis	Burdett	November, 1869.
Seneca	G. L. Towneley	Jan. 1, 1870	Aaron R. Wheeler	Waterloo	November, 1868.
St. Lawrence	M. H. McClave	Nov. 10, 1864	Franklin Whiting	Ovid	November, 1868.
Steuben	J. G. Shindler	Jan. 1, 1868	Robert L. Stevenson	Tyre	November, 1869.
Suffolk	William J. Cole	Jan. 1, 1868	Theodore Caldwell	Canton	November, 1867.
Sullivan	Charles M. Bower	April 1, 1866	Julius Judson	Norfolk	November, 1868.
Tioga	Jas. Ketcham (superintendent).	Jan. 1, 1867	David Field	Ogdensburg	November, 1869.
Tompkins	E. G. Hall	April 1, 1869	Ell Carrington, Jr.	South Dansville	November, 1867.
Ulster	William H. Hammond	April 1, 1867	Rufus S. Alderman	Sonora	November, 1868.
Warren	George M. Wilder	Dec. 1, 1861	Richard J. Cornelius	Corning	November, 1867.
Washington	William G. Hulse	Jan. 1, 1869	William J. Weeks	Amityville	November, 1868.
Wayne			Edward Dayton	Yaphank	November, 1869.
Westchester			John Valcan	East Hampton	November, 1867.
White Plains			James B. Sanderfield	Cochecton	November, 1867.
Windsor			Chauncey T. Woodford	Newark Valley	November, 1868.
Windsor			Moses T. Denman	Candor	November, 1867.
Windsor			William W. Snyder	Danby	November, 1867.
Windsor			Peter H. Farrington	Dryden	November, 1868.
Windsor			James Ketcham	Jacksonville	November, 1869.
Windsor			Rufus C. Clapp	Tuthill	November, 1867.
Windsor			Luman C. Ackley	Chestertown	November, 1867.
Windsor			John H. Smith	Warrensburgh	November, 1868.
Windsor			Marcus T. C. Day	Caldwell	November, 1867.
Windsor			Thomas B. Lowrie	Grauville	November, 1867.
Windsor			David Hall	Jackson	November, 1869.
Windsor			John S. Roe	Argyle	November, 1867.
Windsor			Durfee Wilcox	South Butler	November, 1868.
Windsor			John Everett	South Sodas	November, 1869.
Windsor			Edward K. Mott	West Walworth	November, 1867.
Windsor			Abraham R. Strang	Yorktown	November, 1867.
Windsor			George Cooper	Tarrytown	November, 1868.
Windsor			Edward F. Bristol	Westchester	November, 1869.
Windsor			Benjamin F. Walker	Sheldon	November, 1867.
Windsor			Jedediah S. Walker	Gainesville	November, 1868.
Windsor			Daniel B. Tuthill	Pearl Creek	November, 1869.
Windsor				Penn Yan	November, 1867.

TABLE XIV.

Whole number of persons supported and relieved, and the changes in the county poor-houses during the year ending November 30, 1870.

COUNTIES.	Number in the poor-houses Dec. 1, 1869.	Received during the year.	Born in the poor-houses.	Number supported.	Number temporarily relieved.	Total supported and relieved.
Albany	580	910	18	1,508	.....	1,508
Allegany	86	84	3	123	66	189
Broome	107	188	5	300	1,343	1,643
Cattaraugus	62	39	2	105	295	400
Cayuga	97	344	4	443	2,081	2,524
Chautauqua	184	126	2	312	.....	312
Chemung	58	110	4	167	.....	167
Chenango	85	59	1	145	348	493
Clinton	81	75	.....	156	1,415	1,571
Columbia	136	412	4	552	241	793
Cortland	82	20	1	103	228	331
Delaware	63	66	.....	129	299	428
Dutchess	112	124	3	239	70	309
Erie	517	1,084	35	1,696	7,870	9,506
Essex	106	49	.....	154	432	586
Franklin	56	37	1	94	381	475
Fulton	51	82	1	134	97	231
Genesee	84	97	.....	181	797	978
Greene	123	168	7	298	657	955
Hamilton* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Herkimer	115	116	7	298	3,083	3,276
Jefferson	185	196	15	396	1,524	1,920
Lewis	47	42	1	90	295	385
Livingston	125	204	.....	329	105	434
Madison	115	261	7	383	.....	383
Monroe	325	615	16	956	3,842	4,798
Montgomery	95	52	1	148	300	448
Niagara	135	389	4	528	5,978	6,506
Oneida	242	736	3	981	3,340	4,321
Onondaga	198	360	5	563	3,696	4,259
Ontario	111	127	2	240	1,103	1,343
Orange	197	137	6	340	57	397
Orleans	98	156	2	256	580	836
Oswego	60	93	1	154	736	890
Otsego	114	121	4	239	77	316
Putnam	36	49	1	86	814	900
Queens	92	309	4	405	375	780
Rensselaer	135	343	12	490	1,626	2,116
Richmond	90	102	3	195	1,220	1,415
Rockland	52	164	3	219	173	392
Saratoga	123	233	3	359	17	376
Schenectady	75	83	1	159	1,228	1,387
Schoharie	76	46	3	125	105	230
Schuyler* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seneca	87	116	4	207	.....	207
St. Lawrence	106	176	7	289	1,610	1,899
Steuben	86	108	8	202	1,593	1,795
Suffolk* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sullivan	85	79	3	167	305	472
Tioga	65	184	2	251	904	1,155
Tompkins	50	75	2	127	381	508
Ulster	123	272	4	399	3,649	4,048
Warren	38	56	3	97	17	114
Washington	113	146	.....	259	461	720
Wayne	89	406	1	496	672	1,168
Westchester	346	1,219	15	1,580	50	1,630
Wyoming	55	19	.....	74	227	301
Yates	51	84	4	139	53	192
Total	6,800	11,893	247	18,945	56,771	75,716

* No report furnished.

TABLE XIV — (Concluded).

COUNTIES.	Discharged.	Bound out.	Absconded.	Died.	REMAINING DECEMBER 1, 1870.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.
Albany.....	1,033	....	81	63	168	163	331
Allegany.....	34	....	2	9	35	43	78
Broome.....	222	2	....	9	41	26	67
Cattaraugus.....	21	1	5	8	40	30	70
Cayuga.....	291	....	5	11	73	63	136
Chautauqua.....	109	....	30	2	101	70	171
Chemung.....	97	1	10	8	30	21	51
Chenango.....	43	1	13	10	41	37	78
Clinton.....	66	3	....	13	44	30	74
Columbia.....	346	2	30	22	83	69	152
Cortland.....	13	1	3	9	42	35	77
Delaware.....	53	....	5	8	38	25	63
Dutchess.....	122	1	10	16	51	39	90
Erie.....	985	26	45	80	272	223	500
Essex.....	48	1	3	2	43	57	100
Franklin.....	15	3	2	7	32	35	67
Fulton.....	83	1	....	4	26	20	46
Genesee.....	96	3	2	6	34	38	72
Greene.....	147	1	4	12	68	66	134
Hamilton*.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Herkimer.....	128	....	....	16	44	50	94
Jefferson.....	173	2	3	31	91	96	187
Lewis.....	39	1	....	3	21	26	47
Livingston.....	195	....	9	7	78	40	118
Madison.....	247	9	....	22	70	35	105
Monroe.....	597	4	3	27	207	118	325
Montgomery.....	48	....	....	8	62	30	92
Niagara.....	387	7	14	8	76	36	112
Oneida.....	638	10	33	49	115	136	251
Onondaga.....	301	2	34	32	115	79	194
Ontario.....	120	....	1	13	60	46	106
Orange.....	99	4	15	18	110	94	204
Orleans.....	158	5	3	10	44	36	80
Oswego.....	73	8	1	12	34	26	60
Otsego.....	62	5	23	12	76	61	137
Putnam.....	45	4	1	4	16	16	32
Queens.....	309	....	....	4	69	23	92
Rensselaer.....	340	....	....	26	62	62	124
Richmond.....	68	1	29	12	45	40	85
Rockland.....	152	3	1	12	27	24	51
Saratoga.....	178	4	40	15	75	47	122
Schenectady.....	91	....	....	11	30	27	57
Schoharie.....	26	5	3	10	34	47	81
Schuyler*.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Seneca.....	121	1	2	3	48	32	80
St. Lawrence.....	116	18	10	21	43	81	124
Steuben.....	61	11	29	10	50	41	91
Suffolk*.....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Sullivan.....	89	2	2	9	30	35	65
Tioga.....	186	2	2	11	31	19	50
Tompkins.....	73	....	2	4	30	18	48
Ulster.....	224	7	10	18	85	55	140
Warren.....	49	3	1	3	22	19	41
Washington.....	111	....	6	15	66	61	127
Wayne.....	389	....	3	20	43	41	84
Westchester.....	1,131	3	34	36	242	134	376
Wyoming.....	9	....	2	7	25	31	56
Yates.....	67	....	....	2	43	27	70
Total.....	10,926	168	566	820	3,581	2,894	6,465

* No report furnished.

TABLE XV.

Description of the persons supported in the county poor-houses, as far as shown by the reports of the superintendents.

COUNTIES.	Lunatics.	Idiots.	Blind.	Deaf Mutes.	Epileptics.	Children under 16 years of age.	Not stated.	Total.
Albany	172	7	3	3	8	272	1,043	1,508
Allegany	24	10	3	.....	3	11	72	123
Broome	28	16	1	1	.....	44	210	300
Cattaraugus	28	3	.....	1	1	8	64	105
Cayuga	42	.....	5	.....	6	2	388	443
Chautauqua	82	15	4	4	5	32	170	312
Chemung	17	7	3	1	.....	22	117	167
Chenango	15	3	1	.....	1	23	102	145
Clinton	14	14	3	1	.....	12	112	156
Columbia	16	11	4	2	4	40	475	552
Cortland	22	7	2	2	1	18	51	103
Delaware	14	13	2	2	.....	7	91	129
Dutchess	32	.....	2	.....	2	14	189	239
Erie	190	25	6	4	40	125	1,246	1,636
Essex	14	6	1	.....	.....	26	107	154
Franklin	15	6	1	1	.....	8	63	94
Fulton	2	2	4	.....	.....	12	114	134
Genesee	31	11	3	.....	3	32	101	181
Greene	24	14	8	2	5	65	180	298
Hamilton* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Herkimer	10	10	3	4	.....	42	169	238
Jefferson	82	12	5	1	8	54	234	396
Lewis	20	9	.....	2	3	5	51	90
Livingston	42	2	4	1	2	45	233	329
Madison	26	.....	1	.....	.....	18	338	383
Monroe	26	5	8	2	7	15	893	956
Montgomery	25	3	1	1	5	19	94	148
Niagara	26	7	5	1	6	62	421	528
Oneida	155	10	13	2	.....	19	732	981
Onondaga	97	11	13	.....	5	10	427	563
Ontario	34	12	2	2	.....	43	145	240
Orange	22	.....	6	.....	.....	26	286	340
Orleans	16	9	4	1	2	34	190	256
Oswego	51	15	1	.....	3	8	76	154
Otsego	24	20	5	1	.....	25	164	239
Putnam	6	2	.....	1	.....	.....	77	86
Queens	10	.....	1	.....	.....	20	374	405
Rensselaer	24	22	6	.....	1	89	348	490
Richmond	15	1	.....	.....	.....	29	150	195
Rockland	8	4	6	1	3	27	170	219
Saratoga	44	32	6	.....	.....	27	250	359
Schenectady	30	6	6	.....	.....	2	115	159
Schoharie	8	21	2	1	8	12	73	125
Schuyler* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seneca	7	3	3	.....	.....	49	145	207
St. Lawrence	4	2	4	1	.....	.....	278	289
Steuben	26	16	4	.....	5	46	105	202
Suffolk* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sullivan	30	3	1	.....	2	30	101	167
Tioga	11	3	3	.....	3	40	191	251
Tompkins	10	3	.....	3	.....	8	103	127
Ulster	24	10	7	1	4	39	314	399
Warren	7	6	1	1	.....	9	73	97
Washington	39	12	3	2	5	56	142	259
Wayne	28	.....	2	.....	.....	12	454	496
Westchester	33	1	1	.....	.....	76	1,469	1,580
Wyoming	18	10	2	.....	.....	4	40	74
Yates	9	5	1	.....	1	29	94	139
Total	1,829	457	186	53	154	1,702	14,564	18,945

* No report furnished.

TABLE XVI.

*Description of the persons remaining in the county poor-houses
December 1, 1870, as shown by the superintendents' reports.*

COUNTIES.	Lunatics.	Idiots.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Epileptics.	Children under 16 years of age.	Not stated.	Total.
Albany	101	7	2	1	5	62	153	331
Allegany	22	9	3	...	3	7	34	78
Broome	10	15	...	1	...	7	34	67
Cattaraugus	26	3	...	1	...	6	33	70
Cayuga	22	...	5	...	6	2	101	136
Chautauqua	62	12	4	3	5	13	72	171
Chemung	5	7	1	1	...	3	32	51
Chenango	14	1	...	...	1	9	59	78
Clinton	14	14	3	1	...	12	30	74
Columbia	16	11	4	2	4	23	92	152
Cortland	9	3	1	1	...	3	59	77
Delaware	8	12	1	2	...	6	34	63
Dutchess	15	...	2	...	2	9	62	90
Erie	145	20	6	4	25	30	270	500
Essex	12	5	1	...	...	8	74	100
Franklin	3	6	1	1	...	8	48	67
Fulton	2	2	4	...	...	6	32	46
Genesee	24	10	1	...	2	12	23	72
Greene	18	13	4	2	5	26	66	134
Hamilton * .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Herkimer	3	10	3	4	...	12	62	94
Jefferson	79	12	2	1	5	25	63	187
Lewis	20	9	...	2	3	5	6	47
Livingston	27	2	4	1	2	18	6	118
Madison	213	...	1	...	...	15	66	105
Monroe	23	5	8	2	7	15	265	325
Montgomery	25	3	1	1	5	9	48	92
Niagara	22	7	5	1	6	23	48	111
Oneida	120	8	8	2	...	14	99	252
Onondaga	70	11	8	...	5	10	90	184
Ontario	3	12	2	2	2	20	65	106
Orange	16	...	6	...	...	22	160	204
Orleans	12	9	1	...	2	13	43	80
Oswego	25	8	1	...	3	2	21	60
Otsego	24	20	5	1	...	20	67	137
Putnam	6	2	...	1	...	...	23	32
Queens	8	...	1	...	...	12	71	92
Rensselaer	14	13	4	...	1	26	66	124
Richmond	11	1	...	...	...	22	51	85
Rockland	5	4	2	1	3	9	27	51
Saratoga	38	32	5	...	...	11	36	122
Schenectady	15	6	6	...	...	2	28	57
Schoharie	8	21	2	1	8	7	34	81
Schuyler * .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Seneca	7	3	2	...	...	21	47	80
St. Lawrence	2	2	4	1	...	...	115	124
Steuben	18	9	2	...	2	26	34	91
Suffolk * .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sullivan	27	3	1	...	2	4	28	65
Tioga	10	1	3	...	...	2	34	50
Tompkins	4	3	...	3	...	4	34	48
Ulster	17	10	7	1	4	32	69	140
Warren	3	6	1	1	...	9	21	41
Washington	34	10	3	2	5	43	30	127
Wayne	28	...	2	...	...	7	47	84
Westchester	30	1	1	...	...	64	280	376
Wyoming	18	10	2	...	...	4	22	56
Yates	3	4	...	...	1	12	50	70
Total	1,326	407	149	48	126	792	3,617	6,465

* No report furnished.

TABLE XVII.

Causes of dependence of the persons supported during the year, as far as stated in the reports of the superintendents.

COUNTIES.	INTEMPERANCE.		Debauchery.	Idleness.	Vagrancy.	Lunacy.	Idiocy.	Blindness.	Deaf Mutes.
	Direct.	Indirect.							
Albany.....					98	172	7	3	3
Allegany.....	5	3		5	2	24	10	3	
Broome.....	26	6			127	28	16	1	1
Cattaraugus.....	6	2	4	1		28	3		1
Cayuga.....	75	185				42		5	
Chautauqua.....	10	50	10	6	1	82	15	4	4
Chemung.....	9		20		16	17	7	3	1
Chenango.....	25	15	8	12		15	3	1	
Clinton.....	8			6		14	14	3	1
Columbia.....	70	40	26	74	62	16	11	4	2
Cortland.....	24		8	5	11	22	7	2	2
Delaware.....	3				1	14	13	2	2
Dutchess.....	51	48	21			32		2	
Erie.....	200	75	100	95	40	190	25	6	4
Essex.....	12	23	8	18		14	6	1	
Franklin.....	15	9				15	5	1	1
Fulton.....	8	2		10	3	2	2	4	
Genesee.....	20	30	5	8	5	31	11	3	
Greene.....	38		9			24	14	8	2
Hamilton*.....									
Herkimer.....	20	45	10	5	5	13	10	3	4
Jefferson.....	56	33	23	5	16	82	12	5	1
Lewis.....	1	2	2	2		20	9		2
Livingston.....	90	27	13		4	42	2	4	1
Madison.....	183		12	34	18	26		1	
Monroe.....	223	327	21	13	7	26	5	8	2
Montgomery.....	30	8		8	6	25	3	1	1
Niagara.....	2			3		26	7	5	1
Oneida.....	545	36	17		9	155	10	13	2
Onondaga.....	147		25		6	97	11	13	
Ontario.....	27	33	8	9	14	34	12	2	2
Orange.....	40	10	35	20	90	22		6	
Orleans.....	90	33		6	6	16	9	4	1
Oswego.....	12	9			2	51	15	1	
Otsego.....	14	7	8	8	1	24	20	5	1
Putnam.....						6	2		1
Queens.....	19	9				10		1	
Rensselaer.....	42	60	3	2	10	24	22	6	
Richmond.....						15	1		
Rockland.....	4	4		3	1	8	4	6	1
Saratoga.....	130	19	5		23	44	32	6	
Schenectady.....	17				4	30	6	6	
Schoharie.....						8	21	2	1
Schuyler*.....									
Seneca.....	22	15	5	12	15	7	3	3	
St. Lawrence.....						4	2	4	1
Stenben.....	18	11	2	2		26	16	4	
Suffolk*.....									
Sullivan.....	3	5	8	15	6	30	3	1	
Tioga.....	38	14	1	1	7	11	3	3	
Tompkins.....	60	13	10		3	10	3		3
Ulster.....	14		10	8		24	0	7	1
Warren.....	10	14	14	1		7	6	1	1
Washington.....	13		4		2	39	12	3	2
Wayne.....	90	55	50	25	27	28		2	
Westchester.....	176		50	201	315	33	1	1	
Wyoming.....	8		5	1		18	10	2	
Yates.....	26	49	9			9	5	1	
Total.....	2,773	1,826	569	621	972	1,829	457	186	53

* No report furnished.

TABLE XVII.—(Concluded).

COUNTIES.	Sickness.	Lameness.	Decrepitude.	Old age.	Indigency.	Orphanage.	Bastardy.	Not stated.	Total.
Albany	236	21	6	34	243	110	55	530	1,508
Allegany .....	.....	5	13	.....	.....	1	6	46	123
Broome	19	11	.....	2	62	.....	1	.....	300
Cattaraugus	2	1	.....	2	12	.....	2	41	105
Cayuga	18	12	.....	6	.....	4	1	95	443
Chautauqua	12	2	5	6	99	2	4	.....	312
Chemung	21	22	.....	23	17	.....	1	10	167
Chenango	20	11	9	10	8	1	2	5	145
Clinton	10	4	.....	25	.....	1	6	58	156
Columbia	40	8	.....	56	55	2	11	77	552
Cortland	8	5	2	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	103
Delaware	33	28	.....	5	12	.....	1	15	129
Dutchess	31	11	.....	13	.....	.....	4	26	239
Erie	200	30	54	270	200	30	50	67	1,636
Essex .....	.....	9	12	13	27	4	7	.....	154
Franklin	11	7	.....	24	2	.....	3	.....	94
Fulton .....	.....	7	5	12	11	.....	6	62	134
Genesee	13	8	3	3	2	5	8	26	181
Greene	17	19	.....	22	132	.....	12	3	298
Hamilton* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Herkimer	15	10	15	44	30	2	2	8	238
Jefferson	11	5	5	6	32	10	15	79	396
Lewis	4	5	.....	9	10	1	2	21	90
Livingston	75	6	1	15	.....	2	.....	47	329
Madison	21	14	.....	13	30	1	2	28	383
Monroe	103	30	5	9	158	3	16	.....	956
Montgomery	2	3	.....	8	.....	15	.....	38	148
Niagara	18	4	26	24	5	.....	4	403	528
Oneida	20	.....	21	34	54	11	8	46	981
Onondaga	54	23	.....	25	114	.....	11	37	563
Ontario	15	3	10	15	34	8	1	13	240
Orange	6	10	20	22	10	15	17	17	340
Orleans	15	19	10	12	.....	6	8	21	256
Oswego	15	3	2	8	36	.....	.....	.....	154
Otsego	48	18	9	38	9	2	3	24	239
Putnam .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	77	86
Queens	157	10	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	190	405
Rensselaer	7	9	8	17	28	5	11	237	490
Richmond .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	179	195
Rockland	22	8	.....	12	.....	3	1	142	219
Saratoga	16	4	3	23	34	2	9	9	359
Schenectady	12	2	2	11	55	.....	1	13	159
Schoharie .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	125
Schuyler* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seneca	11	5	2	25	4	.....	8	64	207
St. Lawrence .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	273	289
Steuben	28	4	1	2	6	2	1	79	202
Suffolk* .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sullivan	15	10	2	7	30	10	3	19	167
Tioga	2	2	5	17	138	3	.....	6	251
Tompkins	1	.....	.....	5	.....	5	3	11	127
Ulster	8	13	5	6	177	1	4	111	309
Warren	5	2	5	12	7	7	.....	5	97
Washington	1	6	6	1	33	.....	.....	137	259
Wayne	40	50	16	11	21	4	6	69	496
Westchester	250	45	44	35	115	14	15	285	1,580
Wyoming	4	.....	.....	14	12	.....	.....	.....	74
Yates	1	12	.....	24	.....	1	2	.....	139
Total	1,683	556	341	1,037	2,064	293	333	3,852	18,945

* No report furnished.

TABLE XVIII.

Showing the proportion of native and foreign born persons supported during the year.

COUNTIES.	NUMBER OF PERSONS SUPPORTED.			Native.	Foreign.
	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Albany	945	563	1,508	554	954
Allegany	59	64	123	98	25
Broome	209	91	300	180	170
Cattaraugus	67	38	105	69	36
Cayuga	296	147	443	185	258
Chautauqua	180	132	312	201	111
Chemung	114	53	167	111	56
Chenango	90	55	145	97	48
CClinton	61	95	156	70	86
Columbia	397	155	552	260	292
Cortland	46	57	103	42	61
Delaware	89	40	129	82	47
Dutchess	121	118	239	64	175
Erie	885	751	1,636	876	760
Essex	73	81	154	104	50
Franklin	43	51	94	57	37
Fulton	68	66	134	76	58
Genesee	113	68	181	98	83
Greene	164	134	298	206	92
Hamilton*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Herkimer	134	104	238	130	108
Jefferson	189	207	396	244	152
Lewis	46	44	90	60	30
Livingston	263	66	329	184	145
Madison	283	100	383	178	205
Monroe	543	413	956	355	601
Montgomery	88	60	148	47	101
Niagara	320	208	528	263	265
Oneida	663	298	961	545	436
Onondaga	338	225	563	188	375
Ontario	188	102	290	127	113
Orange	200	140	340	118	222
Orleans	170	86	256	84	172
Oswego	85	69	154	71	83
Otsego	143	96	239	197	42
Putnam	37	49	86	23	63
Queens	307	98	405	68	337
Rensselaer	276	214	490	226	264
Richmond	108	87	195	94	101
Rockland	166	53	219	112	107
Saratoga	254	105	359	208	156
Schenectady	110	49	159	75	84
Schoharie	52	73	125	104	21
Schuyler*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Seneca	145	62	207	115	92
St. Lawrence	124	165	289	156	133
Steuben	108	94	202	125	77
Suffolk*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sullivan	106	61	167	90	77
Tioga	162	89	251	181	70
Tompkins	90	37	127	54	73
Ulster	245	154	399	147	252
Warren	53	44	97	85	12
Washington	131	126	257	178	81
Wayne	270	226	496	124	372
Westchester	686	604	1,290	675	905
Wyoming	89	35	124	56	18
Yates	89	50	139	87	52
Total	11,401	7,544	18,945	9,149	9,796

* No report furnished.

TABLE XIX.

Amount expended for support and relief during the year.

COUNTIES.	For support in the county poor-houses.	For temporary relief.	Total.
Albany.....			
Allegany.....	\$6,106 27	\$3,718 21	\$9,824 48
Broome.....	8,785 64	14,011 53	22,797 17
Cattaraugus.....	7,768 83	7,360 93	15,129 76
Cayuga.....	14,911 80	16,319 90	31,231 70
Chautauqua.....	7,192 11	13,548 20	20,740 31
Chemung.....	4,944 44	5,578 66	10,523 10
Chenango.....	5,919 86	3,489 43	9,409 29
Clinton.....	6,036 36	18,434 57	24,470 93
Columbia.....	12,159 42	1,025 65	13,185 07
Cortland.....	4,482 06	4,421 04	8,903 12
Delaware.....	4,301 66	5,498 69	9,800 35
Dutchess.....	17,133 94	1,094 60	18,228 54
Erie.....	47,031 31	80,230 54	127,261 85
Essex.....	5,451 15	7,850 01	13,301 16
Franklin.....	2,909 47	5,872 21	8,781 68
Fulton.....	10,431 00	3,960 00	14,391 00
Genesee.....	4,439 51	2,682 33	7,121 84
Greene.....	8,195 81	1,250 03	9,445 84
Hamilton*			
Herkimer.....	9,443 17	21,135 83	30,579 00
Jefferson.....	13,702 60	37,526 64	51,229 24
Lewis.....	4,983 88	4,242 01	9,225 89
Livingston.....	14,458 75	3,326 06	17,784 81
Madison.....	9,418 07		9,418 07
Monroe.....	16,833 65	59,081 57	75,915 22
Montgomery.....	8,900 00	325 00	9,225 00
Niagara.....	13,568 22	21,290 59	34,858 81
Oneida.....	28,330 61	26,329 92	54,660 53
Onondaga.....	17,585 41	72,954 99	90,540 40
Ontario.....	10,700 37	6,834 97	17,535 34
Orange.....	17,907 14	1,874 46	19,781 60
Orleans.....	5,961 94	3,460 71	9,422 65
Oswego.....	9,384 64	12,108 88	21,493 52
Otsego.....	10,612 70	1,893 10	12,445 80
Putnam.....	2,121 96	2,275 34	4,397 04
Queens.....	9,086 77	971 44	10,058 21
Rensselaer.....	18,755 19	19,028 13	37,783 32
Richmond.....	3,773 33	5,265 74	9,039 07
Rockland.....	4,563 24	1,985 00	6,548 24
Saratoga.....	15,020 42	457 77	15,478 19
Schenectady.....	10,177 80	2,167 44	12,345 24
Schoharie.....	5,173 59	2,794 00	7,967 59
Schuyler*			
Seneca.....	8,979 04		8,979 04
St. Lawrence.....	12,293 16	28,781 43	41,074 59
Stenben.....	7,961 54	13,947 90	21,909 44
Suffolk*			
Sullivan.....	10,273 21	8,269 15	18,542 36
Tioga.....	6,654 28	9,270 85	15,925 13
Tompkins.....	3,462 51	6,853 63	10,316 14
Ulster.....	15,139 66	19,798 15	34,937 81
Warren.....	4,144 63	346 86	4,491 49
Washington.....	9,951 81	2,056 84	12,008 65
Wayne.....	9,023 36	18,221 60	27,244 96
Westchester.....	25,895 43	1,417 33	27,312 76
Wyoming.....	5,715 01	4,346 20	10,061 21
Yates.....	5,308 70	2,312 84	7,621 54
Total.....	\$568,521 45	\$618,938 90	\$1,187,460 35

* No report furnished.

TABLE XX.

Value of poor-house establishments, labor of the inmates, and expense of supporting each person.

COUNTIES.	Number of acres of land attached to the poor-house.	Estimated value of poor-house establishments.	Value of labor of inmates.	Sum expended above the earnings of inmates for the support of each person.	Weekly expense of each person.
Albany	120			\$148 72	\$2 86
Allegany	276	\$16,152 00	\$500 00	45 58	0 95
Broome	120	30,000 00	1,000 00	82 16	1 58
Cattaraugus	200	32,000 00	300 00	68 64	1 32
Cayuga	96	25,000 00	500 00	99 84	1 92
Chautauqua	306	90,000 00	3,500 00	44 72	0 86
Chemung	175	11,200 00		74 10	1 42
Chenango	184	21,000 00	500 00	62 40	1 20
Clinton	90	5,200 00	350 00	66 03	1 26
Columbia	214	87,000 00	1,000 00	79 56	1 53
Cortland	118	9,000 00	450 00	45 82	0 88
Delaware	200	15,000 00		79 04	1 52
Dutchess	100	48,000 00		118 00	2 27
Erie	154	135,400 00	600 00	104 00	2 00
Essex	100	6,500 00	200 00	44 72	0 85
Franklin	162	7,000 00		44 20	0 85
Fulton	93	7,000 00			
Genesee	183	18,000 00	560 00	37 96	0 73
Greene	188	13,000 00	600 00	71 26	1 37
Hamilton*					
Herkimer	65	15,000 00	300 00	76 28	1 47
Jefferson	177	18,000 00	850 00	61 88	1 19
Lewis	59	20,000 00	500 00	89 52	1 72
Livingston	118	36,900 00	1,500 00	78 41	1 50
Madison	159	14,500 00		78 00	1 50
Monroe	94	27,000 00	1,200 00	59 80	1 15
Montgomery	160	16,000 00	300 00	130 00	2 50
Niagara	120	40,000 00	500 00	75 40	1 45
Onelida	118	44,500 00	1,500 00	60 32	1 16
Onondaga	86	45,000 00	350 00	66 04	1 27
Ontario	212	21,220 00	800 00	99 34	1 91
Orange	263	50,500 00	1,500 00		
Orleans	121	14,200 00	200 00	60 74	1 16
Oswego	60	38,000 00		60 44	1 15
Otsego	120	25,000 00		75 40	1 45
Putnam	196	13,000 00			
Queens*					
Rensselaer	143	75,000 00	1,000 00	71 76	1 35
Richmond	121	21,000 00			
Rockland	48	12,000 00		72 80	1 40
Saratoga	115	15,000 00	300 00	79 84	1 53
Schenectady	80	50,000 00	350 00	64 01	1 23
Schoharie	112	10,000 00		73 80	1 42
Schuyler*					
Seneca	126	18,000 00	200 00	86 84	1 67
St. Lawrence	335	75,000 00		70 72	1 36
Steuben	200	10,000 00	500 00	81 44	1 56
Suffolk*					
Sullivan	100	10,500 00	175 00	71 78	1 38
Tioga	60	9,800 00	450 00	86 49	1 66
Tompkins	100	15,000 00	500 00	82 49	1 01
Ulster	152	18,000 00	700 00	38 32	0 74
Warren	180	4,500 00	200 00	58 24	1 12
Washington	173	25,000 00	900 00	80 08	1 54
Wayne	195	27,000 00		78 00	1 50
Westchester	165	60,000 00	1,700 00	61 47	1 18
Wyoming	268	24,000 00	400 00	76 96	1 48
Yates	185	15,000 00	500 00	84 28	1 62
Total	7,086	\$1,559,572 00	\$27,435 00		

* No report furnished.

TABLE XXI.

Showing the number of persons supported and relieved, and the changes in the city alms-houses during the year ending Nov. 30, 1870.

NAME.	Number in alms-house Dec. 1st, 1869.	Received during the year.	Born in the house.	Number supported.	Number temporarily relieved.	Total supported and relieved.
Kings county (Brooklyn city) alms-house.	2,206	6,770	156	9,132	38,170	47,302
Newburgh city and town alms-house.	51	52	2	105	300	405
New York city alms-house.	5,879	22,186	696	29,761	5,834	35,595
Oswego city alms-house.	41	25	3	69	.....	69
Poughkeepsie city alms-house.	64	866	4	934	721	1,655
Utica city alms-house and hospital.	12	174	4	190	.....	190
Total.	8,253	31,073	865	40,191	45,025	85,216

TABLE XXI—(Concluded).

NAME.	Discharged.	Bound out.	Absconded.	Died.	REMAINING DEC. 1, 1870.		
					Males.	Females.	Total.
Kings county (Brooklyn city) alms-house.	6,114	.. .	51	411	1,307	1,249	2,556
Newburgh city and town alms-house.	50	.....	.....	4	30	21	51
New York city alms-house.	20,239	175	508	2,698	2,905	2,236	6,141
Oswego city alms-house.	8	.....	.....	3	28	30	58
Poughkeepsie city alms-house.	851	.....	6	8	31	38	69
Utica city alms-house and hospital.	167	3	.....	8	8	4	12
Total.	27,429	178	565	3,132	4,309	4,578	8,887

TABLE XXII.

Showing the condition of the persons supported in the city alms-houses, as far as stated in the reports.

NAME.	Lunatics.	Idiots.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Epileptics.	Children under 16 years of age.	Not reported	Total.
Kings county (Brooklyn city) alms-house.	901	19	14	7	90	1,369	6,642	9,132
Newburgh city and town alms-house.	12	2	1	.....	1	14	75	105
New York city alms-house.	1,903	151	105	8	243	.....	27,351	29,761
Oswego city alms-house.	.....	3	1	.....	1	11	53	69
Poughkeepsie city alms-house.	26	4	2	.....	.....	8	894	934
Utica city alms-house and hospital.	.....	.....	2	.....	2	6	180	190
Total.	2,979	179	125	15	386	1,408	35,149	40,191

TABLE XXIII.

Showing the condition of the persons remaining in the city alms-houses, December 1, 1870, as far as given.

NAME.	Lunatics.	Idiota.	Blind.	Deaf-mutes.	Epileptics.	Children under 18 years of age.	Not reported.	Total.
Kings county (Brooklyn city) alms-house.	680	16	10	5	86	458	1,301	2,556
Newburgh city and town alms-house.	10	2	1	...	...	6	32	51
New York city alms-house.	1,309	145	93	8	97	...	4,433	6,141
Oswego city alms-house.	...	3	1	...	1	11	42	58
Poughkeepsie city alms-house.	20	4	2	...	...	6	37	69
Utica city alms-house and hospital.	...	...	1	...	...	2	9	12
Total.	2,019	170	108	13	184	485	5,940	8,887

TABLE XXIV.

Causes of dependence of the persons supported, as far as shown by the reports.

NAME.	Total.	INTEMPERANCE.		Debauchery.	Idleness.	Vagrancy.	Lunacy.	Idiocy.	Blindness.	Deaf-mutes.
		Direct.	In-direct.							
Kings county (Brooklyn city) alms-house.	9,132	890	250	387	165	140	991	19	14	7
Newburgh city and town alms-house.	105	14	...	7	...	...	12	2	1	...
New York city alms-house.	29,761	830	18	...	...	737	1,950	151	105	8
Oswego city alms-house.	69	10	6	...	...	...	...	3	1	...
Poughkeepsie city alms-house.	934	24	3	23	9	789	26	4	2	...
Utica city alms-house and hospital.	190	10	12	10	...	...	...	...	2	...
Total.	40,191	1,778	289	427	174	1,666	2,979	179	125	15

TABLE XXIV — (Concluded).

NAME.	Sickness.	Lameness.	Decrepitude.	Old age.	Indigency.	Orphanage.	Bastardy.	Not reported.
Kings county (Brooklyn city) alms-house.	3,577	120	30	300	1,410	200	187	445
Newburgh city and town alms-house.	10	7	5	15	...	...	2	30
New York city alms-house.	18,879	100	...	41	5,845	461	5	831
Oswego city alms-house.	4	2	...	4	5	2	3	29
Poughkeepsie alms-house.	11	5	6	4	10	2	5	11
Utica city alms-house and hospital.	140	3	...	5	...	5	3	...
Total.	22,421	237	41	369	7,270	670	205	1,864

TABLE XXV.

Showing the proportion of native and foreign born persons supported during the year.

NAME.	NUMBER OF PERSONS SUPPORTED.			Native.	Foreign.
	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Kings county (Brooklyn city) alms-house	3,640	5,492	9,132	3,210	5,922
Newburgh city and town alms-house	45	80	105	55	50
New York city alms-house	15,455	14,306	29,761	9,668	20,073
Oswego city alms-house	34	35	69	15	54
Poughkeepsie alms-house	773	161	934	292	642
Utica city alms-house and hospital	129	61	190	72	118
Total	20,076	20,115	40,191	13,833	26,359

TABLE XXVI.

Amount expended for support and relief during the year.

NAME.	For support in the alms-house.	For temporary relief.	Total.
Kings county (Brooklyn city) alms-house	\$395,679 39	\$163,436 77	\$559,116 16
Newburgh city and town alms-house	7,889 95	634 10	8,517 05
New York city alms-house	688,903 00	126,360 52	815,263 52
Oswego city alms-house	5,068 81	.....	5,068 81
Poughkeepsie alms-house	10,424 69	2,484 86	12,909 55
Utica city alms-house and hospital	5,000 00	.....	5,000 00
Total	\$1,112,948 84	\$292,916 25	\$1,405,865 09

TABLE XXVII.

Value of alms-house establishments, labor of the inmates, and expense of supporting each person.

NAME.	Acres of land attached to the alms-house.	Estimated value of alms-house establishment.	Value of labor of inmates.	Sum expended for the support of each person.	Weekly expense of each person.
Kings county (Brooklyn city) alms-house	70	\$1,200,000 00	\$1,500 00	\$167 48	\$3 22
Newburgh city and town alms-house	75	45,000 00	.....	.....	.....
New York city alms-house .....	.....	2,695,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Oswego city alms-house	137	30,000 00	1,000 00	65 00	1 25
Poughkeepsie alms-house	17	80,000 00	360 00	131 04	2 52
Utica city alms-house and hospital	6	40,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Total	305	\$4,090,000 00	\$2,860 00	.....	.....

TABLE XXVIII.

Showing the special appropriations to orphan asylums and homes for the friendless, made by the Legislature during the session beginning January 4 and ending April 26, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Location.	AMOUNT APPROPRIATED.		
		From the State treasury, chapter 704.	From the treasury of New York city, chapter 383.	Total.
Association for the Benefit of Colored Orphans	New York	\$2,000		\$2,000
Association for Befriending Children	New York		\$3,000	3,000
Blind Mechanics' Association	New York		5,000	5,000
Brooklyn Orphan Asylum	Brooklyn	10,000		10,000
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children	Auburn	5,000		5,000
Chapin's Home for the Aged and Infirm	New York	10,000		10,000
Christian Brothers' Academy	Albany	5,000		5,000
Children's Home Society (day home)	Troy	2,000		2,000
Convent of the Sisters of Mercy	Brooklyn	5,000		5,000
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home	Buffalo	3,500		3,500
Female Academy of the Sacred Heart	Albany	3,000		3,000
Five Points Mission	New York		5,000	5,000
German Ladies' Union Aid Society	New York	5,000		5,000
German Mission Society	New York		5,000	5,000
Hebrew Benevolent Society	Albany	500		500
Home for the Friendless	Auburn	1,500		1,500
Home for the Friendless	New York		10,000	10,000
Home for the Homeless	Utica	5,000		5,000
House for Idle and Truant Children	Rochester	6,000		6,000
House of the Good Shepherd	New York		25,000	25,000
Howard Colored Orphan Asylum	Brooklyn	1,500		1,500
Ingham University	Le Roy	5,000		5,000
Institution of Mercy	Greenbush	3,000		3,000
Jane Grey School	Mount Morris	10,000		10,000
James Street Industrial School	New York	3,000		3,000
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum	Watertown	1,000		1,000
Ladies' Christian Union	New York		3,000	3,000
Ladies' Union Aid Society	New York		5,000	5,000
Ladies' Union Relief Association	New York		10,000	10,000
Mariners' Family Industrial Society	New York	2,500		2,500
New York Dorcas Society	New York		3,000	3,000
New York Female Assistance Society	New York		5,000	5,000
New York Juvenile Guardian Society	New York	10,000		10,000
Nursery and Child's Hospital	New York	25,000		25,000
Ontario County Orphan Asylum	Canandaigua	5,000		5,000
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum	Syracuse	3,000		3,000
Orphan Asylum, House of the Good Shepherd	Haverstraw	2,000		2,000
Oswego Orphan Asylum	Oswego	5,000		5,000
Patriots' Orphan Home	Flushing		5,000	5,000
Pitt Street Industrial School	New York	3,000		3,000
Prison Association	New York	6,000		6,000
Rev. E. M. Smith	Brooklyn	5,000		5,000
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum	Brooklyn	10,000		10,000
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum	Corner Prince and Mott sts. N. York	3,000	5,000	8,000
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum	Cor. Houston and Mulberry sts. N. Y.	5,000		5,000
Shepherd's Fold	New York		5,000	5,000
Sisters of St. Joseph's Church	Fourth st., N. York		5,000	5,000
Sisters of Charity	Newburgh	5,000		5,000
Sisters of Charity	Port Jervis	5,000		5,000
Sisters of St. Dominick (asylum)	New York		5,000	5,000
Sisters of the Order of St. Ursula	East Morrisania	3,000		3,000
Society for Indigent and Crippled Blind	New York		6,000	6,000
Society for the Protection of Destitute Catholic Children	Buffalo	3,500		3,500
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children	New York	50,000		50,000
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen	Snug Harbor		5,000	5,000
Southern Tier Orphan Asylum	Elmira	5,000		5,000
St. Joseph's Home	New York		3,000	3,000

TABLE XXVIII—(Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Location.	AMOUNT APPROPRIATED.		
		From the State treasury, chapter 704.	From the treasury of New York city, chapter 888.	Total.
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum	New York		\$5,000	\$5,000
St. Mary's Institute	Rondout	\$500		500
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum	Dunkirk	1,000		1,000
St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum	New York		15,000	15,000
St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum	Syracuse	3,000		3,000
St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum	Buffalo	1,000		1,000
St. Vincent Female Orphan Asylum	Troy	1,000		1,000
Susquehanna Valley Home and Industrial School for Indigent Children	Binghamton	5,000		5,000
Syracuse Home Association	Syracuse	750		750
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children	Versailles	8,500		8,500
Tonawanda Baptist Church of the Band of the Senecas		2,000		2,000
Truant Home	Brooklyn	5,000		5,000
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum	Troy	5,000		5,000
Troy Orphan Asylum	Troy	5,000		5,000
Union Home and School	New York		5,000	5,000
Wayside Industrial Home	New York	2,000	5,000	7,000
Total		\$287,750	\$142,000	\$429,750

NOTE.—The whole appropriations to Orphan Asylums and Homes for the Friendless, were as follows:

From the State Treasury, to be divided pro rata (chap. 704)	\$150,000
From the State Treasury, in specific amounts (chap. 704)	287,750
From the treasury of the city of New York (chap. 883)	142,000
Total	\$579,750

TABLE XXIX.

Showing the special appropriations to hospitals, made by the Legislature, at the session commencing January 4, and ending April 26, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Location.	AMOUNT APPROPRIATED.		
		From the State treasury, chapter 704.	From the treasury of New York city, chapter 383.	Total.
Albany Hospital.....	Albany.....	\$5,000	.....	\$5,000
Hahnemann Hospital.....	New York.....	20,000	\$10,000	30,000
Hospital for Ruptured and Crippled.....	New York.....	10,000	7,500	17,500
Long Island College Hospital.....	Brooklyn.....	5,000	.....	5,000
Marshall Infirmary.....	Troy.....	10,000	.....	10,000
Mount Sinai Hospital.....	New York.....	10,000	.....	10,000
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary.....	New York.....	1,000	.....	1,000
New York Foundling Hospital, under charge of Sisters of Charity.....	New York.....	.....	100,000	100,000
New York Hospital for Diseases of the Nervous System.....	New York.....	.....	2,000	2,000
New York Hospital for the Treatment of Cancer.....	New York.....	1,000	.....	1,000
New York Infirmary for Women and Children.....	New York.....	.....	10,000	10,000
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute.....	New York.....	1,000	.....	1,000
New York Ophthalmic Hospital.....	New York.....	2,500	.....	2,500
Rochester City Hospital.....	Rochester.....	15,000	.....	15,000
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home.....	Utica.....	2,500	.....	2,500
St. Francis' Hospital.....	New York.....	5,000	10,000	15,000
St. Joseph's Hospital.....	Syracuse.....	3,000	.....	3,000
St. Mary's Hospital.....	Rochester.....	15,000	.....	15,000
St. Mary's Lying-in Hospital.....	Buffalo.....	2,500	.....	2,500
St. Peter's Hospital.....	Albany.....	5,000	.....	5,000
St. Peter's Hospital.....	Brooklyn.....	5,000	.....	5,000
S. R. Smith Infirmary.....	Richmond Co.....	1,000	.....	1,000
St. Vincent's Hospital.....	New York.....	5,000	10,000	15,000
Troy Hospital.....	Troy.....	5,000	.....	5,000
Women's Medical College and Hospital.....	New York.....	10,000	10,000	20,000
Total.....	.....	\$130,500	\$159,500	\$290,000

NOTE.—The entire appropriations to Hospitals were as follows:

From the State Treasury, to be divided pro rata (chap. 704)	\$75,000
From the State Treasury, in specific amounts (chap. 704)	139,500
From the treasury of the city of New York (chap. 383)	189,500
Total.....	\$374,000

TABLE XXX.

Showing the special appropriations to dispensaries made by the Legislature, at the session commencing January 4 and ending April 26, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Location.	AMOUNT APPROPRIATED.		
		From the State treasury, chapter 704.	From the treasury of New York city, chapter 889.	Total.
Albany City Dispensary	Albany	\$1,000		\$1,000
Albany Hospital Dispensary	Albany	1,000		1,000
Bond Street Homœopathic Dispensary	New York	1,500	\$5,000	6,500
Branch Tompkins Square Homœopathic Dispensary	New York	1,000	1,000	2,000
Brooklyn City Dispensary	Brooklyn	700		700
Brooklyn Homœopathic Dispensary	Brooklyn	500		500
Buffalo City Dispensary	Buffalo	500		500
Buffalo Homœopathic Dispensary	Buffalo	750		750
Central Dispensary	New York		2,000	2,000
Demilt Dispensary	New York	1,000	1,000	2,000
Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital	Brooklyn	500		500
Dispensary of the New York Medical College for Women and Children	New York	500	1,000	1,500
Dispensary of the Troy Hospital	Troy	500		500
Dispensary of the New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute	New York		1,000	1,000
Eastern Dispensary	New York	1,000	1,000	2,000
Eclectic Medical Dispensary	New York	2,500	1,000	3,500
Gates Avenue Homœopathic Dispensary	Brooklyn	500		500
German Dispensary	New York	600	1,000	1,600
Harlem Dispensary	New York	1,000	1,000	2,000
Hoffman Dispensary	New York		2,000	2,000
Homœopathic Medical College Dispensary	New York	1,000	1,000	2,000
Infirmiry of the New York College of Dentistry	New York		1,000	1,000
Manhattanville Dispensary	New York	2,000	1,000	3,000
Metropolitan Homœopathic Dispensary	New York	2,000	10,000	12,000
Morrisania Homœopathic Dispensary	Morrisania	500		500
New York Dispensary	New York	6,000	1,000	7,000
New York Dispensary for Diseases of the Throat and Chest	New York		2,000	2,000
New York Homœopathic Dispensary	New York	2,000	1,000	3,000
New York Infirmiry Dispensary	New York	500		500
Northern Dispensary	New York	500	1,000	1,500
Northeastern Dispensary	New York	1,500	3,000	4,500
Northeastern Homœopathic Dispensary	New York	3,000	2,500	5,500
Northwestern Dispensary	New York	1,000	500	1,500
Orthopædic Dispensary	New York		10,000	10,000
Poughkeepsie Homœopathic Dispensary	Poughkeepsie	800		800
St. Peter's Dispensary	Brooklyn	500		500
Western Dispensary for Women and Children	New York	300	1,000	1,300
Western Homœopathic Dispensary	New York	1,500	2,500	4,000
Williamsburgh Dispensary	Brooklyn, E.D.	750		750
Yorkville Dispensary	New York	1,000	1,000	2,000
Total .....	.....	\$39,900	\$55,500	\$95,400

TABLE XXXI.

List of orphan asylums and homes for the friendless receiving State aid for the year ending September 30, 1870, with their location, date of organization, and the names of the resident officer, and officers of the board of trustees or managers.

INSTITUTIONS.	Organ-ized in	Officer in charge.	Officers of the board of trustees or managers.
Albany Orphan Asylum, Albany	1880	Timothy Fuller, superintendent	President, John F. Rathbone. Secretary, James M. Humphrey. Treasurer, James Martin.
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, Albany	1861	.....	First directress, Mrs. S. Van Rensselaer. Secretary, Mrs. Albert D. Robinson. Treasurer, Mrs. Samuel Patten.
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York city	1884	.....	President, Mrs. E. M. North. Secretary, Mrs. Harris Wilson. Treasurer, Mrs. S. A. Stone.
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females, New York city	1813	.....	First directress, Mrs. Ann Gillett. Secretary, Mrs. W. E. Vermilye. Treasurer, Edward S. Innes.
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo	1855	Sister Mary J. Schafer, superioress	President, Sister Mary J. Schafer. Secretary, Sister Mary F. A. Schottmiller. Treasurer, Sister Mary B. Kelly.
Blind Mechanics' Association, New York city	1862	.....	.....
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children, Brooklyn	1854	Miss E. Moffat, teacher	First directress, Mrs. J. C. Smith. Secretary, Mrs. E. S. Mills. Treasurer, Mrs. H. C. Hulbert.
Brooklyn Industrial School Association, Eastern District, Brooklyn	1854	Maria Hasenohr, matron	President, Nicholas Wyckoff. Secretary, John A. Taylor. Treasurer, John Broach.
Buffalo Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	1836	Janette Macpherson, matron	President, Jason Sexton. Secretary, Benjamin H. Williams. Treasurer, Henry Howard.
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn	1851	Mrs. J. C. Rogers, matron	First directress, Mrs. O. F. Knapp. Secretary, Mrs. C. Wheeler, Jr. Treasurer, Mrs. S. L. Bradley.
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York city	1869	.....	President, Mrs. E. H. Chapin. Secretary, Miss Mary Willard. Treasurer, Mrs. D. D. F. Marshall.
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo	1863	Mrs. L. Horton, matron	President, James M. Smith. Secretary, James E. Ford. Treasurer, James Sweeney.

TABLE XXXI—(Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Organ-ized in	Officer in charge.	Officers of the board of trustees or managers.	
Children's Aid Society, New York city.....	1853	.....	President, William A. Booth.	Secretary, Charles L. Brace.
Children's Friend Society, Albany.....	1856	Carolino R. Sayles, Ann J. Harris, matrons.....	Treasurer, J. East Williams.	President, Mary P. Wyman.
Children's Home Society (day home), Troy.....	1858	Emily M. Conant, matron.....	Secretary, Ann V. K. Russell.	Treasurer, Signe P. Smith.
Church Charily Foundation of Long Island, Brooklyn.....	1851	Rev. Lucius N. Voigt, superintendent; Mrs. Lucius N. Voigt, matron.....	President, Sarah S. M. Conliffe.	Secretary, Emma Willard.
Colored Home, New York city.....	1859	Samuel Whitall, resident physician; Mrs. Elizabeth Hagert, matron.....	Treasurer, John A. N. Littlejohn.	Secretary, Charles Congdon.
Colored Orphan Asylum, New York city.....	1856	O. K. Hutchinson, superintendent; Mary Jane McClelland, matron.....	First Directors, Misses C. L. Westerlo.	Secretary, Miss Blakely.
Convent of Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn.....	1855	Ellen Josephine Haire, superioress.....	Treasurer, Mrs. James B. Colgate.	President, Mrs. Augustus Taber.
Davenport Female Orphan Asylum, Bath.....	1862	Ira D. Hotchkies, superintendent; Mrs. Ira D. Hotchkies, matron.....	Treasurer, Ellen Josephine Haire.	Secretary, Elsie M. McManus.
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo.....	1864	Joachim Schladermundt, superintendent boys' department; Sister Louise Adelberg, matron girls' department; William F. Barnard, superintendent.....	Treasurer, Alice M. Leach.	President, Charles Davenport.
Five Points House of Industry, New York city.....	1851	Rev. James M. Shaffer, superintendent.....	Secretary, Guy H. McMaster.	Treasurer, Ralph Noble.
Five Points Mission, New York city.....	1850	.....	President, Rev. Christian Volz.	Secretary, Andrew Grace.
Free School Academy of the Sacred Heart, Manhattan-ville, New York city.....	1848	.....	Treasurer, George Kneely.	President, Archibald Russell.
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society, New York city.....	1822	Louis Schnabel, superintendent.....	Secretary, George F. Bette.	Treasurer, Hugh N. Camp.
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn.....	1868	Mother Henrietta Joseph, superioress.....	First directors, Mrs. Joseph A. Wright.	Secretary, Miss Ellen B. Moore.
			Treasurer, Mrs. William B. S. Widmore.	President, Sister Catharine A. White.
			Secretary, Sister Margaret Hony.	Treasurer, Sister Sarah Randall.
			President, Myer Stern.	Secretary, Henry Goldsmith.
			Treasurer, S. P. M. Cyert.	President, Mrs. Sylvia Parmentier.
			Secretary, Mrs. Rosine M. Parmentier.	Treasurer, Frederick Moreau.

Home for Homeless Girls, New York city	1885	Nevenson H. Morey, superintendent; Mrs. Sarah H. { Morey, matron	President, A. R. Wetmore. Secretary, John C. Holden. Treasurer, Z. S. Ely.
Home for the Friendless, Auburn	1884	Mrs. S. S. Parsel, superintendent	President, Mrs. J. N. Starlin. Secretary, Mrs. C. P. Williams. Treasurer, Mrs. S. Willard.
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo	1887	.....	President, Mrs. O. G. Steele. Secretary, Miss Grace Bird.
Home for the Friendless, Newburgh	1881	Jane Osborne, matron	Treasurer, Mrs. Edward Bristol. First directress, Mrs. W. L. F. Warren.
Home for the Friendless, Rochester	1849	Mrs. Ann Carter, matron	Secretary, Kate I. Ritchie. Treasurer, Mrs. J. N. Weed.
Home for the Friendless, Schenectady	1888	.....	President, Mrs. Selah Matthews. Secretary, Mrs. Hendrick P. Shedd. Treasurer, Mrs. S. D. Porter.
Home for the Homeless, Utica	1886	Miss Sara Judson, matron	President, Mrs. Ursula E. Nott. Secretary, Mrs. Mary Myers. Treasurer, Annie Adams.
House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	1888	Sister Anna Shiel, superioress	President, Theodore S. Faxon. Secretary, Edward Curran. Treasurer, George R. Thomas.
House of the Good Shepherd, New York city	1887	S. M. St. Irene Beringer, superioress	President, Corinna Decker. Secretary, Mary Ann Keating. Treasurer, James Thompson.
House of Mercy, New York city	1884	.....	President, Mother Mary Magdalen. Secretary, S. Mary St. Synclerica Yelle. Treasurer, Denis Carroll.
Howard Colored Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn	1866	Mary Bundy, matron	President, Rev. George F. Seymour. Secretary, C. G. Mitchell. Treasurer, Edward Haicht.
Hudson Orphan and Relief Association, Hudson	1848	Miss Elizabeth Jones, matron	Treasurer, Hattie M. Johnson. President, Mrs. Mary A. Livingston.
Institution of Mercy (No. 83 East Houston street), New York city	1848	Sister Mary Augustine McKenna, superioress	President, Mrs. E. Gifford. Secretary, Sister Catherine Seton. Treasurer, Sister Christine Doherty.
Institution of Mercy (Eighty-first street), New York city	1869	Sister Mary Alphonsus Smyth, superioress	Treasurer, Sister Margaret Smyth.
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, Watertown	1859	Mrs. Loretta Cory, matron	President, Willard Ives. Secretary, Robert Lansing. Treasurer, Samuel B. Upham.
Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady	1810	.....	President, Mrs. Ursula E. Nott. Secretary, Mrs. Catherine F. Stanton. Treasurer, Susan H. Richmond.
Ladies' Union Aid Society, New York City	1850	Mrs. John D. Adams, superintendent	First directress, Mrs. Richard H. Tittle. Secretary, Mrs. John D. Adams. Treasurer, Mrs. Richard Kelly.

TABLE XXXI.—(Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Organ- ized in	Officers in charge.	Officers of the board of trustees or managers.
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York city	1885	.....	President, Mrs. Agnes Kennedy. Secretary, Miss Madeline McKibben. Treasurer, Mary Anne Hale.
Le Couteux St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo ..	1883	Sisters of St. Joseph	President, Rev. Thomas F. Hines. Secretary, Sister Mary Joseph. Treasurer, Sister Mary Amen.
New York Female Assistance, New York city	1846	.....	.....
New York Juvenile Asylum, New York city .....	....	S. D. Brooks, M. D., superintendent and physician; E. M. Carpenter, superintendent house of reception.....	President, Apollo R. Wetmore. Secretary, William C. Gilman. Treasurer, Thomas Denny. President, Dudley Field. Secretary, Rev. D. F. Robertson.
New York Juvenile Guardian Society, New York city	1848	.....	Treasurer, John Conacher. First directress, Mrs. Thomas Hastings. Secretary, Mrs. A. A. Redfield.
New York Magdalen Benevolent Society, New York city ..	1832	Mrs. R. S. Ireland, matron	Treasurer, Mrs. Charles Fanning. President, C. C. Duncan. Secretary, S. H. Hall.
New York Seaman's Association, New York city	1869	.....	Treasurer, Moses S. Beach First directress, Mrs. Cornelius Du Bois. Secretary, Mrs. Algernon S. Sullivan.
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York city	1884	Mrs. Jaquette Polman, matron	Treasurer, Mrs. Edwin Stoughton. President, Timothy R. Porter. Secretary, William E. Abbott.
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Syracuse .....	....	Mrs. Lydia A. Suydam, matron	Treasurer, Allen Monroe. President, Mrs. Caroline B. Cook. Secretary, Mrs. Eliza S. Holmes.
Ontario County Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	1863	E. W. Baldwin, matron	Treasurer, Mrs. Abigail M. Willson. First directress, Mrs. J. B. Hutchinson. Secretary, Mrs. E. T. Wood.
Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn	1884	Jane R. Davis, matron	Treasurer, Mrs. J. W. Mason. First directress, Mrs. John Anthon. Secretary, Mrs. G. C. Satterlee.
Orphan Asylum Society, New York city	1866	Charles S. Pell, superintendent; Mrs. Charles S. Pell, matron	Treasurer, Miss M. J. Oothout. President, Michael May. Secretary, Jacob Fenimore.
Orphans' Home Asylum of the Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, Eastern District	1860	Sister Scraphine Stalmore, superioress	Treasurer, John Sabar. First Directress, Susan M. Dattih. Secretary, Miss Annie H. Cooke.
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York city ..	1851	Jane Engle, matron	Treasurer, Miss Mary S. Jones.

Orphans' Home, St. Peter's Church, Albany.....	1864	Miss Van Engen, matron	President, Rev. William A. Snively. Secretary, Mrs. Mary D. Adams. Treasurer, Mrs. Esther E. Taylor.
Oswego Orphan Asylum, Oswego.....	1852	Mrs. James Dugane, matron	President, O. J. Hamlin. Secretary, Gilbert Mallon.
Patriot Orphan Home, Flushing, Long Island.....	1861	James Bodine, superintendent; Mrs. James Bodine, matron	President, Oscar H. Hastings. First director, Mrs. Claudius S. Monell. Secretary, Miss Lucie Greenleaf.
Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless, Poughkeepsie	1847	Mrs. James Palmer, matron	President, Mrs. A. J. McArthur. Secretary, Mrs. C. W. Tucker.
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester	1868	Miss Dowse, matron	President, Mrs. C. M. Wight. Secretary, Mrs. Dudley Bartlett.
Rochester Industrial School, Rochester.....	1857	Miss Donaldson, matron.....	President, Mrs. George H. Mumford. Secretary, Miss E. Devin Smith.
Rochester Orphan Asylum, Rochester	1837	Mrs. Lucia Clements, matron.....	President, Mrs. George F. Danforth. Secretary, Mrs. Gilman Gould.
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn.....	1826	.....	Treasurer, Mrs. George Gould. President, Mrs. Lysander Farrar.
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, New York city.....	1852	.....	Secretary, Mrs. S. A. Latimore. President, Rt. Rev. John Longhlin.
Sheltering Arms, New York city	1864	.....	Secretary, Thomas Kelly. Treasurer, William Casey.
Sisters of the Order of St. Dominick (asylum), New York city.....	1866	Sister Mary Augustine, superioress.....	President, Most Rev. J. McCloskey. Secretary, Louis B. Hines.
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, Snug Harbor, Staten Island.....	1846	Miss M. E. Parker, matron	Treasurer, Louis B. Hines. President, Rev. Thomas M. Peters.
Society for the Relief of Half-orphan and Destitute Children, New York city.....	1835	Mrs. Irene Bush, matron	Secretary, Henry J. Cammann. Treasurer, James S. Breath.
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, Buffalo	1864	Rev. Thomas F. Hines, superintendent.....	.....
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York city	1862	Brother Tellow, rector boys' department; Sister De Chantal, superioress girls' department.....	First director, Mrs. Jacob Leroy. Secretary, Mrs. C. R. Lowell.
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira	1864	Rev. A. G. Burlingame, superintendent; Mrs. A. G. Burlingame, matron.....	Treasurer, Mrs. A. C. Kingsland. First director, Mrs. George D. Phelps. Secretary, Mrs. D. D. Lord.
St. Barnabas House, New York city	1863	Miss Ellen Hulse, matron.....	Treasurer, Mrs. J. N. Bradt. President, Rt. Rev. Stephen Vincent Ryan.

TABLE XXXI—(Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Organ- ized in	Officers in charge.	Officers of the board of trustees or managers.
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York city	1885	.....	President, Mrs. Agnes Kennedy. Secretary, Miss Madeline McKibben.
Le Contoux St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo ..	1883	Sisters of St. Joseph	Treasurer, Mary Anne Halc. President, Rev. Thomas F. Hines. Secretary, Sister Mary Joseph. Treasurer, Sister Mary Amen.
New York Female Assistance, New York city	1846	.....	.....
New York Juvenile Asylum, New York city .....	....	S. D. Brooks, M. D., superintendent and physician; E. M. Carpenter, superintendent house of reception.....	President, Apollo R. Wetmore. Secretary, William C. Gilman. Treasurer, Thomas D. Condy. President, Dudley Field. Secretary, Rev. D. F. Robertson.
New York Juvenile Guardian Society, New York city	1848	.....	Treasurer, John Conacher. First directors, Mrs. Thomas Hastings. Secretary, Mrs. A. A. Redfield. Treasurer, Mrs. Charles Fanning. President, C. C. Duncan. Secretary, S. H. Hall.
New York Magdalen Benevolent Society, New York city ..	1832	Mrs. R. S. Ireland, matron	Treasurer, Moses S. Beach First directors, Mrs. Cornelius Du Bois. Secretary, Mrs. Agnes S. Sullivan. Treasurer, Mrs. Edwin Poughon. President, Timothy R. Porter. Secretary, William E. Abbott.
New York Seaman's Association, New York city	1869	.....	Treasurer, Allen Monroe. President, Mrs. Caroline B. Cook. Secretary, Mrs. Eliza S. Thomas. Treasurer, Mrs. Abigail M. Wilson. First directors, Mrs. E. B. Hutchinson. Secretary, Mrs. E. T. Wood. Treasurer, Mrs. J. W. Mason. First directors, Mrs. John Anthon. Secretary, Mrs. G. C. Salterlee. Treasurer, Mrs. M. M. Oothout. President, Michael May. Secretary, Jacob Fenimore.
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York city	1854	Mrs. Jaquette Polman, matron	Treasurer, John Eber. First Directors, Susan M. Dutlih. Secretary, Miss Annie H. Cooke. Treasurer, Miss Mary S. Jones.
Onondaga County Orphan Asylum, Syracuse .....	....	Mrs. Lydia A. Suydam, matron .....	.....
Ontario County Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	1863	E. W. Baldwin, matron .....	.....
Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn	1834	Jane R. Davis, matron .....	.....
Orphan Asylum Society, New York city	1806	Charles S. Pell, superintendent; Mrs. Charles S. Pell, matron .....	.....
Orphans' Home Asylum of the Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, Eastern District	1860	Sister Seraphine Staimore, superioress .....	.....
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York city	1851	Jane Engle, matron .....	.....

1864	Orphans' Home, St. Peter's Church, Albany.....	Miss Van Eugen, matron	President, Rev. William A. Snively. Secretary, Mrs. Mary D. Adams. Treasurer, Mrs. Esther E. Taylor. President, O. J. Harmon. Secretary, Gilbert Mallison.
1862	Oswego Orphan Asylum, Oswego.....	Mrs. James Dugane, matron	Treasurer, Oscar H. Hastings. President, Mrs. Claudius St. Monell. Secretary, Mrs. Lucie Greenleaf.
1861	Patriot Orphan Home, Flushing, Long Island.....	James Bodine, superintendent; Mrs. James Bodine, matron	Treasurer, Mrs. A. I. Mervin. President, Mrs. C. W. Tooker. Secretary, Mrs. C. M. Wight.
1847	Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless, Poughkeepsie.....	Mrs. James Palmer, matron	Treasurer, Mrs. Dudley Bartlett. President, Mrs. George H. Munford. Secretary, Mrs. E. Darwin Smith.
1868	Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester.....	Miss Dowse, matron.....	Treasurer, Miss C. L. Rochester. President, Mrs. George F. Parkin. Secretary, Mrs. Gilman H. Perkins.
1857	Rochester Industrial School, Rochester.....	Miss Donaldson, matron.....	Treasurer, Mrs. George Gould. President, Mrs. Lyander Farrar. Secretary, Mrs. S. A. Lattimore.
1837	Rochester Orphan Asylum, Rochester.....	Mrs. Lucia Clements, matron.....	Treasurer, Mrs. William N. Sage. President, Rt. Rev. John Loughlin. Secretary, Thomas Kelly.
1836	Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn.....	.....	Treasurer, William Casey. President, Most Rev. J. McCloskey. Secretary, Louis B. Hinesse.
1852	Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, New York city.....	.....	Treasurer, James Olwell. President, Rev. Thomas M. Peters. Secretary, Henry J. Cammann.
1864	Sheltering Arms, New York city.....	.....	Treasurer, James S. Breath.
1866	Sisters of the Order of St. Dominick (asylum), New York city.....	Sister Mary Augustine, superioress.....	.....
1846	Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, Snug Harbor, Staten Island.....	Miss M. E. Parker, matron	First directress, Mrs. Jacob Leroy. Secretary, Mrs. C. R. Lowell. Treasurer, Mrs. A. C. Kipland.
1835	Society for the Relief of Half-orphan and Destitute Children, New York city.....	Mrs. Irene Bush, matron	First directress, Mrs. George D. Phelps. Treasurer, Mrs. D. D. Lordy. Secretary, Mrs. J. N. Bradley.
1864	Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, Buffalo.....	Rev. Thomas F. Hines, superintendent.....	President, Rt. Rev. Stephen Vincent Ryan. Secretary, George Sandrock. Treasurer, Rev. Thomas F. Hines.
1862	Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York city.....	Brother Tellow, rector boys' department; Sister De Chantal, superioress girls' department.....	President, Henry James F. Hines. Secretary, James Lynch. Treasurer, Thomas H. O'Connor.
1864	Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira.....	Rev. A. G. Burlingame, superintendent; Mrs. A. G. Burlingame, matron.....	President, Mrs. David Decker. Secretary, Mrs. E. A. St. John. Treasurer, N. P. Fasset.
1863	St. Barnabas House, New York city.....	Miss Ellen Hulse, matron.....	President, Rt. Rev. Horatio Potter. Secretary, Albert McNulty. Treasurer, Robert S. Holt.

TABLE XXXI—(Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Organ- ized in	Officers in charge.	Officers of the Board of trustees or managers.
St. Joseph's Asylum, New York city	1858	Sister Hyacinth, superioress	President, Rev. Maximus Leimgrubner. Secretary, Bernard Amend.
St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, { Rochester	1862	Sister Mary Gabriella, superioress	Treasurer, Auke Dooper. President, Rev. George Ruland.
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	1849	Sister M. Philip, superioress	Secretary, Michael Weigel. Treasurer, Martin Hebrerger.
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica	1834	Sister Angela Sweeny, superioress	President, Sister M. Philip. Treasurer, Rev. Thomas F. Hines.
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New { York city	1851	Miss M. Upton, matron	President, Sister Angela Sweeny. Secretary, Sister Mary Agnes Gleason.
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester	1864	Sister Bartholomew, superioress	President, Rt. Rev. Horatio Potter. Secretary, Francis Pott. Treasurer, A. B. McDonald.
St. Mary's German Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	1852	Sister Bartholomew, superioress	Associate Managers { President, Mrs. Henry Smith. Secretary, Miss Ellen Campbell. Treasurer, Mrs. Wm. C. Moore.
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	1854	Sister Bartholomew, superioress	President, Rev. James M. Early. Secretary, Sister M. De Puzio.
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Clifton, Staten Island	1865	Sister Mary Plus, superioress	Treasurer, Sister M. Stanislaus. President, William Wischeratte.
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Dunkirk	1857	Sister Anastasia Donovan, superioress	Secretary and treasurer, Rev. John Heepelsh.
St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester	1842	Sister Mary Plus, superioress	President, Denis English. Secretary, Mary Claver.
St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, Newburgh .....	.....	Sister Mary Plus, superioress	Treasurer, Rev. John Lewis. Secretary, John Sullivan.
St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Association, Rondout.	1860	Sister Mary Plus, superioress	Treasurer, Rev. John Lewis. President, Rev. Martin Magher.
St. Peter's Orphan Asylum, Newburgh .....	.....	Sister Mary Plus, superioress	Secretary, Sister Calcanethus O'Brien. Treasurer, Sister Benedict Butler.
St. Peter's Orphan Asylum, Newburgh .....	.....	Sister Mary Plus, superioress	President, Beatrice Duffy. Secretary, Mary Joseph Melody.
St. Peter's Orphan Asylum, Newburgh .....	.....	Sister Mary Plus, superioress	Treasurer, Rev. E. S. Brady. Secretary, Thomas J. Bannon.
St. Peter's Orphan Asylum, Newburgh .....	.....	Sister Mary Plus, superioress	Treasurer, Rev. E. S. Brady. President, John Raudenbush.
St. Peter's Orphan Asylum, Newburgh .....	.....	Sister Mary Plus, superioress	Secretary, Henry Blumensaat. Treasurer, John Peter Dorenbacher.

1867	St. Stephen's Orphan Asylum, New York city	Sister M. Clotilde, matron	Sister M. Clotilde, matron	President, Rev. Edward McGlynn.
1862	St. Thomas' Orphan Asylum, Batavia	Sister Mary Stanislaus McGarr, superioress	Sister Mary Stanislaus McGarr, superioress	Secretary and treasurer, Jas. F. Rourke.
1860	St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum, Syracuse .....	.....	.....	President, Rev. Thomas Cunningham.
1849	St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany	Sister Valentina, superioress	Sister Valentina, superioress	Secretary, Mary Teresa Moran.
1863	St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	Sister Robertino Lanahan, superioress	Sister Robertino Lanahan, superioress	Treasurer, Mary Stanislaus McGarr.
1863	St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy	Sister Sarah A. Baker, superioress	Sister Sarah A. Baker, superioress .....	.....
1863	St. Vincent's Infant Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	Sister M. Elisabeth Sinnott, superioress	Sister M. Elisabeth Sinnott, superioress .....	.....
1863	St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany	Brother Amphian	Brother Amphian	President, Rt. Rev. John J. Conroy.
1863	St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Utica	Brother Clementian, superintendent	Brother Clementian, superintendent	Secretary, Sister Consolata Field.
1869	Suequehanna Valley Home and Industrial School for In- digent Children, Binghamton	Mrs. Anna C. Hawley, matron	Mrs. Anna C. Hawley, matron	President, Sister Loretta Scanlan.
1851	Syracuse Home Association, Syracuse	Mrs. Julia M. Willetts, matron	Mrs. Julia M. Willetts, matron	Treasurer, Sister Robertine Lanahan.
1854	Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Chil- dren, Versailles	B. F. Hall, superintendent; Miss Margaret Martin, matron	B. F. Hall, superintendent; Miss Margaret Martin, matron	President, Sister Elizabeth Carney.
1853	Troy Orphan Asylum, Troy	Miss Amy D. Lottridge, matron	Miss Amy D. Lottridge, matron	Secretary, Sister Catharine Roche.
1864	Troy Roman Catholic Male Orphan Asylum, Troy	Brother Conald, superintendent	Brother Conald, superintendent	Treasurer, Sister Sarah A. Baker.
1861	Union Home and School for the Education and Mainte- nance of Children of our Volunteers, New York city ..	.....	.....	President, Sister M. Elizabeth Sinnott.
1880	Utica Orphan Asylum, Utica	Mrs. L. B. Tufts, matron	Mrs. L. B. Tufts, matron	Treasurer, Sister M. Clarence Walker.

[Senate No. 70.]

TABLE XXXII.

Showing the estimated value of property of all kinds held by orphan asylums and homes for the friendless receiving State aid, and their indebtedness at the close of the year ending September 30, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Bonds, stocks and other securities.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS.		
					Real.	Personal.	Total.
Albany Orphan Asylum.....	\$15,000 00	\$31,000 00	\$60,708 97	\$75,708 97	\$266 39	.....	\$266 39
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless.....	35,988 77	.....	5,500 00	44,488 77	.....	.....	.....
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless.....	100,000 00	.....	5,000 00	105,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females, New York.....	57,000 00	3,000 00	.....	309,975 00	.....	.....	.....
Asylum of Our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo.....	16,000 00	4,300 00	.....	.....	4,000 00	\$550 00	4,550 00
Blind Mechanics' Association, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children.....	75,000 00	3,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Industrial School Association, Eastern District.....	31,000 00	800 00	6,050 00	84,050 00	800 00	.....	800 00
Buffalo Orphan Asylum.....	21,604 43	.....	8,500 00	40,304 43	18,875 00	476 00	19,351 00
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn.....	30,000 00	1,000 00	13,000 73	44,000 73	.....	.....	.....
Charity Home for the Aged and Infirmit, New York.....	30,000 00	.....	3,000 00	34,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo.....	100,000 00	.....	35,000 00	135,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York.....	34,000 00	26,553 00	209,000 00	269,553 00	.....	.....	.....
Children's Friend Society, Albany.....	3,500 00	300 00	3,650 00	7,450 00	.....	.....	.....
Children's Home Society (day home), Troy.....	7,500 00	300 00	3,900 00	11,700 00	.....	.....	.....
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island.....	75,000 00	2,000 00	95,600 00	105,600 00	.....	.....	.....
Colored Home, New York.....	40,000 00	.....	45,700 00	90,700 00	.....	.....	.....
Colored Orphan Asylum, New York.....	20,743 25	.....	143,682 00	345,383 25	.....	.....	.....
Convents of Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn.....	131,650 00	8,000 00	.....	139,650 00	58,350 00	8,178 62	66,428 62
Day-school for Female Orphan Asylum, Bath.....	108,458 79	9,345 03	155,000 00	252,903 82	.....	.....	.....
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo.....	92,000 00	4,150 00	4,983 90	99,043 90	6,500 00	.....	6,500 00
Five Points House of Industry, New York.....	230,000 00	.....	20,500 00	240,500 00	70,000 00	.....	70,000 00
Free School, Academy of the Sacred Heart, Manhattanville.....	85,000 00	2,500 00	.....	87,500 00	.....	.....	.....
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society, New York.....	200,000 00	20,000 00	31,200 00	251,200 00	.....	.....	.....
Home for the Aged and the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn.....	40,000 00	6,000 00	.....	56,000 00	28,000 00	.....	28,000 00
Home for Homeless Girls, New York.....	7,500 00	800 00	.....	8,300 00	.....	.....	.....
Home for the Friendless, Auburn.....	10,000 00	.....	.....	10,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo.....	18,292 68	1,544 92	13,200 00	29,037 60	.....	.....	.....
Home for the Friendless, Newburgh.....	12,000 00	2,500 00	.....	20,500 00	.....	.....	.....
Home for the Friendless, Rochester.....	3,000 00	500 00	1,000 00	4,500 00	457 68	.....	457 68
Home for the Friendless, Schenectady.....	25,000 00	1,000 00	.....	26,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Home of the Homeless, Utica.....	20,875 60	3,000 00	1,500 00	25,375 60	.....	6,562 72	6,562 72
House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27,000 00	.....	27,000 00
House of the Good Shepherd, New York.....	320,000 00	30,000 00	.....	350,000 00	43,000 00	.....	43,000 00

House of Mercy, New York.	110,000 00	3,000 00	30,000 00	143,000 00	5,250 59	2,307 00	7,557 59
Howard Colored Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn.	8,000 00	1,500 00	30,985 00	9,500 00	.....	.....	2,924 54
Indison Orphan and Relief Association	70,000 00	10,000 00	.....	80,000 00	.....	.....	57,487 88
Institution of Mercy (East Houston street), New York	180,000 00	7,000 00	.....	187,000 00	50,000 00	.....	.....
Institution of Mercy (Eighty-first street), New York	14,000 00	500 00	.....	20,671 35	.....	.....	.....
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum	.....	.....	.....	70,200 00	.....	.....	.....
Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady	65,000 00	1,000 00	4,200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ladies' Union Aid Society, New York	.....	.....	.....	34,000 00	2,660 50	2,294 00	4,454 50
Le Centreux St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo	30,000 00	4,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Female Assistance Society	350,000 00	10,000 00	44,015 81	404,015 81	.....	.....	.....
New York Juvenile Asylum.	35,000 00	2,500 00	.....	37,500 00	80,258 00	8,416 86	28,674 86
New York Magdalen Benevolent Society	50,000 00	2,000 00	86,550 00	88,550 00	.....	300 00	.....
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York	51,000 00	3,000 00	7,000 00	61,000 00	12,000 00	12,436 45	24,436 45
Ontario County Orphan Asylum	21,035 00	400 00	35,584 89	57,019 59	.....	5,797 13	5,797 13
Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn	95,000 00	500 00	7,600 00	15,600 00	4,000 00	.....	4,800 00
Orphan Asylum Society, New York	325,000 00	3,000 00	51,050 00	119,050 00	7,500 00	.....	7,500 00
Orphan's Home Asylum of the Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, E. D.	34,000 00	3,000 00	246,160 00	574,160 00	.....	.....	.....
Orphan's Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, N. Y.	80,000 00	1,200 00	17,800 00	53,100 00	.....	900 00	900 00
Orphan's Home, St. Peter's Church, Albany	6,000 00	2,000 00	58,300 00	140,300 00	.....	.....	.....
Oswego Orphan Asylum	20,000 00	2,000 00	7,536 92	29,536 92	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00
Patriot Orphan Home, Flushing	19,000 00	2,500 00	20,500 00	42,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless	25,500 00	3,500 00	16,258 00	45,258 00	.....	.....	.....
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester	22,500 00	1,500 00	.....	34,000 00	5,000 00	3,911 28	8,911 28
Rochester Industrial School	7,500 00	500 00	6,723 45	16,723 45	.....	.....	.....
Rochester Orphan Asylum	30,000 00	3,000 00	3,500 00	38,500 00	.....	.....	.....
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn.	210,000 00	15,000 00	.....	225,000 00	62,800 00	10,000 00	72,800 00
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, New York	485,000 00	12,500 00	2,500 00	497,500 00	55,000 00	2,000 00	57,000 00
Sheltering Arms, New York	45,000 00	4,000 00	.....	89,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Sisters of the Order of St. Dominick (Asylum), New York	.....	1,000 00	.....	46,000 00	9,000 00	.....	9,000 00
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, Song Harbor	.....	1,000 00	12,600 00	13,600 00	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Relief of Half Orphan and Destitute Children, N. Y.	90,000 00	1,500 00	15,000 00	105,500 00	.....	.....	.....
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, Buffalo	15,000 00	14,832 71	.....	29,832 71	11,000 00	6,860 00	17,860 00
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York	494,596 43	40,000 00	.....	534,596 43	229,000 00	23,200 19	252,200 19
Southern Tier Orphan's Home, Elmira	9,000 00	1,200 00	2,000 00	12,200 00	600 00	84 00	684 00
St. Barnabas House, New York	15,000 00	1,000 00	.....	16,000 00	.....	.....	.....
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, New York	118,000 00	10,000 00	15,140 00	143,140 00	2,000 00	2,730 00	4,730 00
St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Soc'y, Rochester	25,000 00	400 00	.....	25,400 00	8,500 00	.....	8,500 00
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica	32,100 00	2,908 00	.....	35,008 00	7,140 31	3,174 99	10,315 80
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica	30,000 00	.....	.....	30,000 00	.....	609 84	609 84
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York	70,000 00	2,000 00	17,000 00	89,000 00	38,000 00	.....	38,000 00
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester	14,000 00	6,000 00	.....	20,000 00	.....	980 00	.....
St. Mary's German Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	6,000 00	800 00	.....	6,800 00	3,907 13	800 00	3,907 13
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	2,500 00	800 00	.....	3,300 00	.....	.....	.....
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Clifton	35,000 00	5,000 00	.....	40,000 00	9,500 00	.....	9,500 00
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Dunkirk	4,750 00	1,300 00	.....	6,050 00	.....	395 70	395 70

TABLE XXXII — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Bonds, stocks and other securities.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS.		
					Real.	Personal.	Total.
St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester.....	\$20,000 00	\$5,000 00	\$500 00	\$25,500 00	\$9,000 00	\$3,000 00	\$11,000 00
St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, Newburgh.....	14,000 00	.....	.....	14,000 00	.....	.....	.....
St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Asylum, Rondout.....	60,000 00	2,000 00	.....	62,000 00	31,935 00	16,183 30	48,118 30
St. Stephen's Orphan Asylum, New York.....	10,000 00	2,000 00	.....	12,000 00	.....	950 00	350 00
St. Thomas' Orphan Asylum, Bayville.....	27,000 00	2,000 00	.....	29,000 00	.....	1,959 60	4,262 60
St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum, Syracuse.....	25,000 00	3,500 00	3,000 00	31,500 00	23,010 00	1,959 60	25,000 00
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany.....	25,000 00	1,000 00	.....	26,000 00	4,000 00	9,617 92	13,617 92
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo.....	17,000 00	2,000 00	.....	19,000 00	8,900 00	2,146 09	5,046 09
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy.....	16,000 00	2,075 00	.....	18,075 00	3,400 00	644 92	4,044 92
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo.....	16,000 00	2,000 00	.....	18,000 00	.....	5,453 15	5,453 15
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany.....	75,000 00	5,000 00	.....	80,000 00	45,559 15	.....	45,559 15
Susquehanna Valley Home and Industrial School for Indigent Children, Binghamton.....	60,000 00	2,920 13	.....	62,920 13	.....	3,288 41	3,288 41
Syracuse Home Association.....	50,000 00	5,000 00	8,850 00	63,850 00	.....	.....	.....
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Versailles.....	12,200 00	2,000 00	.....	14,200 00	.....	.....	.....
Troy Orphan Asylum.....	40,000 00	2,000 00	11,400 00	53,400 00	.....	1,900 00	1,900 00
Troy Roman Catholic Male Orphan Asylum.....	101,000 00	5,500 00	.....	106,500 00	20,872 62	13,835 84	43,708 46
Union Home and School for the Education and Maintenance of children of our Volunteers, New York.....	81,859 31	10,000 00	.....	91,859 31	24,000 00	2,000 00	26,000 00
Utica Orphan Asylum.....	30,000 00	2,000 00	65,144 48	97,144 48	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$4,205,054 26	\$374,654 79	\$1,836,061 20	\$6,375,770 25	\$1,935,452 62	\$165,103 78	\$1,150,556 40

TABLE XXXIII.
Showing the receipts of Orphan Asylums and Homes for the Friendless aided by the State, for the year ending September 30th, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1st, 1869.	For interest and divi- dends on in- vestments.	From State, under chap. 87 of Laws of 1869.	From appro- priations by cities or vil- lages.	By donations and volun- tary contri- butions.	For support of orphans, children and destitute persons.	From all other sources.	Total receipts.
Albany Orphan Asylum	\$2,288 43	\$4,166 26	\$391 11	.....	\$15 00	\$1,014 94	\$281 31	\$12,456 69
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless	2,089 97	973 49	187 90	.....	15,255 21	918 38	13,200 09	32,635 04
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless	9,654 99	403 97	1,916 25	\$5,000 00	16,039 19	.....	.....	32,984 40
Association for the Relief of Respec- table Aged, Indigent Females, New York	4,885 47	15,869 66	6,010 38	.....	10,164 66	1,297 13	57,989 88	93,870 05
Asylum of our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo.	200 00	.....	338 49	.....	1,293 45	.....	2,548 97	3,637 04
Blind Mechanics' Association, N. Y.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children	2,244 06	435 00	1,598 77	.....	10,243 07	2,426 27	5,006 21	21,953 33
Brooklyn Industrial School Association, Eastern District	228 51	773 89	302 96	.....	3,091 26	.....	11,401 33	15,797 45
Buffalo Orphan Asylum	2,905 93	1,524 33	505 80	.....	3,960 22	2,199 37	439 00	11,534 64
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn	482 00	.....	1,427 30	2,500 00	1,477 14	583 04	.....	6,468 48
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York	.....	142 00	.....	.....	340 00	.....	.....	432 00
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo	.....	.....	.....	69,007 00	.....	.....	117,237 96	232,161 52
Children's Aid Society, New York	5,077 04	11,714 50	20,125 00	.....	855 49	.....	1,507 51	5,327 42
Children's Friend Society, Albany	2,017 13	277 61	869 64	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Home Society (Day Home), Troy	42 01	232 29	4,475 79	100 00	1,287 55	14 00	3,075 55	9,247 22
Church, Charity Foundation of Long Island Home, New York	8,821 97	2,351 06	469 00	1,188 01	746 47	5,927 28	3,770 00	22,167 72
Colored Orphan Asylum, New York	1,860 50	3,293 39	2,704 51	10,942 93	1,283 82	.....	.....	22,320 15
Convent of Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn	6,408 29	7,883 80	53,385 17	2,135 80	6,770 61	2,958 00	2,070 00	67,116 57
Davenport Female Orphan Asylum, Bath	.....	6,446 79	6,446 79	.....	5,700 80	.....	6,461 75	18,632 94
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo	6,111 24	8,743 85	1,119 59	.....	5,860 94	.....	.....	21,835 02
Five Points House of Industry, N. Y.	195 66	1,820 45	2,353 51	685 08	5,631 53	.....	2,400 00	15,095 25
Five Points Mission, New York	.....	7,794 75	2,324 37	.....	47,291 43	.....	15,755 77	71,079 32
Fire School, Academy of the Sacred Heart, Manhattanville	.....	4,706 04	2,900 00	8,885 01	.....	.....	8,974 96	26,413 71
.....	.....	.....	683 69	.....	.....	.....	.....	683 69

TABLE XXXIII — (Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1st, 1899.	For interest and divi- dends on in- vestments.	From State under chap. 887 of Laws of 1869.	From appro- priations by board of su- pervisors.	From appro- priations by cities or vil- lages.	By donations and volun- tary contri- butions.	For support of orphans, childr'n and destitute persons.	From all other sources.	Total receipts.
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society, New York.	\$14,415 34	\$2,752 95	\$344 35	.....	.....	\$86,769 25	\$12,005 00	\$1,900 43	\$97,842 87
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn.	2,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	28,375 00	.....	.....	30,719 35
Home for Homeless Girls, New York.	471 71	38 93	359 60	\$350 00	.....	409 30	886 62	23 96	2,490 34
Home for the Friendless, Auburn.	1,625 54	80 16	.....	.....	.....	1,111 65	.....	46 60	2,863 95
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo.	1,599 16	1,056 55	1,301 00	.....	\$453 00	2,512 81	496 05	1,000 00	7,955 57
Home for the Friendless, Newburgh.	3,949 12	441 19	196 95	227 00	.....	1,343 83	1,312 77	.....	7,852 86
Home for the Friendless, Rochester.	569 36	.....	213 75	.....	78 73	1,480 37	.....	100 00	1,442 21
Home for the Friendless, Schenectady.	9,625 50	91 70	87 10	.....	.....	6,473 33	1,128 75	9,770 50	20,703 55
Home for the Homeless, Utica.	4,450 51	.....	383 24	.....	.....	13,451 00	994 25	12,437 24	20,746 57
House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn.	4,700 00	10,150 00	2,246 72	39,068 69	25,000 00	32,855 73	8,505 86	30,698 12	133,814 80
House of the Good Shepherd, N. Y.	5,625 54	3,043 61	450 45	5,000 00	.....	.....	.....	1,631 95	48,563 26
Howard Colored Orphan Asylum, Brook- lyn.	.....	.....	427 07	.....	.....	284 95	694 60	1,173 07	2,529 69
Hudson Orphan and Relief Association.	6,380 43	1,651 88	1,916 49	500 00	.....	1,789 84	2,440 73	99 33	14,768 70
Institution of Mercy (East Houston st.), New York.	364 15	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,839 73	.....	5,564 88	12,768 71
Institution of Mercy (Eighty first street), New York.	897 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,176 29	.....	4,166 95	10,866 24
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum.	1,331 18	494 05	1,368 25	3,242 76	.....	.....	1,635 50	244 69	6,604 93
Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady.	1,090 10	.....	213 75	.....	5,000 00	142 64	84 00	.....	1,446 49
Ladies' Union Aid Society, New York.	6,344 86	166 62	.....	.....	10,000 00	5,854 30	.....	.....	17,365 78
Ladies' Union Relief Association, N. Y. Le Contreux St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo.	3,471 47	13 11	.....	.....	.....	466 51	.....	6,917 22	20,968 31
New York Female Assistance Society.	145 00	.....	253 01	.....	.....	357 00	2,830 65	3,580 69	7,156 35
New York Juvenile Asylum.	1,298 78	954 16	12,414 40	66,554 97	7,498 30	6,656 96	799 85	44,319 76	127,932 78
New York Juvenile Guardian Society.	.....	.....	.....	4,016 00	.....	4,016 00	.....	2,864 50	26,690 50
New York Magdalen Benevolent Society.	852 90	2,183 00	30,000 00	5,000 00	.....	4,526 63	.....	.....	13,157 53
New York Seaman's Association.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	32,500 00	.....	.....	62,500 00
Nursery and Child's Hospital, N. Y.	2,093 15	1,691 38	3,532 42	6,542 93	18,494 08	1,773 70	12,876 25	31,723 60	72,123 58
Ontario County Orphan Asylum.	14 36	1,798 00	846 87	.....	2,087 08	1,189 33	154 27	6,688 11	18,200 55
Ontario County Society, Brooklyn.	548 41	1,022 55	1,022 55	750 00	.....	939 21	1,692 64	359 16	6,857 96
Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn.	12,711 80	2,695 43	1,381 27	.....	1,374 72	7,241 99	2,594 50	14,023 13	43,022 84
Orphan's Home Asylum, New York.	1,093 35	16,995 00	2,438 39	.....	.....	5,816 46	.....	9,456 66	35,799 79
Trinity Church, Brooklyn, Eastern Division.	95 87	1,098 06	403 72	.....	.....	3,194 97	78 87	7,983 71	12,706 72

Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York	41 43	2, 457 43	1, 632 51	.....	.....	11, 353 34	3, 989 57	7, 080 44	26, 464 71
Orphans' Home, St. Peter's Church, Albany	212 45	.....	198 03	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1, 839 96
Oswego Orphan Asylum	2, 894 02	327 62	4, 398 07	2, 841 05	300 00	5 00	9 50	1, 494 48	1, 705 26
Putnam Orphan Home, Flushing	4, 201 80	1, 413 00	2, 872 64	5, 000 00	.....	8, 083 12	108 00	402 00	16, 550 06
Poughkeepsie Orphan Home and Home for the Friendless	608 35	945 66	2, 451 08	700 00	.....	1, 076 20	.....	1, 686 95	7, 463 24
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester	470 88	.....	106 11	84 00	82 00	2, 380 87	1, 066 25	297 34	4, 466 45
Rochester Industrial School	1, 150 18	197 32	844 73	.....	.....	1, 893 13	.....	268 00	4, 308 26
Rochester Orphan Asylum	600 59	685 00	641 06	668 00	929 00	745 14	.....	1, 160 95	6, 388 66
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn	189 27	.....	11, 306 71	.....	9, 573 09	21, 794 21	8, 089 94	4, 634 15	55, 589 31
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, New York	12, 066 12	881 06	10, 987 48	.....	8, 481 30	73, 266 48	.....	49, 308 35	155, 080 90
Sheltering Arms, New York	4, 266 19	.....	1, 549 43	.....	1, 900 00	12, 512 08	1, 731 62	58, 137 38	80, 086 65
Sisters of the Order of St. Dominick (Asylum), New York	7, 184 00	1, 624 00	.....	12, 200 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	21, 008 00
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Seamen, Sung Harbor	2, 121 89	638 39	479 64	5, 000 00	.....	5, 230 52	710 00	2, 084 77	16, 225 21
Society for the Relief of Half Orphan and Destitute Children, New York	.....	1, 042 80	2, 742 14	.....	.....	3, 775 01	4, 079 38	5, 500 00	17, 139 38
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, Buffalo	16 22	.....	3, 840 55	1, 949 25	.....	894 00	2, 857 12	383 00	9, 670 14
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York	7, 089 07	.....	11, 610 72	.....	108, 237 56	42, 106 60	1, 127 20	40, 000 00	210, 121 15
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira	2, 054 38	140 00	675 42	500 00	.....	683 28	349 75	1, 239 50	5, 664 85
St. Barnabas House, New York	234 83	.....	1, 006 00	.....	.....	3, 733 55	.....	2, 835 46	7, 798 84
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, New York	5, 262 46	1, 107 75	1, 888 75	.....	5, 000 00	3, 411 23	3, 085 10	5, 966 42	25, 731 71
St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Rochester	681 78	207 09	194 60	47 71	785 57	1, 207 06	52 50	5, 410 31	8, 456 62
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	9 16	.....	535 84	471 78	.....	1, 082 00	5, 120 64	.....	7, 269 62
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica	1, 964 65	.....	710 57	1, 347 06	.....	278 75	431 76	742 25	5, 545 04
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York	7, 414 06	1, 694 87	.....	.....	.....	2, 163 00	5, 054 53	13, 307 71	29, 538 17
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester	65 00	.....	761 45	448 00	2, 573 12	147 00	463 00	3, 085 17	7, 492 74
St. Mary's German Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	345 64	.....	73 53	.....	.....	1, 041 05	167 72	.....	1, 627 94
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua	65 00	.....	441 80	.....	.....	184 50	132 39	1, 724 31	2, 598 00
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Clifton	.....	.....	61 26	.....	.....	400 00	1, 000 00	810 00	2, 271 26
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Dunkirk	73 31	.....	1, 247 74	.....	.....	275 00	333 25	810 00	2, 764 30
St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester	700 00	.....	567 78	431 98	1, 209 14	350 00	1, 700 00	3, 200 50	8, 159 40
St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, Newburgh	.....	.....	1, 192 58	.....	.....	1, 269 97	1, 409 00	.....	3, 871 55
St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Association, Rondout	402 48	.....	1, 166 15	.....	.....	95 20	.....	.....	1, 663 88
St. Stephen's Orphan Asylum, N. Y.	.....	.....	1, 249 50	.....	.....	608 90	2, 000 00	3, 593 16	7, 451 56
St. Thomas' Orphan Asylum, Batavia	.....	.....	1, 181 89	.....	.....	153 18	.....	.....	1, 340 07

TABLE XXXIII — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1st, 1899.	For interest and divi- dends on in- vestments.	From State, under chap. 857 of Laws of 1899.	From appro- priations by board of su- pervisors.	From appro- priations by cities or vil- lages.	By donations and volun- tary contri- butions.	For support of orphans, childr'n and destitute persons.	From all other sources.	Total receipts.
St. Vincent De Paul Orphan Asylum, Syracuse	.....	.....	\$1,317 75	\$512 19	\$2,222 98	\$8,388 63	\$1,812 15	\$1,785 40	\$16,089 10
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany	\$498 80	\$162 37	951 20	5,682 21	.....	492 02	780 55	245 75	8,752 90
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	42 40	.....	702 31	.....	1,567 51	5,173 88	1,356 75	100 00	8,942 35
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy	605 00	.....	1,849 98	1,261 00	2,383 34	3,114 04	3,114 00	1,087 00	13,414 31
St. Vincent's Infant Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	21 50	.....	410 35	.....	.....	106 78	908 99	2,576 03	4,025 65
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Al- bany	16 10	.....	888 10	8,485 36	.....	2,290 00	1,117 30	965 37	13,762 23
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Utica	1,137 28	.....	747 14	3,268 58	.....	1,377 09	2,085 97	5,040 87	13,656 93
Susquehanna Valley Home and Indus- trial School for Indigent Children, Binghamton	.....	.....	2,486 10	3,557 33	.....	676 80	92 50	93 50	6,906 28
Syracuse Home Association	1,717 25	1,284 50	.....	265 90	.....	11,311 93	48 00	8,569 83	23,217 91
Thurston Asylum for Orphan and Desti- tute Indian Children, Versailles	.....	.....	7,125 56	.....	.....	169 01	.....	398 64	7,693 21
Troy Orphan Asylum	.....	614 50	545 06	1,288 39	1,514 48	9,191 00	138 88	2,962 10	16,254 41
Troy Roman Catholic Male Orphan Asy- lum	84 81	.....	1,388 44	.....	.....	5,777 74	8,301 86	4,637 16	20,159 51
Union Home and School for the Educa- tion and Maintenance of Children of our Volunteers, New York	8,123 14	569 10	4,419 84	2,733 89	5,000 00	1,502 31	.....	23,364 25	45,751 53
Utica Orphan Asylum	861 55	4,190 29	954 92	726 41	.....	1,417 92	1,323 37	1,377 12	10,811 48
Total	\$215,214 96	\$128,300 05	\$248,259 45	\$300,527 13	\$336,969 94	\$593,458 43	\$186,215 28	\$707,231 70	\$2,561,176 96

TABLE XXXIV.
Showing the expenditures of Orphan Asylums and Homes for the Friendless aided by the State, for the year ending September 30th, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate—principal.	For indebtedness upon real estate—interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1869.	For salaries and wages of officers, teachers & other employees and servants.	For support and maintenance of orphans, children and destitute persons.	For insurance and permanent repairs and improvement of buildings and premises.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand October 1, 1870.
Albany Orphan Asylum.	\$2,231 85	\$5,493 15	\$1,295 34	...	...	\$10,080 24	\$2,436 45
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless.	\$36,109 02	...	...	552 12	2,121 83	192 00	...	\$3,231 08	32,206 00	419 04
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless.	15,433 85	...	1,512 78	...	13,686 13	30,531 76	2,402 61
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged, Indigent Females, N. Y.	1,800 00	12,586 52	1,867 34	\$21,500 00	751 55	38,455 41	55,414 64
Asylum of our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo.	256 53	2,182 70	1,303 85	...	934 09	5,467 17	169 87
Blind Mechanics' Association, N. Y.	...	\$307 00	\$583 00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children.	4,256 05	10,881 09	4,499 81	...	2,000 00	21,686 95	316 43
Brooklyn Industrial School Association, Eastern District.	8,583 91	1,017 17	901 88	521 07	1,029 63	1,089 72	...	1,833 62	14,476 00	1,331 45
Buffalo Orphan Asylum.	636 15	...	8,716 64	...	...	...	9,342 79	2,191 85
Cayuga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn.	1,080 32	3,753 99	1,520 83	...	...	6,309 14	169 84
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York.	340 00	...	...	...	340 00	142 00
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo.
Children's Aid Society, New York.	1,732 66	...	308 03	...	222,566 19	222,566 19	586 33
Children's Friend Society, Albany.	1,686 97	3,627 65	1,569 78
Children's Home Society (Day Home), Troy.	450 00	...	1,191 00	564 00	...	7,023 43	9,288 43	18 74
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island.	1,710 78	5,445 72	413 86	...	1,233 95	14,302 81	8,984 91
Colored Home, New York.	2,300 00	21,869 43	2,032 89	5,500 00	...	36,059 32	3,260 83
Colored Orphan Asylum, New York.	5,538 18	18,366 49	6,533 13	33,435 00	1,233 74	64,085 54	3,331 13
Convent of Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn.	...	1,750 00	7,037 00	2,046 49	8,644 24	5,627 36	...	1,101 87	36,806 96	...
Davenport Female Orphan Asylum, Bath.	967 67	5,285 53	8,664 76	4,000 00	164 90	19,092 86	2,742 76

TABLE XXXIV — (Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate — principal.	For indebtedness — interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1899.	For salaries and wages of officers, teachers and employees and retainers.	For support and maintenance of orphan, child, person and destitute.	For insurance and permanent repairs and improvements on buildings and premises.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand October 1, 1899.
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo	\$1,335 00	\$87 50		\$1,372 47	\$4,211 14	\$2,089 34	\$4,898 90	\$351 98	\$14,921 33	\$173 92
Five Points House of Industry, N. Y.		6,226 25		10,783 85		34,996 88		20,275 96	73,283 04	
Free School, Academy of the Sacred Heart, Manhattanville				11,253 91	2,267 58	5,307 36		3,619 91	22,650 76	3,702 95
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum, New York				1,940 00	980 00	161 00		397 50	3,478 50	
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn	18,000 00			2,984 32	26,663 55	8,122 33		14,986 88	52,707 08	15,135 70
Home for Homeless Girls, New York		1,800 00			8,000 00	150 00		2,575 00	30,525 00	194 35
Home for the Friendless, Auburn				403 25	840 08	92 91			1,336 19	1,154 15
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo				363 05	418 42	703 71		111 07	1,586 25	1,267 04
Home for the Friendless, Newburgh				1,194 92	2,802 85	380 97	2,000 00	427 79	6,806 53	1,149 04
Home for the Friendless, Rochester				647 55	2,484 55	158 43			3,300 53	4,522 33
Home for the Friendless, Schenectady				279 76	668 91			66 50	1,015 17	427 04
Home for the Homeless, Utica			\$2,000 00	355 94	676 20			11,125 57	14,157 71	6,545 84
House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn	2,875 60				5,398 85	1,232 28		741 00	10,267 73	10,480 84
House of the Good Shepherd, N. Y.	5,000 00	2,100 00		560 00	67,005 73	1,299 80		28,849 26	105,814 89	28,000 00
Howard Colored Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn				1,615 57	6,888 70	39,474 71			47,983 98	654 30
Hudson Orphan and Relief Association				454 50	1,259 57	487 50		273 36	2,478 93	55 76
Institution of Mercy (East Houston street), New York				863 82	4,024 18		1,789 84		6,686 84	8,101 86
Institution of Mercy (Eighty-first st.), New York			2,500 00	1,594 00	4,186 97	564 90		2,631 97	11,477 84	1,200 87
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum, New York			3,102 50	939 00	3,980 74	584 65		2,245 89	10,802 78	63 46
Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady				1,020 34	1,573 43	45 00	1,785 98	96 32	4,519 37	2,085 56
Ladies' Union Aid Society, N. Y.				1,109 57	7,251 69	125 75		1,077 48	9,459 01	369 01
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York					13,891 93			973 08	1,477 08	7,906 69
Le Contenly St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo	500 00	1,000 00	2,249 46	380 00	5,400 00	670 00		260 25	14,152 18	6,716 13
									10,299 46	

New York Female Assistance Society	380 22	2,600 17	20,566 53	54,307 06	3,327 47	28,234 77	126,916 97	1,165 81
New York Juvenile Asylum	1,564 97	2,600 17	7,929 82	2,604 70	2,51 87	8,300 91	26,476 14	154 86
New York Juvenile Guardian Society			4,000 00	2,604 70		8,300 91	13,157 66	19 87
New York Magdalen Asylum			2,000 00	2,604 17	1,944 82	8,300 91	41,000 00	21,000 00
New York Maternal Association			4,000 00			12,000 00	72,000 00	100 88
Nursery and Child's Hospital, N. Y.		11,660 15	4,015 74	29,552 47	5,001 75	12,000 00	12,000 00	100 88
Ontario County Orphan Asylum			1,800 00	1,529 00	2,609 07	7,900 00	15,000 00	100 46
Ontario County Orphan Asylum	280 00		1,529 00	1,529 00	1,400 00	1,704 98	15,000 00	100 46
Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn	595 00		2,558 45	6,400 84	1,400 00	16,292 13	24,000 00	9,487 79
Orphan Asylum Society, New York	176 00		6,182 64	21,931 67	4,323 73	1,740 85	34,388 89	1,415 90
Orphans' Home Asylum of the Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, E. D.		7,276 00		1,664 88	683 48	74 02	13,273 67	
Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, N. Y.			2,025 28	13,397 22	168 48		26,171 42	
Orphans' Home, St. Peter's Church, Albany								
Oswego Orphan Asylum			1,331 70	2,080 71	100 00	1,575 19	1,575 19	984 77
Patriot Orphan Home, Fishing Pier			2,877 52	108 00	1,031 68		6,311 41	4,193 85
Poughkeepsie Orphan House and Home for the Friendless						8,965 53	13,002 66	3,547 88
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester	350 00		907 50	3,519 50	423 56		6,849 56	613 68
Rochester Industrial School		25 00	749 02	2,008 78	549 90	107 98	3,783 68	689 77
Rochester Orphan Asylum			484 00		323 11	2,069 59	2,683 45	689 81
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn			1,794 31	3,666 39	663 69	109 73	6,294 12	154 54
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, New York	4,084 17		3,781 59	46,452 78	4,613 79		58,902 38	
Sheltering Arms, New York	2,706 53		8,056 50	66,292 49	65,185 90	6,575 31	148,706 73	6,284 17
Sisters of the Order of St. Dominick	2,384 31		3,715 89	7,775 90	211 30	23,586 93	79,674 38	4,482 27
Society for the Relief of Destitute Children of Salem, S. H. Harbor				3,600 00	143 00		11,637 00	9,371 00
Society for the Relief of Half Orphan and Destitute Children, New York			2,180 36	7,186 19	588 01	350 51	12,275 07	3,980 14
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, Buffalo			2,779 16	15,261 36	1,670 23		19,710 84	
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, N. Y.	343 00	1,530 00	2,552 00	4,883 55	381 00		9,659 55	10 59
Southern Tier Orphan Home, Elmira	9,089 50	14,829 95	11,793 75	95,000 00	12,874 53	4,200 00	187,787 73	52,833 43
St. Barnard's House, New York	84 00		2,084 70	2,084 70	1,864 50	61 18	2,084 70	1,004 36
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, N. Y.			685 61	2,263 26	914 77	851 82	7,750 46	48 38
St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Rochester			994 00	16,666 93	1,187 35	440 00	19,285 18	6,473 53
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	1,079 80			1,210 45	20 46	289 03	7,549 76	906 86
St. John's Em. Orph. Asylum, Utica	215 88		1,800 00	4,946 24	943 00		7,205 12	64 50
St. John's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York			600 00	3,096 02	1,880 69	121 10	5,197 74	846 30
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester	13,898 53		692 50	3,165 99	150 15	701 60	26,483 82	3,049 35
		2,000 00	700 00	3,518 94	721 35	402 00	7,342 29	150 45

TABLE XXXIV — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate—principal.		For indebtedness—interest.		For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1869.	For salaries and wages of officers, teachers & other employees and servants.		For support and maintenance of orphans, child persons, and destitute persons.	For insurance and permanent repairs and improvement of the buildings and premises.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total expenditures.	Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1870.
St. Mary's German Orphan Asylum, Buffalo.	\$345 64		\$183 28			\$350 00	\$513 97	\$50 00				\$1,741 89	
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua.					\$800 00	900 00	700 00	112 00				2,512 00	\$86 00
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Clifton.			570 00		149 46	370 54	1,090 00	230 00				2,360 00	
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Dunkirk.					500 00	575 00	1,540 00	130 00			\$450 00	3,275 00	
St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester.													
St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, Newburgh.						96 00	4,020 00	2,800 00			950 00	7,866 00	292 70
St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Association, Rondout.			770 00		220 00	1,391 00	1,409 00	353 00			139 92	4,289 92	
St. Stephen's Orphan Asylum, N. Y.						49 94	53 91				40 46	143 31	1,520 52
St. Thomas Orphan Asylum, Batavia.			1,084 95			300 00	4,851 35	615 36				7,451 56	
St. Vincent de Paul Orphan Asylum, Syracuse.	2,000 00		350 00		3,039 61	1,412 30	7,770 46	742 16			1,968 08	17,991 70	7 00
St. Vincent's Fem. Orph. Asy., Albany.					560 00	350 00	7,318 11	577 55			40 94	8,743 60	97 67
St. Vincent's Fem. Orph. Asy., Buffalo.					2,600 00	270 00	4,398 00	975 50			713 18	8,944 68	470 69
St. Vincent's Fem. Orph. Asy., Troy.	2,050 00		539 85			1,270 00	7,149 07	2,006 13				12,944 62	15 00
St. Vincent's Infant Orph. Asy., Buffalo.	400 00				1,023 99	1,692 54	1,653 99	409 13			200 00	4,070 63	130 63
St. Vincent's Male Orph. Asy., Albany.					4,614 50	1,553 02	4,677 11	2,739 17				13,041 60	500 00
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asy., Utica.						532 00	4,260 07	3,864 56				13,156 93	
Susquehanna Valley Home and Indl. Sch. for Indigent Children, Bingham.						1,538 33	2,091 56				1,893 15	5,458 04	1,448 94
Syracuse Home Association.						400 00	1,760 00	16,894 80			229 17	19,268 97	3,933 94
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Children, Versailles.					954 04	1,988 47	4,119 23	900 00			528 47	7,693 21	
Troy Orphan Asylum.			379 21		2,914 26	1,026 63	7,473 53	545 42			3,300 00	16,093 27	156 14
Troy Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum.			2,408 30		5,716 79	1,841 83	8,350 64	1,727 30				20,113 76	46 75
Union Home and School for the Education and Maintenance of Children of our Volunteers, New York.						2,784 63	30,890 48	28,719 23			3,000 00	68,951 88	
Utica Orphan Asylum.			1,907 50			1,063 59	6,855 43	942 41			324 30	10,317 10	494 38
Total	\$210,038 75	\$46,647 29	\$60,444 91	\$203,729 94	\$387,571 23	\$319,702 63	\$139,593 07	\$471,693 95	\$2,309,421 12	\$319,087 18			

TABLE XXXV.

Showing the number of persons supported in the Orphan Asylums and Homes for the Friendless receiving State aid, and the changes during the year ending September 30th, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Number in the Institution October 1, 1869.	Received during the year.	Total supported.	DISCHARGED.								REMAINING OCTOBER 1, 1870.					
				By adoption.	By indenture.	By writ of habeas corpus.	Returned to parents, guardians or friends.	Left without permission.	Transferred to other institutions.	Sent out of the State.	Died.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Albany Orphan Asylum.....	95	53	148	11	9	.....	25	.....	.....	.....	1	46	..	30	65	37	102
Albany Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless.....	17	17	34	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	4	..	.....	.....	.....	30
American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless, New York.....	164	537	701	75	20	.....	391	2	14	.....	14	516	..	29	73	83	185
Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females, New York.....	82	4	86	.....	.....	.....	34	9	1	.....	9	45	..	77	.....	80	77
Asylum of our Lady of Refuge, Buffalo.....	51	74	125	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	80
Blind Mechanics' Association, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children.....	106	143	249	8	5	.....	106	1	3	1	3	122	..	21	56	50	127
Brooklyn Industrial School Association, Eastern District.....	59	96	155	1	2	.....	92	.....	.....	.....	.....	95	..	.....	37	33	60
Buffalo Orphan Asylum.....	70	46	116	4	4	.....	35	2	.....	4	.....	49	..	.....	47	30	67
Cuyahoga Asylum for Destitute Children, Auburn.....	93	56	149	8	7	.....	36	3	.....	6	3	65	..	.....	56	38	84
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York.....	5	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	1	.....	.....	5
Charity Foundation of the Protestant Episcopal Church, Buffalo.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Aid Society, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Friend Society, Albany.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Children's Home Society (Day Home), Troy.....	106	141	247	3	.....	.....	.....	34	49	3	1	90	..	.....	81	76	157
Church Charity Foundation of Long Island.....	58	63	121	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	..	15	31	14	60
Colored Home, New York.....	218	694	843	.....	.....	.....	503	.....	.....	.....	139	643	..	119	17	5	200
Colored Orphan Asylum, New York.....	265	89	354	.....	53	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	2	107	..	.....	154	93	247
Convent of Sisters of Mercy, Brooklyn.....	102	44	146	5	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	..	.....	.....	136	136
Davenport Female Orphan Asylum, Bath.....	44	2	46	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	.....	.....	44	44
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home, Buffalo.....	53	17	70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Five Points House of Industry, New York.....	230	1,267	1,527	50	.....	.....	1,121	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,268	..	3	6	21	66
Five Points Mission, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	6	45	110	239
Free School, Academy of the Sacred Heart, Manhattan, N. Y.....	63	12	75	.....	.....	.....	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	39	..	.....	.....	36	36
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum Society, N. Y.....	151	30	181	.....	4	.....	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	..	.....	112	44	156

TABLE XXXV — (Continued).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number in the Institution October 1, 1869.	Received during the year.	Total supported.	DISCHARGED.								REMAINING OCTOBER 1, 1870.					
				By adoption.	By indenture.	By writ of habeas corpus.	Returned to parents, guardians or friends.	Left without permission.	Transferred to other institutions.	Sent out of the State.	Died.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, Brooklyn.....	37	69	106	...	...	...	7	1	...	4	..	12	28	66	...	...	94
Home for Homeless Girls, New York.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Home for the Friendless, Auburn.....	23	10	32	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	4	...	...	19	...	...	19
Home for the Friendless, Buffalo.....	8	164	172	...	...	...	149	...	3	9	...	161	...	11	...	...	11
Home for the Friendless, Newburgh.....	38	37	69	...	...	...	22	3	...	2	...	35	...	25	9	...	34
Home for the Friendless, Rochester.....	38	116	154	...	...	...	111	...	...	...	8	114	...	40	...	...	40
Home for the Friendless, Schenectady.....	1	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	5
Home for the Homeless, Utica.....	16	1	17	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	2	...	4	13	...	...	13
House of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn.....	53	71	124	...	...	...	40	6	6	...	...	52	...	36	...	36	72
House of the Good Shepherd, New York.....	240	701	941	...	...	...	182	4	50	3	15	259	...	40	...	642	682
House of Mercy, New York.....	32	108	140	...	...	...	65	12	18	...	8	110	...	30	...	...	30
Howard Colored Orphan Asylum, Brooklyn.....	32	18	50	...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	5	...	...	23	22	45
Hudson Orphan and Relief Association.....	39	29	68	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	23	...	...	31	14	45
Institution of Mercy (East Houston Street), New York.....	75	140	215	...	...	...	10	6	10	...	...	157	...	38	...	30	58
Institution of Mercy (Eighty-first Street), New York.....	33	152	185	...	...	...	43	2	...	...	1	53	...	...	...	127	127
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum.....	34	23	57	...	...	...	14	3	9	9	2	29	...	...	21	7	28
Ladies' Benevolent Society, Schenectady.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ladies' Union Aid Society, New York.....	80	11	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	6	...	...	63
Ladies' Union Relief Association, New York.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Le Contreux St. Mary's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Buffalo.....	45	20	65	...	...	...	5	1	1	...	...	7	...	...	22	36	58
New York Female Assistance Society.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New York Juvenile Asylum.....	592	745	1,337	...	98	...	598	3	14	...	3	716	...	...	500	121	621
New York Magdalen Benevolent Society.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New York Magdalen Guardian Society.....	40	122	162	...	...	...	66	10	6	9	...	92	...	...	...	70	70
New York Seaman's Association.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nursery and Child's Hospital, New York.....	201	447	648	...	...	...	244	4	...	...	128	...	...	...	141	138	299
Ontario County Orphan Asylum.....	62	69	131	...	...	...	35	5	2	...	...	59	...	...	53	9	62
Orphan Asylum Society, New York.....	51	26	77	...	...	...	38	2	...	...	...	33	...	...	26	18	44
Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn.....	125	202	327	...	...	...	57	1	...	6	...	67	...	...	92	64	135
Orphan Asylum Society, New York.....	156	23	179	...	9	...	12	11	...	...	...	32	...	...	83	63	147
Orphans' Home Asylum of the Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, Eastern Division.....	40	3	43	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	4	...	...	25	14	39

Orphans' Home and Asylum of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York.	154	48	202	...	18	...	...	...	18	...	36	...	88	78	166
Orphan's Home, St. Peter's Church, Albany	17	1	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	12	15
Oswego Orphan Asylum.	49	35	82	15	14	...	...	...	...	1	30	...	36	16	53
Patriot Orphan Home, Flushing.	104	26	132	...	...	3	...	...	2	42	...	...	62	28	90
Poughkeepsie Orphan Home and Home for the Friendless	58	28	86	2	6	3	5	...	2	2	35	...	38	13	51
Protestant Episcopal Church Home, Rochester.	19	19	31	15	3	1	...	...	2	6	...	6	11	8	25
Protestant Industrial School.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	72
Rochester Orphan Asylum.	90	75	165	9	63	6	8	...	...	3	98	...	50	22	...
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Brooklyn.	548	102	650	15	62	7	...	...	...	8	77	...	171	402	573
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, New York	994	233	1,157	23	98	3	...	...	...	13	156	...	493	506	1,001
Sheltering Arms, New York	99	86	135	...	63	1	8	...	...	67	...	...	67	51	...
Sisters of the Order of St. Dominick (Asylum), New York	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Society for the relief of Destitute Children of Seamen.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saug Harbor	105	28	136	...	13	1	...	...	12	...	28	...	51	49	100
Society for the Relief of Half Orphan and Destitute Children, New York.	196	96	292	...	73	2	1	4	...	...	83	...	119	90	309
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, Buffalo.	43	80	123	2	19	9	...	...	3	...	35	...	88	...	88
Society for the Protection of Destitute Roman Catholic Children, New York.	960	1,079	2,089	62	546	84	8	...	77	7	789	...	911	339	1,340
Southern Tier Orphans' Home, Elmira.	24	76	100	23	25	3	613	...	4	64	...	2	36	11	...
St. Barnabas House, New York.	38	258	2,296	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,293	...	3	14	43
St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, New York	133	109	262	8	36	2	6	...	9	2	63	...	91	100	199
St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum Society, Rochester.	17	11	28	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	7	...	10	11	21
St. Joseph's Male Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	88	18	106	26	10	...	...	...	...	2	38	...	68	68	...
St. John's Female Orphan Asylum, Utica.	77	24	101	5	14	...	...	...	1	...	25	...	...	76	76
St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females, New York.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Mary's Boys' Orphan Asylum, Rochester	27	6	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	146	...	31
St. Mary's German Orphan Asylum, Rochester	115	54	169	9	14	...	...	...	...	2	23	...	...	12	29
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	10	19	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	17	17	17
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Canandaigua.	15	6	21	...	4	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	13	13	13
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Clifton.	16	8	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	21	21
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum, Dunkirk	29	36	35	2	14	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...
St. Mary's Female Orphan Asylum, Rochester	83	56	139	...	21	6	...	...	...	26	...	...	...	...	...
St. Patrick's Female Orphan Asylum, New York.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	113	113
St. Peter's German Roman Catholic Association, Rondout	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Peter's Orphan Asylum, New York	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Stephen's Orphan Asylum, New York	133	79	202	2	47	1	3	...	1	...	53	...	1	149	149
St. Thomas' Orphan Asylum, Batavia	4	23	27	...	12	1	...	...	...	31	...	...	63	6	7
St. Vincent De Paul Asylum, Syracuse	106	28	134	4											
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Albany.	113	24	136	2	13	2	4	...	...	19	...	...	115	115	...
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Buffalo.	109	38	147	15	25	1	10	...	1	10	...	...	126	126	...
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum, Troy.	100	42	143	8	39	...	5	...	1	41	...	...	106	106	...
St. Vincent's Infant Orphan Asylum, Buffalo	49	123	173	10	4	16	...	...	...	50	...	11	...	92	51
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Albany	149	44	193	8	38	...	...	...	63	121	...	...	23	28	...
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum, Utica.	90	41	131	3	8	2	1	...	2	43	...	...	134	134	...
Susquehanna Valley Home and Industrial School for Indigent Children, Binghamton	10	102	112	1	1	...	...	...	...	7	72	...	60	40	100
Syracuse Home Association.	91	113	133	...	115	...	...	...	...	8	115	...	...	5	15

TABLE XXXV — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Number in the institution October 1, 1869.	Received during the year.	Total supported.	DISCHARGED.										REMAINING OCTOBER 1, 1870.				
				By adoption.	By indenture.	By writ of habeas corpus.	Returned to parents, guardians or friends.	Left without permis- sion.	Transferred to other institutions.	Sent out of the State.	Died.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
Thomas Asylum for Orphan and Destitute Indian Chil- dren, Versailles	84	27	111	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	1	8	12	...	...	53	46	99
Troy Orphan Asylum	85	40	125	...	3	...	28	...	...	...	1	1	33	...	...	49	43	92
Troy Roman Catholic Male Orphan Asylum	109	57	166	...	2	...	31	2	...	...	...	...	36	...	...	130	...	130
Union Home and School for the Education and Mainte- nance of Children of our Volunteers, New York	159	59	218	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	122	84	206
Utica Orphan Asylum	77	44	121	17	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	49	...	...	48	24	72
Total	9,544	11,935	21,479	399	518	29	7,426	305	938	164	497	10,296	105	812	5,264	5,032	11,193	

TABLE XXXVI.

List of Hospitals aided by the State during the year ending September 30th, 1870, with their location, date of organization, and the names of the resident officer and officers of the board of trustees, or managers.

INSTITUTIONS.	Organized in	Resident officer.	Officers of the board of trustees or managers.
Albany Hospital, corner Howard and Eagle streets, Albany.....	1849	James Alexander, superintendent Mrs. Susan Alexander, matron.....	President, Thomas W. Olcott. Secretary, Stephen Groesbeck. Treasurer, Vischer Ten Eyck.
Albany Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary, corner Howard and Eagle streets, Albany.....	1867	Geo. T. Stevens, physician in charge.....	The officers of the Albany hospital.
Asylum for Lying-in Women, No. 85 Marion street, New York city.....	1823	Charles S Ward, resident physician..... Mrs. Mary Hope, matron.....	President, Mrs. T. A. Emmet. Secretary, Mrs. Jos. H. Foster. Treasurer, Mrs. J. R. Nevins.
Brooklyn City Hospital, Raymond street, Brooklyn.....	1845	J. T. E. Nichols, superintendent.....	President, John Haslett. Secretary, Henry P. Morgan.
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital, No. 190 Washington street, Brooklyn..	1868	Charles Myers, superintendent..... David Webster, house surgeon.....	Treasurer, John J. Studwell. President, S. B. Chittenden. Secretary, S. B. Chittenden, Jr.
Buffalo General Hospital, No. 100 High street, Buffalo.....	1855	William C. Bagley, superintendent..... Mrs. William C. Bagley, matron.....	Treasurer, C. D. Wood. President, John B. Skinner. Secretary, William F. Miller.
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity, No. 818 Main street, Buffalo.	1848	Sister Ann Louise O'Connell, superioress.....	Treasurer, Sister Ann Louise O'Connell. Secretary, Sister Jane Francis Devin.
Home for Incurables, West Farms, Westchester county, N. Y.....	1866	Rev. Washington Rodman, superintendent...	Treasurer, Sister Alicia McHugh. President, Benjamin H. Field. Secretary, H. H. McLaren.
Long Island College Hospital, Henry street, Brooklyn.....	1858	William V. Bloors, superintendent.....	Treasurer, J. D. Vermilye. President, John J. Van Nosttrand. Secretary, William H. Osborne.
Marshall Infirmary, Troy.....	1851	Joseph D. Lomax, medical superintendent... John Harrison, steward.....	Treasurer, William H. Dudley. President, Jonas C. Heart.
Mount Sinai Hospital, No. 233 West Twenty-eighth st., New York city.	1852	Irene Harrison, matron..... Gabriel Schwarzbaum, superintendent..... Soligman Teller, resident physician.....	Secretary, George A. Stone. Treasurer, Alfred B. Nash. President, Emanuel B. Hart. Secretary, John M. Lawrence.
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, Second avenue, corner Thirteenth street, New York city.....	1831	John H Snyder, superintendent.....	Treasurer, Lewis May. President, Royal Phelps. Secretary, Charles M. Allen. Treasurer, Clinton Gilbert.

[Senate No. 70.]

TABLE XXXVI — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Organized in	Resident officer.	Officers of the board of trustees or managers.
New York Hospital for Treatment of Cancer, New York city	1868	Robert S. Newton, surgeon-in-chief	President, Alexander Wilder. Secretary, Thomas G. Fay. Treasurer, A. C. Rose.
New York Infirmary for Women and Children, No. 128 Second avenue, New York city . . . . .	....	Miss F. Blockwell, medical superintendent	President, Samuel Willette. Secretary, Mahlon Sands. Treasurer, Robert Haydock.
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, No. 187 Second avenue, New York city . . . . .	....	Mrs. D. A. Sackett, superintendent	President, Mrs. Richard B. Connelly. Secretary, Mrs. Frances Gray Blinn. Treasurer, Mrs. David Ely.
New York Ophthalmic Hospital, No. 387 Fourth avenue, New York city.	1863	J. W. Rock, apothecary	President, John M. Seaman. Secretary, Amos M. Chase, Jr. Treasurer, Cornelius C. Corson.
Providence Lunatic Asylum, Main street, Buffalo	1860	Sister Rosaline Brown, superioress	President, Sister Anne Louise O'Connell. Secretary, Sister Rosaline Brown. Treasurer, Sister Robertine Lanahan.
Rochester City Hospital, Buffalo street, Rochester . . . . .	....	Jonas Jones, medical superintendent	President, G. H. Mumford. Secretary, Edward M. Smith. Treasurer, Edward M. Smith.
St. Elizabeth's Hospital and Home, No. 120 Columbia street, Utica	1866	Mother Bernardina, superioress	President, Mother Bernardina. Secretary, Sister Clementina. Treasurer, Sister Frances.
St. Francis Asylum, No. 331 Pine street, Buffalo	1861	Mother Margarita Boli, superioress	President, Sister Mary Francis. Secretary, Sister Mary Francis. Treasurer, Sister Margarita Boli.
St. Francis Hospital, No. 605 Fifth street, New York city	1865	Sister Illuminata Strong, superioress	President, Sister Paula Nelleson. Secretary, Sister Catherine Muher. Treasurer, Sister Nothburga A. Hassler.
St. Mary's Female Hospital, No. 153 Clinton street, Brooklyn	1868	Sister Ameliana, superioress	President, Cornelius Dever. Secretary, William Tobin. Treasurer, P. F. O'Brien.
St. Mary's Hospital, West avenue, Rochester	1867	Sister Stella Mullan, superioress	President, Sister Stella Mullan. Secretary, Sister Mary Ann McCabe. Treasurer, Sister Beatrice Duffy.
St. Mary's Lying-in Hospital, No. 136 Edward street, Buffalo	1863	Sisters of charity	
St. Peter's Hospital, corner of Hicks and Congress streets, Brooklyn	1864	Sisters of St. Francis	

St. Vincent's Hospital, No. 195 West Eleventh street, New York city ...	1849	D. Edwin O'Neil, resident physician and surgeon	Director, Very Rev. William Starrs.
Thanksgiving Hospital, Elm street, Cooperstown	1867	Sister M. Lamentia, superioress Horace Lathrop, physician and surgeon	Chief Manager, Susan Fenimore Cooper. Secretary, Susan Fenimore Cooper. Treasurer, Henry Scott.
Troy Hospital, Eighth street, Troy	1849	Sister Stanislaus, superioress	President, Sister Cecelia Mattingly. Secretary, Sister Matilda Mahony. Treasurer, Sister Catherine Roche.
Woman's Hospital of the State of New York, corner Fifthleth street and Fourth avenue, New York city ...	1855	R. C. M. Page, house surgeon	President, James W. Beckman. Secretary, Clinton Gilbert. Treasurer, James Marsh.

TABLE XXXVII.

Showing the value of the property of Hospitals aided by the State, and their indebtedness September 30th, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Bonds, stocks and other securities.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS.		
					Real.	Personal.	Total.
Albany Hospital.....	\$48,000 00	\$5,000 00	\$39,775 60	\$93,775 00	.....	\$653 18	\$653 18
Albany Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary.....	25,000 00	1,000 00	31,000 00	57,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Asylum for Lying-in Women, New York.....	120,000 00	18,000 00	65,000 00	203,000 00	\$37,000 00	.....	27,000 00
Brooklyn City Hospital.....	18,239 77	.....	.....	18,239 77	6,000 00	.....	6,000 00
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital.....	58,539 40	14,649 91	12,188 90	85,338 21	10,000 00	8,083 13	18,083 13
Buffalo General Hospital.....	75,000 00	5,500 00	.....	80,500 00	.....	13,871 79	13,871 77
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity.....	11,187 00	2,500 00	38,000 00	51,687 00	.....	1,479 13	1,479 13
Home for Incurables, West Farms.....	70,000 00	8,000 00	.....	78,000 00	20,000 00	.....	20,000 00
Long Island College Hospital.....	80,000 00	12,000 00	.....	92,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Marshall Infirmary, Troy.....	83,355 28	3,153 04	65,000 00	151,508 32	.....	.....	.....
Mount Sinai Hospital, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	150 00	.....	700 00	700 00
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary.....	16,000 00	2,500 00	.....	18,500 00	.....	.....	.....
New York Hospital for Treatment of Cancer.....	45,000 00	5,000 00	.....	50,000 00	.....	.....	.....
New York Infirmary for Women and Children.....	.....	6,600 00	46,000 00	46,600 00	.....	.....	.....
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women.....	.....	2,000 00	.....	42,000 00	13,965 00	5,000 00	18,965 00
New York Ophthalmic Hospital.....	40,000 00	.....	.....	65,000 00	.....	.....	.....
Providence Laminic Asylum, Buffalo.....	60,000 00	3,500 00	1,500 00	65,000 00	13,369 62	1,785 04	15,154 66
Rochester City Hospital.....	15,500 00	1,000 00	303 10	16,803 10	19,500 00	500 00	20,000 00
St. Elizabeth Hospital and Home, Utica.....	58,000 00	6,638 00	.....	64,638 00	12,393 00	.....	12,393 00
St. Francis Asylum, Buffalo.....	90,000 00	10,000 00	.....	100,000 00	14,500 00	1,538 70	12,038 70
St. Mary's Female Hospital, Brooklyn.....	12,500 00	2,000 00	.....	14,500 00	8,000 00	20,044 18	28,044 18
St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester.....	205,000 00	25,000 00	.....	231,000 00	18,775 00	644 92	4,044 92
St. Mary's Lying-in Hospital, Buffalo.....	16,700 00	2,075 00	.....	18,775 00	3,400 00	3,000 00	18,000 00
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn.....	45,000 00	10,000 00	.....	55,000 00	15,000 00	4,636 99	6,736 99
St. Vincent's Hospital, New York.....	64,500 00	7,543 76	7,733 98	79,777 74	2,160 00	.....	.....
Thanksgiving Hospital, Cooperstown.....	5,000 00	1,000 00	2,500 00	8,500 00	8,000 00	4,000 00	12,000 00
Troy Hospital.....	80,000 00	3,000 00	.....	83,000 00	26,299 00	19,464 99	45,763 99
Woman's Hospital of the State of New York.....	200,000 00	10,000 00	10,500 00	220,500 00	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$1,553,511 45	\$161,809 71	\$309,440 98	\$2,024,762 14	\$195,598 62	\$85,402 05	\$280,998 67

TABLE XXXVIII.
Showing the receipts of Hospitals aided by the State, for the year ending September 30th, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand October 1st, 1869.	For interest and divi- dends on in- vestments.	From State, under chap. 857, Laws of 1869.	From appro- priations by board of su- pervisors.	From appro- priations by cities or vil- lages.	By donations and volun- tary contri- butions.	For treatment or support of patients.	From all other sources.	Total. receipts.
Albany Hospital.....	\$3,393 46	\$1,512 94	\$3,632 43	.....	\$2,003 00	\$290 04	\$8,564 38	\$3,500 00	\$32,913 25
Albany Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,763 56
Asylum for Lying-in Women, New York.....	2,680 35	1,983 21	5,000 00	.....	.....	1,091 00	.....	.....	71,817 64
Brooklyn City Hospital.....	471 28	3,420 00	3,283 10	\$4,000 00	.....	46,024 73	.....	14,808 53	16,932 76
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,819 76	1,103 00	.....	18,935 56
Buffalo General Hospital.....	34 79	573 94	4,358 36	.....	4,866 30	8,137 00	8,043 44	413 82	22,698 07
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity.....	.....	.....	4,057 98	.....	.....	8,464 63	4,635 36	5,520 01	34,993 31
Home for Incubables, West Farms.....	151 41	2,167 83	926 20	.....	.....	12,983 91	8,053 86	1,100 00	31,908 09
Long Island College Hospital.....	1,375 43	2,063 93	2,063 93	.....	4,000 00	611 45	13,073 00	1,672 83	31,575 75
Marshall Infirmary, Troy.....	263 08	2,910 10	2,910 10	13,701 33	8,552 36	280 00	8,909 88	.....	86,831 13
Mount Sinai Hospital, New York.....	2,764 25	3,140 61	3,138 72	.....	.....	68,325 55	.....	8,820 00	.....
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Hospital for Treatment of Can- cer.....	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	600 00	.....	.....	1,600 00
New York Infirmary for Women and Chil- dren.....	.....	.....	1,021 37	.....	.....	2,223 75	336 75	.....	10,065 83
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women.....	483 96	.....	.....	.....	15,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Ophthalmic Hospital.....	3,397 00	188 00	10,500 00	11,000 00	.....	1,000 00	950 00	1,035 00	28,000 00
Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo.....	344 85	287 50	38,686 40	.....	.....	105 00	.....	3,087 45	42,511 20
Rochester City Hospital.....	.....	.....	3,000 00	582 97	3,132 71	680 00	5,706 00	.....	9,968 97
Rochester Hospital and Home, Utica.....	121 17	103 00	4,436 06	910 03	.....	2,161 63	6,323 69	572 81	17,711 63
St. Elizabeth Asylum, Buffalo.....	39 79	.....	.....	.....	1,388 81	3,100 00	1,747 38	312 00	4,360 70
St. Francis Asylum, Buffalo.....	814 55	.....	3,530 85	.....	10,000 00	44,886 98	3,345 50	2,437 28	13,415 60
St. Mary's Female Hospital, Brooklyn.....	440 74	360 00	6,263 02	.....	.....	2,012 17	2,061 15	58 23	3,315 80
St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester.....	110 18	.....	8,683 00	1,363 00	5,793 37	3,734 55	17,442 05	4,504 05	41,620 10
St. Mary's Lying-in Hospital, Buffalo.....	30 00	.....	2,416 96	.....	.....	150 58	1,800 08	2,449 33	15,300 00
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn.....	.....	.....	7,500 00	3,000 00	10,000 00	3,921 49	14,658 11	.....	43,536 88
St. Vincent's Hospital, New York.....	1,411 60	923 72	6,168 80	.....	.....	1,025 83	350 25	3,452 96	3,022 00
Thanksgiving Hospital, Cooperstown.....	814 05	468 86	4,462 92	923 00	2,904 34	11,924 07	500 00	7,730 28	27,691 69
Troy Hospital.....	.....	399 00	3,410 10	.....	.....	13,092 91	12,456 31	29,902 37	73,760 50
Woman's Hospital of the State of N. Y. Total.....	\$19,079 94	\$15,438 66	\$147,192 90	\$35,479 33	\$67,567 79	\$252,700 63	\$119,832 09	\$80,886 04	\$747,657 43

TABLE XXXIX.
Showing the expenditures of Hospitals aided by the State, for the year ending September 30, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate—principal.	For indebtedness upon real estate—interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1869.	For salaries and compensation of surgeons, physicians, attendants and servants.	For medicines, surgical instruments & books.	For treatment of patients, and support of	For insurance and repairs and improvement of the building and premises.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total.	Cash on hand October 1, 1870.
Albany Hospital.			\$1,605 26	\$2,387 00	\$1,032 55		\$461 23	\$7,201 75	\$9,769 45	\$22,457 26	\$455 99
Albany Charitable Eye & Ear Infirmary.											
Asylum for Lying-in Women, N. Y.				760 00	31 30		325 67	5,000 00		6,116 97	4,659 59
Brooklyn City Hospital.				7,279 18	2,966 10		375 28	15,000 00	46,721 01	72,941 57	812 56
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital.											
Buffalo General Hospital.	\$12,229 77	\$319 25	3,300 25	3,965 87	897 95	\$5,555 40	1,813 93	2,500 00	3,860 43	18,332 65	191 52
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity.											
Home for Incubables, West Farms.			9,878 94	1,598 50	687 21	10,275 50	992 70	7,108 75	847 25	24,190 10	469 95
Long Island College Hospital.				4,747 12	892 00	10,935 49	183 94			23,523 36	546 40
Marshall Infirmary, Troy.		1,400 00		1,487 08	1,655 07		2,183 94		15,634 60	21,539 69	856 32
Mount Sinai Hospital, New York.				6,739 41	558 75	23,910 95	2,480 32			33,669 43	9,850 94
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary.				3,865 72	2,331 63	13,188 50	60,664 15			80,000 19	
New York Hospital for Treatment of Cancer.											
New York Infirmary for Women and Children.			700 00	800 00	71 18				357 38	1,928 56	
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women.				425 00	316 50		443 02		16,308 96	17,493 48	1,572 35
New York Ophthalmic Hospital.	9,000 00	726 00		2,714 00	946 00		3,112 00	38,000 00	2,593 00	19,000 00	9,000 00
Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo.		600 00	3,356 00	466 63	400 55	3,849 54	42 00		2,332 24	41,441 23	1,093 75
Rochester City Hospital.			1,603 40	1,050 00	200 00	10,871 46	500 00		300 00	9,565 94	119 00
St. Elizabeth Hosp. and Home, Utica.	977 00	323 01		2,257 63	945 69	2,085 35	393 46		659 23	16,050 71	1,690 01
St. Francis Asylum, Buffalo.	2,051 00	355 88		59 25	207 96	3,101 20	9,941 00	1,176 85	134 43	4,235 57	5 22
St. Francis Hospital, New York.	1,333 00	944 00			500 00	22,474 00	215 00		984 83	18,768 42	2,164 00
St. Mary's Female Hosp., Brooklyn.	2,010 00	902 15	14,717 07	253 55	224 83	2,047 89	3,064 86		536 75	4,232 03	1,093 86
St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester.			1,023 98	1,737 57	1,809 06	17,066 36	439 12		1,063 42	6,151 95	35 00
St. Mary's Lying-in Hosp., Buffalo.	9,500 00	140 00	500 00	432 53	1,135 03	3,186 29	60 00		3,865 00	15,375 31	1,444 23
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn.	19,840 00	1,138 09	793 87	1,833 31	1,275 03	12,603 66	831 92		3,900 00	22,154 80	1,331 89
St. Vincent's Hospital, New York.				453 00	95 00	1,134 41	410 26		3,690 12	2,694 69	426 31
Thanksgiving Hosp., Cooperstown.			5,000 00	700 00	857 00		7,351 74			27,691 69	
Troy Hospital.		342 95	12,480 85	4,601 25	702 53	13,680 66	6,366 15			32,713 01	5,216 14
Woman's Hosp. of the State of N. Y.	4,000 00										
Total	\$63,340 77	\$7,748 02	\$54,959 64	\$51,337 80	\$20,800 59	\$164,496 86	\$102,573 47	\$76,437 35	\$176,167 11	\$716,961 61	\$38,713 95

TABLE XL.
Showing the number of patients treated in the Hospitals, aided by the State, and the results, during the year ending September 30, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	No. of patients in the institution Oct. 1, 1869.	No. of patients received during the year.	Total under treatment.	No. of benevolent patients.	Total number of days the patients were supported.	DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR.					REMAIN'G OCT. 1, '70.	
						Recovered.	Improved.	Unimpr'd.	Died.	Total.	Males.	Females.
Albany Hospital.....	36	386	432	347	9,956	307	114	42	80	383	25	14
Albany Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Asylum for Lying-in Women, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn City Hospital.....	186	1,591	1,777	289	10,704	991	277	302	110	1,580	183	14
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital.....	6	95	101	101	1,799	30	60	5	34	95	3	3
Brooklyn General Hospital.....	25	474	499	461	18,807	280	80	24	61	418	70	11
Buffalo General Hospital.....	144	890	964	350	20,741	725	55	12	61	853	75	86
Buffalo Hospital of Sisters of Charity.....	34	25	59	19	5,244	3	7	3	10	23	15	21
Home for Incurables, West Farms.....	32	369	421	306	205	205	69	83	37	384	18	9
Long Island College Hospital.....	25	240	265	54	3,012	141	38	22	18	219	22	24
Marshall Infirmary, Troy.....	37	680	717	695	18,803	529	79	12	54	674	27	16
Mount Sinai Hospital, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Hospital for Treatment of Cancer†.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Infirmary for Women and Children.....	12	108	120	120	3,833	96	5	7	.....	110	.....	10
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women.....	.....	67	67	59	1,550	41	14	3	2	60	.....	7
New York Ophthalmic Hospital.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rochester City Hospital.....	30	72	102	20	3,607	45	13	3	2	63	4	35
St. Elizabeth Hospital and Home, Utica.....	92	374	466	376	25,770	243	62	19	46	369	40	57
St. Francis Asylum, Buffalo.....	14	59	73	32	4,288	22	21	3	8	54	10	9
St. Francis Hospital, New York.....	69	29	96	945	11,847	692	3	3	10	36	30	32
St. Mary's Female Hospital, Brooklyn.....	88	857	945	945	24,948	50	50	20	93	855	61	29
St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester.....	11	78	89	41	1,672	68	8	.....	3	79	.....	.....
St. Mary's Hospital, Buffalo.....	268	886	1,154	556	47,745	448	179	210	64	901	127	126
St. Mary's Lying-in Hospital.....	19	79	96	81	7,791	62	.....	.....	.....	62	.....	.....
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn.....	90	698	688	622	48,433	344	128	.....	91	863	47	36
St. Vincent's Hospital, New York.....	62	988	988	315	11,504	487	207	80	112	896	49	78
Thanksgiving Hospital, Cooperstown.....	8	15	23	12	2,840	9	2	.....	3	14	5	4
Troy Hospital.....	55	382	437	177	17,184	302	50	7	21	380	27	30
Woman's Hospital of the State of New York.....	19	153	202	53	.....	110	31	17	5	163	.....	39
Total.....	1,862	9,493	10,785	6,492	317,686	6,101	1,552	778	813	9,244	888	703
												1,541

* The statistics of the insane department are shown in Table VII.

† It is reported that eighty-four cases of cancer were treated during the year.

‡ The number of patients treated during the year was one thousand three hundred and sixteen, and the number of operations performed, one hundred and fifteen.

TABLE XXXIX.
Showing the expenditures of Hospitals aided by the State, for the year ending September 30, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	For indebtedness upon real estate—principal.	For indebtedness upon real estate—interest.	For other indebted- nesses existing October 1, 1869.	For salaries and compensation of surgeons, physi- cians, attendants and servants.	For medicines, surgical instru- ments & books.	For treatment of patients, and support of	For insurance and repairs and improvement of the building and premises.	For investment.	For all other pur- poses.	Total.	Cash on hand October 1, 1870.
Albany Hospital.....			\$1,605 36	\$2,387 00	\$1,032 55		\$461 23	\$7,201 75	\$9,769 45	\$22,457 36	\$455 99
Albany Charitable Eye & Ear Infirmary.....											
Asylum for Lying-in Women, N. Y.....				760 00	31 30		325 67	5,000 00		6,116 97	4,659 59
Brooklyn City Hospital.....				7,279 18	2,966 10		375 28	15,000 00	46,721 01	72,941 37	812 56
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital.....									3,680 43	16,110 30	191 52
Brooklyn General Hospital.....			3,300 25	3,965 87	897 95	\$5,555 40	1,913 93	2,500 00		18,332 65	
Buffalo Hospital of the Sisters of Charity.....			9,878 94	1,598 50	887 21	10,275 50	923 70	7,108 75	847 25	24,190 10	469 95
Home for Incubables, West Farms.....				4,747 12	932 00	10,935 49	1,183 94			23,693 36	546 40
Long Island College Hospital.....		1,400 00		1,487 08	1,655 07	23,910 95	2,480 32		15,634 60	31,539 69	856 32
Marshall Infirmary, Troy.....				6,739 41	558 75					83,639 43	6,850 94
Mount Sinai Hospital, New York.....				3,866 72	2,331 63	13,188 50	60,664 15			80,000 19	
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary.....											
New York Hospital for Treatment of Cancer.....			700 00	800 00	71 18				387 38	1,928 56	
New York Infirmary for Women and Children.....				435 00	316 50		443 02		16,308 96	17,493 48	1,573 35
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women.....	9,000 00	726 00		2,714 00	946 00		3,112 00	38,000 00	2,593 00	19,000 00	9,000 00
New York Ophthalmic Hospital.....				466 63	400 55	3,849 54	43 00		2,532 24	41,441 23	1,069 78
Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo.....		600 00	3,356 00	1,050 00	200 00	2,071 46	500 00		300 00	9,865 54	114 00
Rochester City Hospital.....			1,603 40	2,257 63	945 69	10,885 35	393 31		659 23	16,080 72	1,060 91
St. Elizabeth Hospital, and Home, Utica.....	977 00	323 00		59 25	223 03	2,101 20	934 46			4,235 57	5 22
St. Francis Asylum, Buffalo.....	1,383 00	944 00		730 00	207 96	22,474 00	9,941 00	1,176 85	934 83	18,768 42	2,164 00
St. Francis Asylum, New York.....				255 55	500 00	2,047 89	313 00		58,207 00	59,896 00	1,093 86
St. Mary's Female Hosp., Brooklyn.....	2,010 00	902 15	14,717 07	1,737 57	324 83	17,066 36	3,069 86		536 75	4,232 03	1,444 33
St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester.....	400 00	140 00	1,003 98	432 53	1,309 06	3,186 29	609 12		1,083 42	6,631 95	35 00
St. Mary's Lying-in Hosp., Buffalo.....	9,500 00		500 00	1,275 03	1,275 03	12,603 66	381 82		3,900 00	13,574 80	1,831 89
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn.....	19,840 00	1,138 09	798 87	1,893 31	1,228 63	12,603 66	831 82		3,690 12	42,374 80	436 31
St. Vincent's Hospital, New York.....				1,553 00	45 00	1,134 41	410 36			2,694 69	
Thanksgiving Hospital, Cooperstown.....	4,000 00	343 95	5,000 00	700 00	857 00	8,680 66	7,951 74			27,691 69	
Troy Hospital.....			12,480 85	4,601 25	702 53	13,680 66	6,366 15		32,713 01	70,544 45	5,216 74
Woman's Hosp. of the State of N. Y.....											
Total.....	\$62,340 77	\$7,748 02	\$54,959 64	\$51,337 80	\$20,800 59	\$164,496 86	\$102,573 47	\$76,437 35	\$176,167 11	\$716,961 61	\$38,718 95

TABLE XL.
Showing the number of patients treated in the Hospitals, aided by the State, and the results, during the year ending September 30, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	No. of patients in the institution Oct. 1, 1869.	No. of patients received during the year.	Total under treatment.	No. of bene- clary patients.	Total number of days the patients were supported.	DISCHARGED DURING THE YEAR.					REMAIN'G OCT. 1, 70.	
						Recovered.	Improved.	Unimpr'd.	Died.	Total.	Males.	Females.
Albany Hospital.....	36	386	432	347	9,956	207	114	42	80	383	95	14
Albany Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Asylum for Lying-in Women, New York.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brooklyn City Hospital.....	186	1,591	1,777	299	10,764	991	277	262	110	1,580	183	14
Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital.....	6	95	101	101	1,799	30	60	5	34	95	3	3
Buffalo General Hospital.....	25	474	499	461	18,907	280	80	24	61	418	70	11
Buffalo Hospital of Sisters of Charity.....	144	890	964	350	20,741	725	55	12	61	853	75	86
Home for Incubables, West Farms.....	34	25	59	19	5,244	3	7	3	10	23	15	21
Long Island College Hospital.....	32	369	421	306	205	69	69	83	37	394	18	9
Marshall Infirmary, Troy.....	25	240	265	54	3,012	141	38	22	18	219	23	24
Mount Sinai Hospital, New York.....	57	690	717	695	18,808	529	79	12	54	674	27	16
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New York Hospital for Treatment of Cancer†.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New York Infirmary for Women and Children.....	12	108	120	120	3,838	98	5	7	...	110	...	10
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women.....	...	67	67	59	1,550	41	14	3	2	60	...	7
New York Ophthalmic Hospital†.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Providence Lunatic Asylum, Buffalo.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rochester City Hospital.....	30	72	102	20	3,607	45	13	3	2	63	4	35
St. Elizabeth Hospital and Home, Utica.....	92	374	466	376	25,770	243	62	19	45	369	40	57
St. Francis Asylum, Buffalo.....	14	59	73	32	4,288	22	21	3	8	54	10	9
St. Francis Hospital, New York.....	69	29	98	945	11,847	39	3	4	10	36	30	32
St. Mary's Female Hospital, Brooklyn.....	88	857	945	945	24,948	692	50	20	93	855	61	29
St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester.....	11	78	89	41	1,672	68	8	...	3	79	...	10
St. Mary's Lying-in Hospital, Buffalo.....	268	886	1,154	556	47,745	448	179	210	64	901	127	126
St. Mary's Hospital, Rochester.....	19	79	98	61	7,791	62	128	...	...	62	...	36
St. Peter's Hospital, Brooklyn.....	90	696	632	48,433	344	344	207	80	91	863	47	78
St. Vincent's Hospital, New York.....	62	996	988	815	11,594	487	2	...	112	896	49	53
Thanksgiving Hospital, Cooperstown.....	8	15	23	12	2,840	9	2	...	3	14	5	4
Troy Hospital.....	55	383	437	177	17,184	302	50	7	21	380	27	30
Woman's Hospital of the State of New York.....	19	183	202	53	...	110	31	17	5	163	...	39
Total.....	1,362	9,493	10,785	6,492	317,688	6,101	1,552	778	813	9,244	888	708
												1,541

* The statistics of the insane department are shown in Table VII.

† It is reported that eighty-four cases of cancer were treated during the year.

‡ The number of patients treated during the year was one thousand three hundred and sixteen, and the number of operations performed, one hundred and fifteen.

TABLE XLI.

Dispensaries acted in the State, during the year ending September 30, 1870, with their location, date of organization, and the names of the resident officer, and officers of the board of trustees or managers.

INSTITUTIONS.	Organ-ized in	Resident officer.	Officers of the Board of trustees or managers.
Albany City Dispensary, No. 7 Plain street, Albany.....	1868	J. Smithwick, T. H. Mann, resident physicians.....	President, William Lacy. Secretary, L. W. Albee. Treasurer, Samuel M. Smith. The officers of the Albany Hospital. (See Table XXXVI.)
Albany Hospital Dispensary, Howard street, Albany.....	1868	.....	President, M. Bennett. Secretary, James R. McKee. Treasurer, John S. Mackay.
Food-street Homoeopathic Dispensary and Tompkins-square branch, New York city.....	1855	Otto Fulegraff, medical director.....	President, W. W. H. Shaw. Secretary, Robert S. Bushaw. Treasurer, John J. Stowell.
Brooklyn Central Dispensary, Flatbush avenue, Brooklyn.....	....	Thomas Wilde, house physician.....	President, Joshua P. Powers. Secretary, Horatio E. Firth.
Brooklyn City Dispensary, No. 7 Tillary street, Brooklyn.....	1846	W. H. Marchald, resident apothecary.....	Treasurer, D. E. Smith. President, Charles A. Townsend.
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary, No. 238 Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn.....	1866	L. B. Firth, house physician.....	Secretary, James R. McKee. Treasurer, John P. Atkinson.
Brooklyn Homoeopathic Dispensary, No. 136 Atlantic street, Brooklyn.....	1852	A. E. Sumner, medical director.....	President, James R. McKee. Treasurer, John P. Atkinson.
Buffalo City Dispensary, Buffalo.....	1847	.....	Secretary, James R. McKee. Treasurer, John P. Atkinson.
Buffalo Homoeopathic Dispensary, No. 260 Main street, Buffalo.....	1867	.....	Secretary, James R. McKee. Treasurer, John P. Atkinson.
Demilt Dispensary, No. 401 Second avenue, New York city.....	1851	Edward J. Darken, house physician; W. Wallace Nichols, apothecary.....	Treasurer, S. N. Callender. President, D. S. Bennett.
Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital, corner of Henry and Pacific streets, Brooklyn.....	1858	.....	Secretary, H. T. Appleby. Treasurer, Frederick E. Mather.
Dispensary of the New York Medical College and Hospi-tal for Women, No. 239 Twentieth st., New York city.....	1849	.....	President, Frederick E. Mather. Secretary, Joseph Gillatt. Treasurer, James C. Holden.
Dispensary of the Troy Hospital, Troy.....	1849	.....	The officers of the Long Island College Hospital. (See Table XXXVI.) The officers of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women. (See Table XXXVI.) The officers of the Troy Hospital. (See Table XXXVI.)

Eclectic Medical Dispensary, No. 223 East Twenty-sixth street, New York city	1886	.....	President, Alexander Wilder. Secretary, P. A. Morrow.
Eastern Dispensary, No. 57 Essex street, New York city ..	1883	.....	Treasurer, Charles P. Sykes. President, William P. Cooleedge. Secretary, Russell Raymond.
Gates Avenue Homeopathic Dispensary, junction of Gates and Fulton avenues, Brooklyn	1887	.....	Treasurer, Robert R. Crosby. President, Stewart L. Woodford. Secretary, Volney Aldridge.
German Dispensary, No. 8 Third street, New York city ..	1888	.....	Treasurer, John Simpkins. President, Godfrey Gunther. Secretary, Herman Althof.
Harlem Dispensary, Fourth avenue, between One Hundred and Twenty-fourth and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth streets, New York city	1898	.....	Treasurer, Emil Sauer. President, Samuel A. Hills. Secretary, William Calhoun.
Hoffman Dispensary, New York city .....	....	.....	Treasurer, William S. Carman. President, J. H. Williams. Secretary, H. F. Hatch.
Homeopathic Medical College Dispensary, No. 115 East Twentieth street, New York city	1890	.....	Treasurer, O. Frieble. Secretary, { Jacob Beakley. Treasurer, {
Infirmary (dispensary) of the New York College of Dentistry, New York city .....	....	.....	President, Stephen A. Main. Treasurer, Alex. W. Stein. President, D. F. Tieman.
Manhattanville Dispensary, Manhattanville, New York city ..	1893	.....	Treasurer, Robert O. Glover. Secretary, Charles F. Alvord. President, Stephen A. Spencer.
Metropolitan Homeopathic Dispensary, No. 54 Bleeker street, New York city	1898	.....	Treasurer, Allen N. Woolverton. Secretary, Frederick S. Gwyer. President, James F. De Peyster.
New York Dispensary, No. 137 Centre st., New York city ..	1790	.....	Treasurer, Robert B. Campbell. Secretary, David Colden Murray. President, William H. Fogg.
New York Homeopathic Dispensary, No. 109 West Thirty-fourth street, New York city	1890	.....	Treasurer, Wheeler H. Peckham. Secretary, John W. Bigelow. President, John M. Knox.
Northern Dispensary, corner Waverly Place and Christopher street, New York city	1887	.....	Treasurer, George C. Wetmore. President, John H. Riker. Secretary, E. S. Bates.
North-eastern Dispensary, No. 223 East Fifty-ninth street, New York city	1893	.....	Treasurer, George Whitefield. President, William Radde. Secretary, { F. Seeger. Treasurer, {
North-eastern Homeopathic Dispensary, No. 307 East Fifty-fifth street, New York city	1898	.....	President, A. M. Lyon. Secretary, Robert H. Brounne. Treasurer, John Hardy.
North-western Dispensary, corner Thirty-sixth street and Ninth avenue, New York city	1893	.....	.....
Orthopedic Dispensary, New York .....	....	.....	.....

The officers of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children. (See Table XXXVI.)

President, John M. Knox.
Secretary, L. Harsen Rhoades.
Treasurer, George C. Wetmore.
President, John H. Riker.
Secretary, E. S. Bates.
Treasurer, George Whitefield.
President, William Radde.
Secretary, { F. Seeger.
Treasurer, {

President, A. M. Lyon.
Secretary, Robert H. Brounne.
Treasurer, John Hardy.

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TABLE XLI—(Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Organized in	Resident officer.	Officers of the board of trustees or managers.
Poughkeepsie Homoeopathic Dispensary, No. 10 South Bridge street, Poughkeepsie.....	1866	H. N. Avery, chief physician ..	President, Abraham Willis. Secretary, H. N. Avery. Treasurer, H. N. Avery.
Western Dispensary for Women and Children, New York city .....	...	.....	.....
Western Homoeopathic Dispensary, No. 483 West Thirty-seventh street, New York city .....	...	H. Rickaby, medical superintendent.....	President, D. D. T. Marshall. Secretary, H. M. Hiccock. Treasurer, Charles Watrous.
Williamsburgh Dispensary, No. 131 Fourth street, Brooklyn, Eastern Division.....	1851	Hiram P. Hardcastle, apothecary	President, Samuel Groves. Secretary, H. H. Robertson.
Yorkville Dispensary, Third avenue, between Eighty-third and Eighty-fourth streets, New York city.....	1867	Benjamin Wilson, superintendent.....	Treasurer, John Broach. President, Levi Hart. Secretary, Michael Reid. Treasurer, Simon Seward.

TABLE XLII.
Showing the value of the property of Dispensaries aided by the State, and their indebtedness September 30th, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Bonds, stocks and other securities.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS.			Remarks.
					Real.	Personal.	Total.	
Albany City Dispensary .....	.....	\$350 00	.....	\$350 00	.....	.....	.....	Included with the Albany hospital. See Table XXXVII.
Albany Hospital Dispensary .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bond Street and Branch, Tompkins square .....	.....	2,070 00	.....	2,070 00	.....	.....	.....
Homeopathic Dispensary, New York .....	.....	300 00	.....	10,300 00	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	\$10,000 00	.....	.....	10,300 00	\$5,000 00	\$2,900 00	\$2,900 00	
Brooklyn City Dispensary	8,000 00	.....	\$7,100 00	10,300 00	.....	.....	.....
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary .....	.....	300 00	.....	13,500 00	.....	1,139 06	1,139 06	
Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary	12,000 00	1,500 00	.....	13,500 00	.....	538 42	538 42	
Buffalo City Dispensary .....	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	348 25	348 25	
Buffalo Homeopathic Dispensary .....	.....	140 00	.....	140 00	.....	.....	.....
Demit Dispensary, New York	35,000 00	1,300 00	25,000 00	61,300 00	.....	2,000 00	2,000 00	
Hospital of the Long Island College .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Included with the L. I. College hospital. See Table XXXVII.
Dispensary of the Troy Hospital .....	.....	2,000 00	.....	13,000 00	.....	.....	.....	Inc. with N. Y. M. Col. & Hos. for Women. See Table XXXVII.
Eclectic Medical Dispensary, New York	16,000 00	2,500 00	.....	23,000 00	14,000 00	.....	14,000 00	Included with the Troy hospital. See Table XXXVII.
Eastern Dispensary, New York .....	.....	2,500 00	20,500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gates Avenue Homeopathic Dispensary .....	.....	400 00	.....	400 00	.....	485 46	485 46	Included with the German hospital.
Brooklyn .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
German Dispensary, New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Harlem Dispensary .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hoffman Dispensary, New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homeopathic Medical College Dispensary, New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Included with the Homeopathic Medical College.
Infirmiry (Dispensary) of the New York College of Dentistry .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
College of Dentistry	7,000 00	100 00	.....	7,100 00	.....	.....	.....
Manhattanville Dispensary .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Manhattan Homeopathic Dispensary .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Dispensary	90,000 00	500 00	475 00	90,975 00	30,000 00	.....	20,000 00	Included with the New York Infirmary for Women and Children. See Table XXXVII.
New York Homeopathic Dispensary .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Infirmary Dispensary .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Northern Dispensary, New York	10,000 00	2,500 00	20,000 00	32,500 00	.....	500 00	500 00	
Northern Dispensary, New York .....	.....	250 00	2,309 85	2,559 85	.....	.....	.....
North-eastern Homeopathic Dispensary .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

TABLE XLII — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Bonds, stocks and other securities.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS.			Remarks.
					Real.	Personal.	Total.	
North-western Dispensary, New York	\$80,000 00	\$1,000 00	.....	\$81,000 00	\$57,000 00	.....	\$57,000 00	
Orthopedic Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Homoeopathic Dispensary	.....	200 00	.....	200 00	.....	\$341 07	341 07	
Western Dispensary for Women and Children, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western Homoeopathic Dispensary, New York	.....	100 00	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....
Williamsburgh Dispensary	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	875 29	875 29	
Yorkville Dispensary	.....	800 00	.....	800 00	.....	285 00	285 00	
Total	\$368,000 00	\$18,110 00	\$75,384 86	\$361,494 86	\$77,000 00	\$9,322 55	\$86,322 55	

TABLE XLIII.
Showing the receipts of Dispensaries aided by the State, for the year ending September 30, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1869.	For interest and dividends on investments.	From State under ch. 897, Laws of 1869.	From appropriations by board of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities or villages.	By donations and voluntary contributions.	From all other sources.	Total receipts.
Albany City Dispensary	\$149 00	.....	\$700 00	.....	.....	\$463 00	\$235 00	\$1,538 00
Albany Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00
Bond Street and Branch (Tompkins sq.) Homoeopathic Dispensary, N. Y.	640 55	.....	2,500 00	.....	\$4,000 00	670 00	.....	7,810 55
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	408 58	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00	2,379 20	3,125 50	6,913 28
Brooklyn City Dispensary	979 51	\$539 40	700 00	.....	1,000 00	413 00	.....	3,631 91
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	.....	.....	500 00	\$1,000 00	.....	123 50	176 24	1,808 84
Brooklyn Homoeopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	500 00	.....	1,000 00	50 00	460 00	2,010 00
Buffalo City Dispensary	.....	70 00	500 00	.....	.....	.....	48 08	618 08
Buffalo Homoeopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 00
Denbith Dispensary, New York	.....	1,683 78	1,000 00	.....	1,500 00	1,264 65	4,450 00	10,351 21
Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital	453 78	.....	500 00	.....	1,000 30	.....	2,666 75	4,166 75
Dispensary of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Troy Hospital	.....	.....	3,500 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	5,709 67
Eclectic Medical Dispensary, New York	2,209 67	1,447 12	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	430 00	2,660 46	6,697 37
Eastern Dispensary, New York	159 79	.....	600 00	.....	.....	280 00	.....	600 00
Gates Avenue Homoeopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	153 00	13 24	2,367 41
German Dispensary, New York	201 17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hoffman Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	596 50	2,596 50
Homoeopathic Medical College Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Infirmary (dispensary) of the New York College of Dentistry	1,375 89	100 24	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	2,476 13
Manhattanville Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Homoeopathic Dispensary, New York	30 74	2,763 94	2,000 00	.....	1,000 00	5,275 25	3,509 75	12,833 69
New York Dispensary	1,176 60	.....	.....	.....	2,000 00	.....	.....	4,583 60
New York Homoeopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	500 00	.....	.....	1,383 48	465 55	6,108 72
New York Infirmary Dispensary	1,347 89	1,409 80	500 00	.....	1,000 00	459 15	.....	4,042 23
Northern Dispensary, New York	85 08	.....	500 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	179 55	5,883 75	11,100 00
North-eastern Homoeopathic Dispensary, New York	3,154 20	.....	.....	.....	6,000 00	600 00	4,500 00	11,100 00
North-western Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orthopedic Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	188 00	72 00	1,000 00
Poughkeepsie Homoeopathic Dispensary	800 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western Dispensary for Women and Children	197 74	.....	1,350 00	500 00	.....	580 00	156 00	2,733 74
Western Homoeopathic Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	1,750 00	.....	1,000 00	191 49	.....	3,941 49
Williamsburgh Dispensary	100 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	812 00	.....	2,912 00
Yorkville Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$13,470 19	\$8,003 28	\$20,600 00	\$3,500 00	\$29,000 00	\$16,180 27	\$38,425 17	\$114,148 91

TABLE XLII—(Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Bonds, stocks and other securities.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS.			Remarks.
					Real.	Personal.	Total.	
North-western Dispensary, New York ..	\$30,000 00	\$1,000 00	.....	\$31,000 00	\$37,000 00	.....	\$37,000 00	
Orthopedic Dispensary, New York ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Homeopathic Dispensary.	.....	200 00	.....	200 00	.....	\$341 07	841 07	
Western Dispensary for Women and Children, New York ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western Homeopathic Dispensary, New York ..	.....	100 00	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....
Williamburgh Dispensary ..	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	875 39	875 39	
Yorkville Dispensary ..	.....	800 00	.....	800 00	.....	385 00	385 00	
Total	\$368,000 00	\$18,110 00	\$75,384 85	\$361,494 85	\$77,000 00	\$9,392 55	\$86,392 55	

TABLE XLIII.
Showing the receipts of Dispensaries aided by the State, for the year ending September 30, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1869.	For interest and dividends on investments.	From State under ch. 87, Laws of 1869.	From appropriations by board of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities or villages.	By donations by voluntary contributions.	From all other sources.	Total receipts.
Albany City Dispensary	\$149 00	.....	\$700 00	.....	.....	\$463 00	\$225 00	\$1,538 00
Albany Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00
Bond Street and Branch (Tompkins sq.) Homoeopathic Dispensary, N. Y.	640 55	.....	2,500 00	.....	\$4,000 00	670 00	.....	7,810 55
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	408 58	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00	2,373 20	3,125 50	6,913 28
Brooklyn City Dispensary	979 51	\$339 40	700 00	.....	1,000 00	418 00	.....	3,931 21
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	.....	.....	500 00	\$1,000 00	.....	123 50	176 34	2,003 84
Brooklyn Homoeopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	500 00	.....	1,000 00	50 00	400 00	2,000 00
Buffalo City Dispensary	.....	70 00	500 00	.....	.....	.....	40 08	570 08
Buffalo Homoeopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 00
Denilth Dispensary, New York	453 78	1,632 78	1,000 00	.....	1,500 00	1,264 65	4,450 00	10,321 21
Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital	.....	.....	500 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	2,660 75	4,160 75
Dispensary of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Troy Hospital	2,909 67	.....	3,500 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	5,709 67
Eclectic Medical Dispensary, New York	159 79	1,447 12	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	430 00	2,660 46	6,697 37
Eastern Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	600 00	.....	.....	280 00	.....	880 00
Gates Avenue Homoeopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00
German Dispensary, New York	201 17	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	163 00	13 24	2,367 41
Harlem Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hoffman Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	596 50	2,596 50
Homoeopathic Medical College Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Infirmary (dispensary) of the New York College of Dentistry	1,375 89	100 34	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	2,476 13
Manhattanville Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Homoeopathic Dispensary, New York	30 74	2,763 94	2,000 00	.....	1,000 00	5,278 25	8,809 75	12,839 69
New York Dispensary	1,178 60	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00	4,384 00	.....	4,562 60
New York Homoeopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Infirmity Dispensary	1,347 89	1,409 80	500 00	.....	1,000 00	1,383 48	465 55	6,105 72
Northern Dispensary, New York	83 08	.....	500 00	2,000 00	1,000 00	459 15	.....	4,049 23
North-eastern Dispensary, New York	8,164 20	.....	500 00	.....	2,500 00	179 55	.....	5,983 75
North-western Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,000 00	600 00	4,500 00	11,100 00
Orthopedic Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Homoeopathic Dispensary	800 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	188 00	72 00	1,060 00
Western Dispensary for Women and Children, New York	197 74	.....	1,350 00	500 00	.....	590 00	156 00	2,793 74
Western Homoeopathic Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	750 00	.....	1,000 00	191 48	.....	1,941 48
Williamsburgh Dispensary	100 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	812 00	.....	2,912 00
Yorkville Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$13,470 19	\$8,003 28	\$30,600 00	\$3,500 00	\$29,000 00	\$16,180 27	\$28,425 17	\$114,148 91

TABLE XLII — (Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Real estate.	Personal property.	Bonds, stocks and other securities.	Total.	INDEBTEDNESS.			Remarks.
					Real.	Personal.	Total.	
North-western Dispensary, New York...	\$80,000 00	\$1,000 00	.....	\$81,000 00	\$87,000 00	.....	\$87,000 00	
Orthopaedic Dispensary, New York...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Homeopathic Dispensary.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western Dispensary for Women and Children, New York.	.....	200 00	.....	200 00	.....	\$341 07	341 07	
Western Homeopathic Dispensary, New York.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Williamsburgh Dispensary.	.....	100 00	.....	100 00	.....	.....	.....
Yorkville Dispensary.	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	875 29	875 29	
.....	.....	800 00	.....	800 00	.....	285 00	285 00	
Total	\$368,000 00	\$18,110 00	\$75,364 85	\$861,494 85	\$77,000 00	\$9,892 55	\$86,892 55	

TABLE XLIII.
Showing the receipts of Dispensaries aided by the State, for the year ending September 30, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	Cash on hand Oct. 1, 1869.	For interest and dividends on investments.	From State under ch. 87, Laws of 1869.	From appropriations by board of supervisors.	From appropriations by cities or villages.	By donations by voluntary contributions.	From all other sources.	Total receipts.
Albany City Dispensary	\$149 00	.....	700 00	.....	.....	\$463 00	\$225 00	\$1,538 00
Albany Hospital Dispensary	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00
Bond Street and Branch (Tompkins sq.) Homoeopathic Dispensary, N.Y.	640 55	.....	2,500 00	.....	\$4,000 00	670 00	.....	7,810 55
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	408 58	.....	.....	.....	1,000 00	2,379 20	3,125 50	6,913 28
Brooklyn City Dispensary	979 51	\$635 40	700 00	.....	1,000 00	413 00	.....	3,631 91
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	.....	.....	500 00	\$1,000 00	.....	122 50	178 34	1,908 84
Brooklyn Homoeopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	500 00	.....	.....	50 00	460 00	2,010 00
Buffalo City Dispensary	.....	70 00	500 00	.....	.....	.....	48 08	618 08
Buffalo Homoeopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	500 00
Dentist Dispensary, New York	.....	1,633 78	1,000 00	.....	1,500 00	1,264 65	4,450 00	10,851 21
Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital	453 79	.....	500 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	2,668 75	4,166 75
Dispensary of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women	.....	.....	500 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Troy Hospital	.....	.....	3,500 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	5,709 67
Eclectic Medical Dispensary, New York	2,309 67	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	430 00	2,660 46	6,697 37
Eastern Dispensary, New York	159 79	1,447 12	.....	.....	.....	230 00	.....	230 00
Gates Avenue Homoeopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	.....	.....	600 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	600 00
German Dispensary, New York	201 17	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	153 00	13 24	2,367 41
Harlem Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hoffman Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	506 50	2,506 50
Homoeopathic Medical College Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Infirmity (dispensary) of the New York College of Dentistry	1,375 89	100 34	.....	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	2,476 13
Manhattanville Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Homoeopathic Dispensary, New York	30 74	2,763 94	.....	.....	1,000 00	5,278 25	3,809 75	13,832 68
New York Dispensary	1,178 60	.....	2,000 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	.....	4,563 60
New York Homoeopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York Infirmity Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Northern Dispensary, New York	1,347 89	1,409 80	500 00	.....	1,000 00	1,383 48	465 55	6,106 73
Northern Dispensary, New York	83 08	.....	500 00	.....	1,000 00	1,459 15	.....	4,049 23
North-eastern Homoeopathic Dispensary, New York	8,164 20	.....	500 00	2,000 00	2,500 00	179 55	.....	5,833 75
North-western Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,000 00	600 00	4,500 00	11,100 00
Orthopedic Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Homoeopathic Dispensary	800 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	168 00	72 00	1,080 00
Western Dispensary for Women and Children, New York	107 74	.....	1,350 00	500 00	.....	520 00	156 00	3,733 74
Western Homoeopathic Dispensary, New York	.....	.....	750 00	.....	1,000 00	191 49	.....	1,941 49
Williamsburgh Dispensary	100 00	.....	1,000 00	.....	1,000 00	812 00	.....	2,912 00
Yorkville Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	\$13,470 19	\$3,003 28	\$20,600 00	\$3,500 00	\$29,000 00	\$16,180 27	\$23,425 17	\$114,148 91

TABLE XLIV.

Showing the expenditures of Dispensaries aided by the State, during the year ending September 30th, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	For real estate, principal.	For indebtedness upon real estate, interest.	For other indebtedness existing October 1, 1869.	For salaries & compensation of surgeons, physicians, attendants and servants.	For medicines and surgical instruments, and books.	For treatment and support of patients.	For insurance and repair of the buildings and premises.	For investment.	For all other purposes.	Total.	Cash on hand October 1, 1870.
Albany City Dispensary.	\$480 00	\$759 00	.....	.....	.....	\$925 00	\$1,464 00	\$72 00
Albany Hospital Dispensary.	1,075 00	1,075 00	.....
Bond Street and Branch, Tompkins Square, Homeopathic Dispensary, New York.	1,811 42	.....	\$1,986 62	\$1,394 35	.....	2,063 50	7,225 79	864 76
Brooklyn Central Dispensary.	775 00	622 97	.....	120 92	.....	1,076 53	5,892 42	1,030 86
Brooklyn City Dispensary.	\$21 00	.....	1,035 00	713 92	.....	27 00	.....	729 90	2,535 82	1,036 09
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary.	\$564 85	10 00	484 01	.....	.....	.....	771 40	1,880 26	.....
Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary.	480 00	1,064 89	.....	20 00	.....	263 62	1,968 51	141 49
Buffalo City Dispensary.	330 00	.....	.....	.....	3 00	333 00	1,138 88
Buffalo Homeopathic Dispensary.	392 56	.....	300 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	692 56	.....
Demilt Dispensary, New York.	4,049 76	3,570 58	.....	1,942 75	.....	.....	9,563 12	798 09
Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital.	600 00	1,589 76	.....	350 00	.....	1,686 99	4,166 75	.....
Dispensary of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women.
Dispensary of the Troy Hospital.
Eclectic Medical Dispensary, New York.	2,016 81	775 00	492 18	.....	73 35	.....	89 47	3,436 81	2,372 60
Eastern Dispensary, New York.	3,709 01	.....	921 19	11 35	.....	588 63	5,230 08	1,467 39
Gates Avenue Homeopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn.	485 46	500 00	176 44	.....	.....	.....	200 82	1,962 72	.....
German Dispensary.	650 11	165 93	.....	.....	.....	600 00	600 00	.....
Harlem Dispensary.	404 20	2,290 24	147 17
Hoffman Dispensary, New York.	\$1,000 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Homeopathic Medical College Dispensary, New York.	1,450 00	250 00	.....	25 00	.....	806 00	2,531 00	65 60
Infirmary (Dispensary) of the New York College of Dentistry.
Manhattanville Dispensary.
Metropolitan Homeopathic Dispensary, New York.	7 48	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

New York Dispensary.....	1,403 89	.....	4,861 80	3,843 05	.....	1,186 01	.....	1,430 41	12,724 66	158 02
New York Homeopathic Dispensary.....	.....	.....	1,740 55	720 07	.....	.....	.....	1,211 82	3,672 44	890 16
New York Infirmary Dispensary.....	.....	.....	3,186 00	6 75	.....	203 45	.....	541 68	5,164 95	921 77
Northern Dispensary, New York.....	.....	247 07	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North-eastern Dispensary, New York.....	.....	.....	1,677 81	558 61	.....	1,778 18	.....	137 26	4,141 86	.....
North-eastern Homeopathic Dispensary, New York.....	.....	.....	1,273 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,706 13	2,978 13	2,855 62
North-western Dispensary, New York.....	2,000 00	.....	2,060 00	1,000 00	.....	2,000 00	.....	90 00	8,900 00	2,300 00
Orthopedic Dispensary, New York.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Homeopathic Dispensary.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western Dispensary for Women and Children, New York.....	.....	341 07	350 60	220 40	.....	.....	.....	106 64	1,106 11	.....
Western Homeopathic Dispensary, New York.....	.....	.....	1,275 74	.....	.....	.....	.....	710 25	1,995 99	737 75
Williamsburgh Dispensary.....	.....	.....	984 00	454 84	.....	296 78	.....	149 77	1,926 30	15 19
Yorkville Dispensary.....	.....	.....	450 00	1,141 16	.....	.....	.....	462 00	2,238 16	573 84
Total.....	\$5,206 00	\$4,371 73	\$34,202 70	\$18,492 04	\$2,857 81	\$9,430 97	\$2,000 00	\$17,190 02	\$96,586 16	\$19,775 41

TABLE XLV.
Showing the number of persons treated by the Dispensaries receiving State aid, during the year ending Sept. 30, 1870.

INSTITUTIONS.	NUMBER OF PERSONS TREATED.			Number of prescriptions.	Number of visits made.	Number of persons vaccinated.
	At the dispensary.	At their homes.	Total.			
Albany City Dispensary	1,200	400	1,600	7,554	3,091	18
Albany Hospital Dispensary	1,042	.....	1,042	74,368	8,490	.....
Bond Street and Branch, Tompkins Square Homeopathic Dispensary, New York	31,732	.....	31,732	8,273	.....	206
Brooklyn Central Dispensary	3,770	.....	3,770	12,855	.....	311
Brooklyn City Dispensary	6,255	.....	6,255	83,320	.....	750
Brooklyn Eclectic Dispensary	15,314	493	15,707	8,665	.....	.....
Brooklyn Homeopathic Dispensary	8,665	.....	8,665	1,400	.....	.....
Buffalo City Dispensary	.....	1,400	1,400	4,578	400	10
Buffalo Homeopathic Dispensary	1,800	175	1,975	53,935	23,000	2,495
Demit Dispensary, New York	23,565	4,600	27,165	12,734	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Long Island College Hospital	7,692	.....	7,692	8,100	1,500	.....
Dispensary of the New York Medical College and Hospital for Women	1,850	400	2,250	.....	.....	.....
Dispensary of the Troy Hospital	300	.....	300	4,765	.....	.....
Eclectic Medical Dispensary, New York	2,469	157	2,566	43,032	7,752	5,733
Eastern Dispensary, New York	21,216	3,756	24,972	2,191	37	6
Gates Avenue Homeopathic Dispensary, Brooklyn	1,267	30	1,297	94,577	639	.....
German Dispensary, New York	15,515	.....	15,515	2,630	.....	132
Harlem Dispensary	2,750	132	2,883	18,548	2,187	132
Hofmann Dispensary, New York	4,710	951	5,661	1,000	170	79
Homeopathic Medical College Dispensary, New York	.....	95	560	78,103	.....	1,373
Infirmiry (Dispensary) of the New York College of Dentistry	485	.....	485	85,764	4,651	1,660
Manhattanville Dispensary	.....	5,545	34,573	.....	.....	.....
Metropolitan Homeopathic Dispensary, New York	29,028	.....	10,371	6,018	.....	.....
New York Dispensary	10,371	.....	2,855	13,783	5,192	596
New York Homeopathic Dispensary	.....	.....	8,128	46,254	708	103
Northern Dispensary, New York	15,839	.....	2,848	21,258	4,697	.....
North-eastern Dispensary, New York	10,654	.....	1,190	4,070	150	78
North-eastern Homeopathic Dispensary, New York	1,454	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
North-western Dispensary, New York	13,631	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orthopedic Dispensary, New York	.....	150	1,340	.....	.....	.....
Poughkeepsie Homeopathic Dispensary	1,190	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Western Dispensary for Women and Children, New York	5,894	868	6,762	14,038	4,494	163
Western Homeopathic Dispensary, New York	8,180	.....	8,180	11,515	.....	1,694
Williamsburgh Dispensary	2,283	411	2,693	7,744	.....	74
Yorkville Dispensary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total	254,923	29,119	284,047	260,237	67,264	15,809

TABLE XLVI.

List of Charity Week-day Schools aided by the State, for the year ending September 30th, 1870, with their location, number of scholars instructed, whole attendance and the amount received by each.

[Furnished by the State Comptroller.]

INSTITUTIONS.	Location.	Number of scholars instructed.	Whole number of days' attendance.	Amount received from the State.
Academy of the Assumption	Utica	468	92,378	\$937 58
Academy of the Sacred Heart	Albany	190	108,912	100 32
American Female Guardian Society (schools) ..	New York	4,407	211,453	2,146 18
Assumption School	Brooklyn	1,104	136,800	1,888 40
Brooklyn Children's Aid Society	Brooklyn	465	26,750	271 40
Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children	Brooklyn	414	40,411	401 11
Cathedral Female Charity School	Albany	107	20,865	211 65
Cathedral Male Charity School	Albany	270	48,398	491 13
Children's Aid Society (Schools)	New York	6,594	475,000	4,821 25
Children's Friend Society (Industrial Schools) ..	Albany	312	24,364	247 24
Children's Fold	New York	937	9,000	91 35
Church of the Holy Innocents	Annandale	60	8,500	86 20
Convent of Mercy, Charity School	Brooklyn	472	60,000	609 00
Convent of Notre Dame De Victories	Ogdensburg	124	12,000	121 80
Day Home	Troy	262	21,000	213 15
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Orphan Home (Schools)	Buffalo	41	8,840	99 60
Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Congregation ..	St. Johnsbury	124	14,000	142 10
Female Academy of the Sacred Heart (Charity School)	Manhattanville	359	24,742	251 02
Five Points House of Industry	New York	1,080	150,000	1,522 50
First Evangelical Lutheran Trinity School	Buffalo	263	26,000	265 40
German American School	New York	235	60,616	615 16
German Evangelical Lutheran School	West Seneca	140	18,000	182 70
Hebrew Free Schools, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4	New York	749	110,000	1,116 50
Holy Angel's School	Buffalo	147	21,822	221 37
Holy Cross School	Albany	289	59,297	601 82
Holy Cross School	New York	206	7,000	91 05
Home for the Friendless (School)	Newburgh	51	9,696	98 31
Immaculate Conception School	Buffalo	76	10,899	110 49
Immaculate Conception School	New York	1,878	290,000	2,233 00
Jefferson County Orphan Asylum (School)	Watertown	61	9,636	97 75
Mount Prospect Industrial School	Brooklyn	72	15,000	153 25
Most Holy Redeemer Schools	New York	2,009	300,000	3,045 00
New York Juvenile Guardian Society	New York	591	65,465	664 40
Nursery and Child's Hospital (Schools)	New York	120	15,675	156 00
Ontario Orphan Asylum (School)	Canandaigua	83	10,264	105 84
Oswego Orphan Asylum (School)	Oswego	89	18,003	182 73
Our Lady of Sorrow (School)	New York	892	100,000	1,015 00
Our Lady of Mercy (School)	Port Chester	325	35,917	364 42
Patriot Orphan Home (School)	Flushing	140	40,000	406 00
Rochester Benevolent Scientific and Industrial School of the Sisters of Mercy	Rochester	154	20,900	212 00
Rochester Industrial School	Rochester	270	31,842	323 07
Rochester Orphan Asylum (School)	Rochester	129	11,140	113 05
School of the Annunciation	Brooklyn	304	60,800	617 00
School for Idle and Truant Children	Rochester	119	17,000	172 55
School of the Sisters of St. Dominick	New York	525	160,000	1,624 00
St. Ann's School	New York	223	53,000	334 95
St. Bernard's School	Cohoes	746	74,000	751 10
St. Bridget's School	Buffalo	426	42,022	426 52
St. Bridget's Parochial Free School	New York	1,945	210,000	2,131 50
St. Catharine's School	Auburn	420	53,687	575 13
St. Columba's School	New York	990	140,000	1,421 00
St. Francis De Sales School	Oswego	174	22,000	223 30
St. Francis Xavier's Schools (Male and Female) ..	New York	1,182	130,000	1,319 50
St. Gabriel Male and Female Schools	New York	2,096	310,000	3,146 50
St. James' Parochial School	New York	1,537	210,000	2,131 50
St. John's Catholic Female School	Albany	318	46,095	467 85
St. John's Charity Male School	Albany	360	79,587	807 12
St. John's Female Charity School	Utica	453	91,136	925 00
Carried forward		39,405	4,636,016	\$43,692 76

TABLE XLVI—(Concluded).

INSTITUTIONS.	Location.	Number of scholars instructed.	Whole number of days' attendance.	Amount received from the State.
Brought forward		89,405	4,686,016	\$43,692 76
St. John's School	Goshen	143	29,000	294 35
St. John's School	Greenbush	140	30,531	218 31
St. Joseph's Academy School	Lockport	140	23,846	241 91
St. Joseph's Asylum School	Syracuse	62	12,980	131 00
St. Joseph's Day Home	Troy	117	20,000	203 00
St. Joseph's Female Parochial School	New York	300	59,500	608 85
St. Joseph's Parochial School	Buffalo	393	33,408	339 05
St. Joseph's Parochial School	Troy	67	20,000	213 00
St. Joseph's Male Parochial School	New York	450	53,000	589 15
St. Joseph's School	Albany	270	45,000	456 75
St. Joseph's School	Buffalo	302	45,294	453 99
St. Joseph's School	Schenectady	173	31,833	322 88
St. Lawrence Church Charity School	New York	490	20,000	203 00
St. Louis Roman Catholic School	Buffalo	123	17,737	180 42
St. Matthew's School	New Rochelle	206	34,544	350 54
St. Mary's Female Institute	New York	1,594	150,000	1,522 50
St. Mary's Female School	Rondout	388	61,835	627 85
St. Mary's Free School	Albany	164	28,950	293 70
St. Mary's Male School	New York	955	140,000	1,421 00
St. Mary's Male School	Rondout	223	39,634	402 28
St. Mary's Orphan Asylum and Academy	Canandaigua	114	34,000	340 25
St. Mary's Parochial School	Niagara Falls	120	10,171	103 23
St. Mary's School	Buffalo	161	23,032	233 77
St. Mary's School	Clifton	454	100,000	1,015 00
St. Mary's School	Dunkirk	447	69,127	701 62
St. Mary's School	Oswego	450	86,000	862 75
St. Patrick's Christian Brothers Academy Society	Rochester	199	36,000	365 40
St. Patrick's Female Charity School	Rochester	144	20,646	209 40
St. Patrick's Parochial School	Albany	180	8,000	98 02
St. Patrick's Parochial School	Utica	180	27,360	277 58
St. Patrick's School	Buffalo	450	72,000	731 25
St. Patrick's School	Newburgh	580	100,000	1,015 00
St. Patrick's School	New York	803	120,000	1,218 00
St. Patrick's School	West Troy	323	83,985	852 30
St. Paul's Lutheran Charity School	Wollettsburgh	76	10,000	101 50
St. Peter's Academy School	Brooklyn	540	100,000	1,015 00
St. Peter's and Paul's Parochial School	Brooklyn	350	52,000	527 80
St. Peter's and Paul's School	Elmira	510	50,832	515 82
St. Peter's Charity School	New York	1,100	96,707	981 42
St. Peter's Charity School	Poughkeepsie	832	110,000	1,116 15
St. Peter's Charity School	Plattsburgh	691	71,037	720 97
St. Peter's School	Rome	376	49,187	499 22
St. Peter's School	Saratoga Springs	298	35,000	355 25
St. Peter's School	Troy	1,476	103,000	1,045 45
St. Raymond's School	Westchester	132	23,000	233 45
St. Rose of Lina School	New York	300	30,000	304 50
St. Teresa School	New York	641	95,644	970 69
St. Thomas School (Convent of Mercy)	Batavia	843	54,800	556 10
St. Vincent's Asylum (School)	Buffalo	148	18,492	197 77
St. Vincent's Charity School	Troy	420	70,317	713 67
St. Vincent's Day School	Syracuse	111	20,000	203 00
St. Vincent's Female Orphan Asylum (School)	Albany	107	24,215	245 75
St. Vincent's Male Orphan Asylum (School)	Albany	180	19,933	192 03
St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum (School)	Utica	131	29,388	298 23
Transfiguration Schools	New York	1,448	175,000	1,776 25
Troy Catholic Male Orphan Asylum (School)	Troy	424	47,248	479 53
Union Home and School	New York	240	82,260	834 90
Utica Orphan Asylum (School)	Utica	150	15,552	157 77
Van Buren Street School	Brooklyn	46	14,142	143 52
Total		61,402	7,382,096	\$75,000 00

